



## DECISION

*Fair Work Act 2009*

s.185 - Application for approval of a single-enterprise agreement

**Dawson and Zollner Pty Ltd**

(AG2013/1443)

### WOODFIELD ENGINEERING ENTERPRISE AGREEMENT 2013

Manufacturing and associated industries

COMMISSIONER SIMPSON

BRISBANE, 20 JUNE 2013

*Application for approval of the Woodfield Engineering Enterprise Agreement 2013.*

[1] An application has been made for approval of an enterprise agreement known as the *Woodfield Engineering Enterprise Agreement 2013* (the Agreement). The application was made pursuant to s.185 of the *Fair Work Act 2009* (the Act). It has been made by Dawson and Zollner Pty Ltd. The Agreement is a single-enterprise agreement.

[2] I am satisfied that each of the requirements of ss 186, 187 and 188 as are relevant to this application for approval have been met.

[3] The Agreement is approved. In accordance with s.54(1) it will operate from 27 June 2013. The nominal expiry date of the Agreement is 19 June 2017.

COMMISSIONER

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SINGLE ENTERPRISE AGREEMENT



FOR LODGEMENT WITH FAIR WORK COMMISSION

*Fair Work Act 2009 – Chapter 2, Part 2-4*

**DAWSON & ZOLLNER PTY LTD TRADING AS WOODFIELD ENGINEERING**

(ACN 091 022 847)

(ABN 34 091 022 847)

AND

**EMPLOYEES OF DAWSON & ZOLLNER PTY LTD**

*(FWC No. AG2013/.....)*

**WOODFIELD ENGINEERING ENTERPRISE AGREEMENT 2013**

LODGEMENT OFFICER: Jae Lundstrom

Receipt Date: .....

THIS AGREEMENT, made under section 172 of the *Fair Work Act 2009* on \_\_\_\_\_ 2013, between Dawson & Zollner Pty Ltd and the Employees of Dawson & Zollner Pty Ltd, witnesses that the parties mutually agree as follows

**PART 1 - PRELIMINARY**

**1.1 TITLE**

This Single Enterprise Agreement shall be known as the Woodfield Engineering Enterprise Agreement 2013 (*“the Agreement”*), which replaces Woodfield Engineering Collective Agreement 2007, Agreement ID AC310466 (WPA/Old ID CAEN073679728).

## 1.2 ARRANGEMENT

Subject Matter Clause No.

### Part 1 - PRELIMINARY

Title	1.1
Arrangement	1.2
Parties Bound and Coverage	1.3
Operative Date and Duration	1.4
Access to the Enterprise Agreement (EA) and NES	1.5
Award Relationship and Coverage	1.6
Woodfields Purpose and Objectives	1.7
Consultation to Achieve Flexibility	1.8
Consultation over Major Change	1.9
Other Employment and Conflicts of Interest	1.10
Letter of Offer of Employment	1.11
Individual Flexibility Arrangements	1.12
Workplace Arrangements – Remuneration Options	1.13

### Part 2- TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT

Engagement	2.1
Probationary Period	2.2
Dispute Resolution Procedure	2.3
Termination of Employment	2.4
Termination of Employment by Employee	2.5
Redundancy	2.6
Abandonment of Employment	2.7
Work Allocation – Employee Assignment Form	2.8
Job Rotation and Multi-skilling	2.9
Training and Education	2.10
Stand Down Provisions	2.11
Payment of Remuneration	2.12
Extra Rates Not Cumulative	2.13

### Part 3 – DEFINITION, CLASSIFICATIONS, REMUNERATION AND SUPERANNUATION

Definitions	3.1
Grade Descriptors and Classifications Structure Descriptors	3.2
Remuneration	3.3
Apprenticeships	3.4
Superannuation	3.5
Allowances	3.6
Payment of Wages	3.7
Wage Increases during the Life of the Agreement	3.8

#### PART 4 - ENGINEERING, MANUFACTURING AND FABRICATION STREAM

Ordinary Hours of Work and Rostering	4.1
Special Provisions for Shiftworkers	4.2
Meal Breaks	4.3
Overtime	4.4
Public Holidays	4.5

#### Part 5 - MINING INDUSTRY STREAM

Ordinary Hours of Work	5.1
Maximum Weekly Hours	5.2
Overtime and Penalty Rates	5.3
Rosters	5.4
Breaks	5.5
Shiftwork	5.6
Public Holidays	5.7

#### PART 6 - BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION STREAM

Ordinary Hours of Work	6.1
Shiftwork	6.2
Meal Breaks	6.3
Overtime	6.4
Penalty Rates	6.5
Public Holidays	6.6

#### Part 7 – PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES STREAM

Ordinary hours of Work and Rostering	7.1
Professional Engineers Under This Agreement	7.2
Notification of Conditions of Employment and Responsibility	7.3
Evidence of Qualifications	7.4
Professional Development	7.5
Public Holidays	7.6

#### Part 8 – CLERICAL / ADMINISTRATION – SUPPORT AND SITE

Ordinary Hours of Work (other than Shiftworkers)	8.1
Breaks	8.2
Overtime Rates and Penalties (other than Shiftworkers)	8.3
Shiftwork (Clerical/Admin)	8.4
Public Holidays	8.5

Part 9 - LEAVE

Annual Leave	9.1
Personal / Carer's Leave / Compassionate leave	9.2
Parental Leave	9.3
Community Service Leave	9.4
Long Service Leave	9.5

Part 10 - MISCELLANEOUS

Obligations to the Employer	10.1
Drug and Alcohol Testing	10.2

Part 11 - DECLARATIONS AND SIGNATORIES

Signatories	11.1
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### 1.3 PARTIES BOUND AND COVERAGE

1.3.1 This Agreement shall be binding on the "Parties" being,

(a) **The Employer**, namely:

- (i) Dawson & Zollner Pty Ltd: Trading as Woodfield Engineering
- 323 Bayswater Road, Garbutt (Townsville) Queensland 4814;
  - ABN 34 091 022 847 and ACN 091 022 847

(hereinafter referred to as the "*Employer*" or "*the Company*" or "Woodfield Engineering or Woodfield")

AND

(b) **The Employees** of:

- (i) Dawson & Zollner Pty Ltd: Trading as Woodfield Engineering
- 323 Bayswater Road, Garbutt (Townsville) Queensland 4814;
  - ABN 34 091 022 847 and ACN 091 022 847

(hereinafter referred to as the "*Employees*")

1.3.2 This Agreement shall be binding on all Employees classified within this Agreement.

1.3.3 Where the term "Parties" is used in this Agreement it refers to the Parties identified in this clause.

### 1.4 OPERATIVE DATE AND DURATION

1.4.1 In accordance with section 54 of the *Fair Work Act 2009*, this Agreement shall commence operation from the date being seven (7) days after the Notice of Approval issued by Fair Work Commission (FWC) stating this Agreement has passed the Better Off Overall Test (BOOT), the nominal expiry date for this Agreement shall be the date being four (4) years from the approval as stated in the Notice.

### 1.5 ACCESS TO THE ENTERPRISE AGREEMENT AND THE NATIONAL EMPLOYMENT STANDARDS

1.5.1 The Employer must ensure that copies of this Agreement and the NES are available to all Employees to whom the Agreement/NES applies either on a noticeboard which is conveniently located at or near the workplace or through electronic means, whichever makes the Agreement/NES more accessible.

## **1.6 AWARD RELATIONSHIP AND COVERAGE**

1.6.1 This Agreement will extinguish the following Modern Awards, (excepting for Classification Descriptors in clause 3.2.7 which references the relevant Award Schedules – Classifications and specific Allowances in clause 3.6 of this Agreement):-

- (a) Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010]
- (b) Mining Industry Award 2010 [MA000011];
- (c) Building and Construction General On-Site Award 2010 [MA000020]
- (d) Professional Employees Award 2010 [MA000065]; and
- (e) Clerks – Private Sector Award 2010 [MA000002].

1.6.2 Unless otherwise specified in this Agreement, it is the intention of the Parties to this Agreement that the terms and conditions contained in this Agreement will replace all terms and conditions of any applicable Modern Award (stated or otherwise), Industrial Agreement or Industrial Instrument or any variations thereto that purports to apply to all or any Employees of the Employer.

1.6.3 This Agreement covers Dawson & Zollner Pty Ltd, throughout Australia:

- in the manufacturing and associated industries and occupations industry;
- in the mining industry;
- in the on-site building, engineering and civil construction industry;
- in the professional engineering and professional scientific duties; and
- engaged wholly or principally in clerical work, including administrative duties;

in respect of work by its Employees engaged in the classifications in this Agreement and classifications and minimum wage rates contained in this Agreement.

## **1.7 WOODFIELD ENGINEERING PURPOSE AND OBJECTIVES**

1.7.1 Purpose

The Employer will effectively, competitively, safely and profitably meet the needs of Client and associated entities, through the delivery of products and services.

1.7.2 Practices

- Customer focus
- Empowerment of our people
- Team work and integration
- Celebrating success and learning quickly from our mistakes
- Solution finding not problem seeking
- Responsive and decisive action
- Ethical business is good business

### 1.7.3 Principles

- Above all, the Employer values its customers and its ability to understand and fulfill customer needs;
- The Employer's business practices will reflect its commitment to enhancing value for our owners;
- In delivering the Employer's products and services to its customers, the Employer will respect natural resources, cultural diversity and the changing needs and aspirations of society.

### 1.7.4 Our People

As the Employer's future as a company rests squarely on the knowledge, imagination, skills, integrity and team work of its people, the Employer is fully committed to all Employees' wellbeing and development.

The Employer will strive to hire and retain the best people, by providing an exciting and rewarding place to work.

To meet its customers' needs, the Employer must ensure that its Employees' skills and competencies receive appropriate updating and improvement. When appropriate, the Employer will provide, and the Employees' will undertake, training and skill acquirement.

## 1.8 CONSULTATION TO ACHIEVE FLEXIBILITY

1.8.1 The Parties to this Agreement are committed to maximising the effectiveness of the Employer's business by ensuring that flexibility is maximised for the benefit of all. Specific measures to ensure that this occurs include:-

- (a) open communication to assist in the identification of obstacles to superior service and operation;
- (b) measures to monitor the effectiveness of this Agreement and its operation;
- (c) the Parties to this Agreement agree that open communication is the ability for the Employee and the Employer to speak without fear of retribution.



## **1.9 CONSULTATION OVER MAJOR CHANGE**

1.9.1 This term applies if:

- (a) the Employer has made a definite decision to introduce a major change to production, program, organisation, structure, or technology in relation to its enterprise; and
- (b) the change is likely to have a significant effect on Employees of the enterprise.

1.9.2 The Employer must notify the relevant Employees of the decision to introduce the major change.

1.9.3 The relevant Employees may appoint a representative for the purposes of the procedures in this term.

1.9.4 If:

- (a) A relevant Employee appoints, or relevant Employees appoint, a representative for the purposes of consultation; and
- (b) The Employee or Employees advise the Employer of the identity of the representative;

the Employer must recognise the representative.

1.9.5 As soon as practicable after making its decision, the Employer must:

- (a) Discuss with the relevant Employees:
  - (i) The introduction of the change; and
  - (ii) The effect the change is likely to have on the Employees; and
  - (iii) Measures the Employer is taking to avert or mitigate the adverse effect of the change on the Employees; and
- (b) For the purposes of the discussion – provide, in writing, to the relevant Employees:
  - (i) All relevant information about the change including the nature of the change proposed; and
  - (ii) Information about the expected effects of the change on the Employees; and
  - (iii) Any other matters likely to affect the Employees.

1.9.6 However, the Employer is not required to disclose confidential or commercially sensitive information to the relevant Employees.

1.9.7 The Employer must give prompt and genuine consideration to matters raised about the major change by the relevant Employees.

- 1.9.8 If a term in this Enterprise Agreement provides for a major change to production, program, organisation, structure or technology in relation to the enterprise of the Employer, the requirements set out in subclauses (1.9.2), (1.9.3) and (1.9.5) are taken not to apply.
- 1.9.9 In this term, a major change is **likely to have significant effect on Employees** if it results in:
- (a) The termination of the employment of Employees; or
  - (b) Major change to the composition, operation or size of the Employer's workforce or to the skills required of Employees; or
  - (c) The elimination or diminution of job opportunities (including opportunities for promotion or tenure); or
  - (d) The alteration of hours of work; or
  - (e) The need to retrain Employees; or
  - (f) The need to relocate Employees to another workplace; or
  - (g) The restructuring of jobs.
- 1.9.10 In this term, **relevant Employees** means the Employees who may be affected by the major change.

## **1.10 OTHER EMPLOYMENT AND CONFLICTS OF INTEREST**

- 1.10.1 The Employee must not set up or engage in private business or undertake other employment in direct or indirect competition with the Employer using knowledge or materials gained during the course of employment under this Agreement.

## **1.11 LETTER OF OFFER OF EMPLOYMENT**

- 1.11.1 The Parties to this Agreement acknowledge that this Agreement is to be read in conjunction with the Letter of Offer of Employment issued in accordance clause 2.1 of this Agreement

## **1.12 INDIVIDUAL FLEXIBILITY ARRANGEMENTS**

- 1.12.1 The Employer and an Employee may agree to make an individual flexibility arrangement to vary the effect of terms of the Agreement if:
- (a) The arrangement deals with 1 or more of the following matters:
    - (i) arrangements about when work is performed;
    - (ii) overtime rates;
    - (iii) penalty rates;
    - (iv) allowances;
    - (v) leave loading; and

- (b) The arrangement meets the genuine needs of the Employer and the Employee in relation to 1 or more of the matters mentioned in paragraph (a); and
- (c) The arrangement is genuinely agreed to by the Employer and the Employee.

1.12.2 The Employer must ensure that the terms of the individual flexibility arrangement:

- (a) are about permitted matters under section 172 of the *Fair Work Act 2009*; and
- (b) are not unlawful terms under section 194 of the *Fair Work Act 2009*; and
- (c) result in the Employee being better off overall than the Employee would be if no arrangement was made.

1.12.3 The Employer must ensure that the individual flexibility arrangement:

- (a) Is in writing; and
- (b) Includes the name of the CEO and the Employee; and
- (c) Is signed by the CEO and Employee, or if the Employee is under 18 years of age signed by a parent or guardian of the Employee; and
- (d) Includes details of:
  - (i) the terms of this Agreement that will be varied by the arrangement; and
  - (ii) how the arrangement will vary the effect of the terms; and
  - (iii) how the Employee will be better off overall in relation to the terms and conditions of his or her employment as a result of the arrangement; and
  - (iv) states the day on which the arrangement commences.

1.12.4 The Employer must give the Employee a copy of the individual flexibility arrangement within 14 days after it is agreed to.

1.12.5 The Employer or Employee may terminate the individual flexibility arrangement:

- (a) by giving no more than 28 days written notice to the other party to the arrangement; or
- (b) if the Employer and the Employee agree in writing – at any time.

### **1.13 WORKPLACE ARRANGEMENTS – REMUNERATION OPTIONS**

1.13.1 The Parties to this Agreement are committed to flexible work practices to meet the requirements of the Employer and the Client.

1.13.2 The Employer, at its discretion, may determine what workplace arrangements should apply. Workplace arrangements may vary from job to job.

1.13.3 The workplace arrangement will determine the hours of work or the roster, detailing days to be worked, commencement times, breaks and ceasing times.

1.13.4 The Employer, and the Employee/s may mutually agree on the way in which the Employee will be remunerated in satisfaction of the terms of this Agreement, remuneration arrangements include:

- (a) Agreement Terms (ordinary rate plus all applicable penalties, overtime and relevant allowances; or
- (b) Aggregate Annualised Salary; or
- (c) A Loaded Rate plus Specified Penalties; or
- (d) All Inclusive Flat rate paid as Hourly or Daily or Weekly or Fortnightly or Monthly; or
- (e) Any combination of (a) or (b) or (c) or (d) as determined by the Employer.

1.13.5 Where a remuneration arrangement, clause 1.13.4(a) to (d), is paid, the Employer must advise the Employee in writing of the amount that is payable and which of the provisions of this Agreement will be satisfied by way of remuneration arrangement.

1.13.6 Remuneration Arrangement not to Disadvantage Employees

- (a) The amount paid under the remuneration arrangement must be no less than the amount the Employee would have received under this Agreement for the work performed over the specified period for which the remuneration arrangement is paid (or if the employment ceases earlier over such lesser period as has been worked).
- (b) The amount paid under the remuneration arrangement of the Employee must be reviewed by the Employer at least annually to ensure that the compensation is appropriate having regard to the Agreement provisions which are satisfied by the payment of the amount under the remuneration arrangement. The Employee may request a pay reconciliation between the terms of this Agreement and the remuneration arrangement, on an annual basis or at termination.

### 1.13.7 Base Rate of Pay for Employees on Remuneration Arrangements

- (a) For the purposes of the NES, the base rate of pay of an Employee receiving a payment under the remuneration arrangement in accordance with this clause comprises the portion of the pay equivalent to the relevant rate of pay in clause 3.3 of this Agreement and excludes any incentive-based payments, bonuses, loadings, monetary allowances, overtime and penalties.

## **PART 2 - TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT**

### **2.1 ENGAGEMENT**

2.1.1 Employees may be engaged on a Full Time or Part Time or Fixed Term/Task or Casual basis provided that the nature of the employment contract is specified at the time of engagement.

2.1.2 In relation to engagement, the Employer must provide in writing to the Employee (excepting a Casual Employee), the following:-

- (a) a position description;
- (b) the status of the position, whether it is Full Time or Part Time or Fixed Term / Fixed Task or Casual Employment;
- (c) the remuneration arrangement in accordance with clause 1.13 and the rates of pay as calculated by the Employer in accordance with this Agreement,
- (d) access to a copy of this Agreement;
- (e) any other terms and conditions of employment relevant to the position; and
- (f) the terms of the probationary period in accordance with this Agreement.

#### **2.1.3 Full time Employment**

- (a) A full-time Employee is an Employee who is engaged to work an average of 38 ordinary hours per week averaged over a period of twenty-six (26) weeks.

#### **2.1.4 Part Time Employment**

- (a) A part-time Employee is an Employee who:
  - (i) is engaged to work an average of fewer than 38 ordinary hours per week; and
  - (ii) receives, on a pro rata basis, equivalent pay and conditions to those of full-time Employees who do the same kind of work.
- (b) For each ordinary hour worked, a part-time Employee will be paid no less than 1/38th of the minimum weekly rate of pay for the relevant classification in clause 3.3 of this Agreement.
- (c) The Employer must inform a part-time Employee of the ordinary hours of work and starting and finishing times. All time worked in excess of these hours will be paid at the appropriate overtime rate.
- (d) Other than Mining Industry Employees and Professional Employees the minimum rostered hours for a part-time Employee will be three (3) hours on any shift.

### 2.1.5 Fixed Term / Fixed Task Employment

- (a) A Fixed Term Employee or a Fixed Task Employee may be either Full Time Employee (clause 2.1.3) or a Part Time Employee (clause 2.1.4) as determined by the Employer provided that the “term” has a commencement date and a ceasing date or the “task” is specified to advise the Fixed Task Employee that the “task” ceases at the completion of the “task”.
- (b) A Fixed Term Employee or a Fixed Task Employee can have no expectation of continuing employment. A Fixed Task Employee is not entitled to period of notice at termination.

### 2.1.6 Casual Employment

- (a) A casual Employee is one engaged and paid as such. A casual Employee’s ordinary hours of work are the lesser of an average of 38 hours per week or the hours required to be worked by the Employer.
- (b) For each hour worked, a casual Employee will be paid no less than 1/38th of the minimum weekly rate of pay for their classification in clause 3.3, plus a casual loading of 25%. The loading constitutes part of the casual Employee’s all purpose rate.
- (c) The casual loading is paid instead of annual leave, personal/carer’s leave, notice of termination, redundancy benefits and the other attributes of full-time or part-time employment.
- (d) Other than Mining Industry Employees and Professional Employees, Casual Employees are entitled to a minimum payment of:
  - (i) Engineering, Manufacturing and Fabrication Stream three (3) hours;
  - (ii) Building and Construction Stream four (4) hours;
  - (iii) Clerical and Site Support Stream three (3) hours,work at the appropriate rate.
- (e) In relation to engagement for a Casual Employee, the Employer must provide the following:-
  - (i) an Employee Assignment Form (EAF); and
  - (ii) the pay arrangement and the rates of pay as determined by the Employer in accordance with this Agreement,
  - (iii) access to a copy of this Agreement.

## **2.2 PROBATIONARY PERIOD**

2.2.1 All new Employees (excepting Casual Employees) will be subject to a probationary period of six (6) months, during which time termination of employment may be effected by either party giving one (1) weeks notice or payment/forfeiture in lieu. The requirement for one (1) weeks notice or payment/forfeiture in lieu shall not apply in the case of summary dismissal for serious or gross misconduct.

## **2.3 DISPUTE RESOLUTION PROCEDURE**

2.3.1 The Parties agree to undertake all necessary steps to ensure that any grievance, dispute or matter likely to create a dispute will be dealt with promptly and resolved wherever possible by consultation, mediation, conciliation or arbitration. In the case of a grievance and/or a dispute, relating to:

- (a) a matter arising under the Agreement; or
- (b) the National Employment Standards;

the Parties agree to implement and adhere to the following procedure as outlined in the subclauses below:-

2.3.2 At all stages of the dispute resolution process the Employee will have the right to be represented by a person of the Employee's choice and the Employee may raise any issue/s either directly with the Employer or through the Employee's representative. At all stages, the Employee will have the right to have the person in attendance, as either the Employee's representative or as a witness/support person or in attendance in the capacity as both a representative and witness/support person.

### **Resolving dispute at workplace level**

2.3.3 The parties to a dispute must genuinely attempt to resolve the dispute at the workplace level. Note: This may involve an affected Employee first discussing the matter in dispute with his or her supervisor, then with more senior management.

### **Where dispute cannot be resolved at workplace level**

2.3.4 If discussions at the workplace level do not resolve the dispute, a party to the dispute may refer the matter to Fair Work Commission.

2.3.5 Fair Work Commission may deal with the dispute in 2 stages.

- (a) Fair Work Commission will first attempt to resolve the dispute as it considers appropriate, including by mediation, conciliation, expressing an opinion or making a recommendation, and
- (b) If Fair Work Commission is unable to resolve the dispute at the first stage, Fair Work Commission may then:
  - (i) arbitrate the dispute; and



- (ii) make a determination that is binding on the parties.

*Note : If Fair Work Commission arbitrates the dispute, it may also use the powers that are available to it under the Act.*

2.3.6 A decision that Fair Work Commission makes when arbitrating a dispute is a decision for the purpose of Div 3 of Part 5.1 of the Act. Therefore, an appeal may be made against the decision:

- (a) provided that any outcome determined by the Fair Work Commission (or a third party) cannot be inconsistent with the National Code of Practice for the Construction Industry (and Guidelines) or inconsistent with legislative obligations.

2.3.7 While the parties are trying to resolve the dispute using the procedures in this term:

- (a) An Employee must continue to perform his or her work as he or she would normally unless he or she has a reasonable concern about an imminent risk to his or her health or safety; and
- (b) An Employee must comply with a direction given by the Employer to perform other available work at the same workplace, or at another workplace, unless:
  - (i) the work is not safe; or
  - (ii) applicable occupational health and safety legislation would not permit the work to be performed; or
  - (iii) the work is not appropriate for the Employee to perform; or
  - (iv) there are other reasonable grounds for the Employee to refuse to comply with the direction.

2.3.8 The parties to the dispute agree to be bound by a decision made by Fair Work Commission in accordance with this term.

## **2.4 TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT**

2.4.1 Notice of termination of employment by either the Employer or the Employee must be in accordance with the *Fair Work Act 2009*.

2.4.2 The Employer will, in the event of termination of employment, provide upon request, to the Employee who has been terminated, a written statement specifying the period of employment and the classification or type of work performed by the Employee.

### **2.4.3 Termination of Employment by the Employer-**

- (a) In order to terminate the employment of an Employee, the Employer shall give the following notice:-

Period of Continuous Service

Period of Notice

Casual Employee only

1 day

Employee during the probation period (first six months) or less than one (1) year	1 week
1 year and up to the completion of 3 years	2 weeks
3 years and up to the completion of 5 years	3 weeks
5 years and over	4 weeks

- (b) Excepting a Casual Employee, in addition to the notice in (a) above, Employees over 45 years of age at the time of giving notice and with not less than two years' continuous service, will be entitled to an additional one (1) weeks notice.
- (c) Payment in lieu of notice must be made if the appropriate notice is not given. The employment may be terminated by part of the period of notice specified and part payment in lieu thereof.
- (d) In calculating any payment in lieu of notice the minimum compensation payable to an Employee will be at least the total of the amounts the Employer would have been liable to pay the Employee if the Employee's employment had continued until the end of the required notice period. The total must be worked out on the basis of:
- (i) the ordinary working hours to be worked by the Employee; and
  - (ii) the amounts payable to the Employee for the hours including for example allowances, loadings and penalties; and
  - (iii) any other amounts payable under any specific agreement between the Employer and the Employee
- (e) The period of notice in these clauses (a) to (d) will not apply in the case of dismissal for serious or gross misconduct or other grounds that justify instant dismissal or in the case of a casual Employee, or an Employee engaged by the hour or day, or an Employee engaged for a specific period or tasks.

#### **2.4.4 Job Search Entitlement**

- (a) Where the Employer has given notice of termination to an Employee, an Employee must be allowed up to one day's time off without loss of pay for the purpose of seeking other employment. The time off is to be taken at times that are convenient to the Employee after consultation with the Employer.

#### **2.4.5 Serious or Gross Misconduct**

- (a) In instances of serious or gross misconduct, the Employer may terminate the Employee summarily and in accordance with the *Fair Work Act 2009*.

Serious or gross misconduct includes, but is not limited to:-

- Stealing, fraud, assault or other criminal behaviour;

- Driving/controlling a heavy vehicle/equipment with a Blood Alcohol Level greater than zero;
- The Employee being intoxicated at work or being drunk or under the influence of drugs;
- Misuse or wilful neglect of plant and equipment;
- Sexual harassment and other offensive or harassing behaviour;
- Not carrying out health and safety obligations.
- Conduct by the Employee that causes imminent and serious risk to—
  - (i) a person’s health or safety; or
  - (ii) the reputation, viability or profitability of the Employer’s business;
- Wilful or deliberate behaviour by the Employees that is inconsistent with the continuation of the employment contact;
- The Employee refusing to carry out a lawful and reasonable instruction that is consistent with the employment contract.;

**2.5 TERMINATION OF EMPLOYMENT BY THE EMPLOYEE:-**

- (a) The notice of termination required to be given by an Employee will be the same as that required of the Employer [refer to the subclause 2.5.3(a) of this clause headed “*Termination of Employment by the Employer*”], save and except that there will be no additional notice based on the age of the Employee concerned.
- (b) If an Employee fails to give notice, the Employer will have the right to withhold monies due to the Employee with the maximum amount equal to the relevant time rate for the period of notice.

**2.6 REDUNDANCY**

2.6.1 Where the Employer makes a decision regarding major change under clause 1.9 of this Agreement and the decision leads to loss of position/s, then this Redundancy clause 2.6 shall apply.

2.6.2 Redundancy entitlements will only be paid in accordance with an entitlement to redundancy payments as provided by the National Employment Standards (NES) and in accordance with this clause where the terms of this clause are more beneficial to the Employee.

2.6.3 Where there is an entitlement to Redundancy Pay in accordance with the NES (s119 *Fair Work Act 2009*), this table shall prevail

- (a) Transitional provisions that cease to operate on 31 December 2014:

**Redundancy pay period**

**Employee’s period of continuous service with the Employer on termination**

**Redundancy pay period**

At least 1 year but less than 2 years	4 weeks
At least 2 years but less than 3 years	6 weeks
At least 3 years but less than 4 years	7 weeks
At least 4 years but less than 5 years	8 weeks
At least 5 years but less than 6 years	10 weeks
At least 6 years but less than 7 years	11 weeks
At least 7 years but less than 8 years	13 weeks
At least 8 years but less than 9 years	14 weeks
At least 9 years but less than 10 years	16 weeks
At least 10 years	16 weeks

(b) Redundancy Pay Provisions which operate from 1 January 2015:

**Redundancy pay period**

<b>Employee's period of continuous service with the Employer on termination</b>	<b>Redundancy pay period</b>
At least 1 year but less than 2 years	4 weeks
At least 2 years but less than 3 years	6 weeks
At least 3 years but less than 4 years	7 weeks
At least 4 years but less than 5 years	8 weeks
At least 5 years but less than 6 years	10 weeks
At least 6 years but less than 7 years	11 weeks
At least 7 years but less than 8 years	13 weeks
At least 8 years but less than 9 years	14 weeks
At least 9 years but less than 10 years	16 weeks
At least 10 years	12 weeks

**2.6.4 Transfer to Lower Paid Duties**

(a) Where an Employee is transferred to lower paid duties by reason of redundancy, the same period of notice must be given as the Employee would have been entitled to if the employment had been terminated and the Employer may, at the Employer's option, make payment instead of an amount equal to the difference between the former ordinary time rate of pay and the ordinary time rate of pay for the number of weeks of notice still owing

**2.6.5 Employee Leaving during Notice Period**

(a) An Employee given notice of termination in circumstances of redundancy may terminate their employment during the period of notice. The Employee is entitled to receive the benefits and payments they would have received under this clause had they remained in employment until the expiry of the notice, but is not entitled to payment instead of notice.

### **2.6.6 Job Search Entitlement**

- (a) An Employee given notice of termination in circumstances of redundancy must be allowed up to one day's time off without loss of pay during the notice period for the purpose of seeking other employment.
- (b) If the Employee has been allowed paid leave for more than one day during the notice period for the purpose of seeking other employment, the Employee must, at the request of the Employer, produce proof of attendance at an interview or they will not be entitled to payment for the time absent. For this purpose a statutory declaration will be sufficient.
- (c) This entitlement applies instead of clause 2.5.4.

### **2.6.7 Other Redundancy Arrangements**

- (a) Where the Employer at its discretion, contributes to the Building Employees Redundancy Trust (B.E.R.T.) and provided that the maximum contribution is \$55.00 per week per nominated Employee, then clause 2.6.3 does not apply.

## **2.7 ABANDONMENT OF EMPLOYMENT**

- (a) Where the Employee fails to attend work and the Employee does not notify the Employer of the non-attendance, the Employer must make at least two (2) attempts to locate the Employee to establish the Employee's whereabouts or employment intentions. Each attempt made by the Employer to contact the Employee must be documented and such attempts must be made within a period of three (3) days.
- (b) Where the Employer has not located the Employee after a period of three (3) days and where the Employee has not notified the Employer, the Employee will be deemed to have abandoned his/her employment and any monies owing will be forwarded to the last known address of the Employee.

## **2.8 WORK ALLOCATION – EMPLOYEE ASSIGNMENT FORM**

- 2.8.1 Where a Letter of Offer of Employment does not prevail for the Employee's position or where work allocation will be variable, the Employer may issue an Employee Assignment Form.
- 2.8.2 The Employee Assignment Form will detail the Employer / Employee relationship, in accordance with clause 2.1, such as the workplace where the Employee is to undertake the duties of the position. Additionally, the Employee Assignment Form may detail flexible terms and conditions of Employment in accordance with clause 1.13.
- 2.8.3 The Employee Assignment Form will detail the Employee pay arrangement that prevails at the workplace, such as:-
- (a) Agreement Terms (ordinary rate plus all applicable penalties, overtime and relevant allowances; or
  - (b) Aggregate Annualised Salary; or
  - (c) A Loaded Rate plus Specified Penalties; or
  - (d) All Inclusive Flat rate paid as Hourly or Daily or Weekly or Fortnightly or Monthly; or
  - (e) Any combination of (a) or (b) or (c) or (d) as determined by the Employer.

## **2.9 JOB ROTATION AND MULTISKILLING**

- 2.9.1 In recognition of the operational and efficiency requirements of the Employer and to create more varied and interesting work, it is a condition of employment that Employees perform duties and functions for which they have the skills and training to perform. As the training of Employees increases, additional tasks and functions may be required to be performed subject to the operational needs of the enterprise at all times.
- 2.9.2 Subject to sub-clauses 2.9.3 and 2.9.4 of this clause below, Employees who work at higher grade duties will be paid at the rate of pay for the higher grade for the time worked at those higher grade duties.
- 2.9.3 Where Employees request to perform work in a lower grade they will be paid at the rate appropriate for that lower grade for the hours worked at that lower grade.
- 2.9.4 Should the Employer offer the opportunity to be cross-trained in higher grade duties then the Employee will be paid the existing grade (lower) rate until the Employee is deemed competent to perform at the higher grade.

## **2.10 TRAINING AND EDUCATION**

2.10.1 The Parties will co-operate in ensuring that appropriate training and cross skilling is available and that such training when required (directed) by the Employer will be provided at the expense of the Employer.

2.10.2 Accordingly, the Parties commit themselves to

- (a) developing a more highly skilled and flexible workforce;
- (b) providing Employees with career opportunities through appropriate training to acquire additional skills; and
- (c) removing barriers to the utilisation of skills acquired.

2.10.3 The Parties will develop appropriate training programs to facilitate skill enhancement based on the following procedures:

- (a) Training must comply with the criteria and guidelines established by the Employer;
- (b) All Employees will have access to training provided that the training is relevant to the Employee's position or career path as determined by the Employer and approved by the Employer;
- (c) The Employee will not suffer any loss of ordinary pay if training is undertaken on the job provided it is during the ordinary hours of work of the Employee; and
- (d) Where off-the-job training is required by the Employer, an Employee attending such training programs will be entitled to be paid at their ordinary rate of pay when the training is conducted in normal work hours. Time for off-the-job-training conducted outside of normal work hours generally will not be paid unless otherwise prior approved at the discretion of the Employer, such time will not be regarded as time worked for the purposes of annual leave, personal leave or long service leave accruals.

## **2.11 STAND DOWN PROVISIONS**

2.11.1 The Employer may stand down any Employee without pay on any day, or for part of any day, on which the Employee cannot be usefully Employed because of:-

- (a) any strike; or
- (b) any stoppage of work for any cause for which the Employer cannot reasonably be held responsible.

2.11.2 A cause, as stated in 2.11.1(b) may be, in the reasonable opinion of the Employer, the weather conditions which are deemed to make it unsafe for the Employee to commence or continue work on that day.

2.11.3 The Employer may, instead of a stand down, reassign the Employee to other jobs or job sites to perform work as directed by the Employer.

2.11.4 A stand down does not break the continuity of employment of the Employee for the purpose of any entitlements.

## **2.12 PAYMENT OF REMUNERATION**

2.12.1 The Employer will pay the Employee's wages or salary at a frequency of not longer than monthly by electronic funds transfer into the Employee's bank (or other recognised financial institution) nominated by the Employee. The payment of remuneration will conform to the requirements of the Employer or the Client.

2.12.2 The Employer may deduct from any amount required to be paid to an Employee under this clause the amount of any overpayment of wages or allowances.

## **2.13 EXTRA RATES NOT CUMULATIVE**

2.13.1 The extra rates in this Agreement, except rates prescribed in clause 3.6.1(c) - Special Rates and rates for work on public holidays, are not cumulative so as to exceed the maximum of double ordinary time rates.



## PART 3 – DEFINITIONS, CLASSIFICATIONS, REMUNERATION AND SUPERANNUATION

### 3.1 DEFINITIONS

**3.1.1 “All Inclusive Flat Rate”** means the Employer may pay an Employee an all inclusive flat hourly rate or an all inclusive flat weekly rate or an all inclusive flat monthly rate in satisfaction of any of the following provisions of this Agreement:

Clause 3.3.3 or clause 3.3.4 or clause 3.3.5 or clause 3.3.6 or clause 3.3.7–  
Remuneration

Clause 3.6.1 or clause 3.6.2 or clause 3.6.3 or clause 3.6.4 or clause 3.6.5 –  
Allowances (where applicable)

Part 4 or Part 5 or Part 6 or Part 7 or Part 8 – Ordinary time, Overtime and  
Penalty Rates

Clause 9.1.3 – Annual Leave Loading (where applicable)

As prescribed that would normally be incurred over a specified period. No additional payments will be made for the aforementioned provisions.

**3.1.2 “Annual Aggregated Salary”** means the Employer may pay an Employee an annualised (all inclusive) salary in satisfaction of any of the following provisions of this Agreement:

Clause 3.3.3 or clause 3.3.4 or clause 3.3.5 or clause 3.3.6 or clause 3.3.7–  
Remuneration

Clause 3.6.1 or clause 3.6.2 or clause 3.6.3 or clause 3.6.4 or clause 3.6.5 –  
Allowances (where applicable)

Part 4 or Part 5 or Part 6 or Part 7 or Part 8 – Ordinary time, Overtime and  
Penalty Rates

Clause 9.1.3 – Annual Leave Loading (where applicable)

As prescribed that would normally be incurred over a specified period. No additional payments will be made for the aforementioned provisions. For the purposes of the NES, the base rate of pay of an Employee receiving an annual salary under this clause comprises the portion of the annual salary equivalent to the relevant rate of pay in clause 3.3.3 or clause 3.3.4 or clause 3.3.5 or clause 3.3.5 or clause 3.3.7 – Remuneration and excludes any incentive-based payments, bonuses, loadings, monetary allowances, overtime and penalties.

**3.1.3 “Building and Construction”** means, for the purposes of this Agreement, the construction, alteration, extension, restoration, repair, demolition or dismantling of buildings, structures or works that form, or are to form, part of land, whether or not the buildings, structures or works are permanent and maintenance of such buildings, structures or works; site clearance, earth-moving, excavation, site restoration, landscaping and the provision of car parks and other access works associated with the activities within this clause; and the installation in any building, structure or works of fittings and services.

**3.1.4 “Civil construction”** means the construction, repair, maintenance or demolition of:

- (a) civil and/or mechanical engineering projects;
  - power transmission, light, television, radio, communication, radar, navigation, observation towers or structures;
  - power houses, chemical plants, hydrocarbons and/or oil treatment plants or refineries;
  - silos; and/or
  - sports and/or entertainment complexes;
- (b) road making and the manufacture or preparation, applying, laying or fixing of bitumen emulsion, asphalt emulsion, bitumen or asphalt preparations, hot pre-mixed asphalt, cold paved asphalt and mastic asphalt;
- (c) the prefabrication and installation of geomembranes, geotextiles and appurtenances;
- (d) dredging or sluicing work for or at premises provided for persons mentioned in or in connection with work under building and construction;
- (e) the testing of soil, concrete and aggregate when it is carried out at a construction site in or in connection with work under building and construction;
- (f) batch plants and precast yards at a construction site in or in connection with work under building and construction;
- (g) traffic management in or in connection with work under building and construction;
- (h) construction and/or establishment of landscape gardens in or in connection with work under building and construction, provided that this Agreement does not apply to the:
  - maintenance or horticultural establishment work following practical completion of work as specified under the terms of the construction contract or project; and/or
  - laying-out, construction, cultivation or keeping in order of gardens in connection with private houses;
- (i) the industry or calling of either or both catering and cleaning for or at premises provided for persons mentioned in building and construction;
- (j) car parks excepting car park buildings and car parks within the alignment of a building; and
- (k) railways, tramways, roads, freeways, causeways, aerodromes, drains, dams, weirs, bridges, overpasses, underpasses, channels, waterworks, pipe tracks, tunnels, water and sewerage works, conduits, and all concrete work and preparation incidental thereto;

**3.1.5 “Clerical work”** means and includes recording, typing, calculating, invoicing, billing, charging, checking, receiving and answering calls, cash handling, operating a telephone switchboard and attending a reception desk.

**3.1.6 “Engineering, Manufacturing and Fabrication Stream”** means the three broad engineering streams recognised within the classification definitions set out in this Agreement, namely, electrical/electronic, mechanical and fabrication. The stream is defined as the:

- (a) electrical/electronic stream** which includes the design, assembly, manufacture, installation, modification, testing, fault finding, commissioning, maintenance and service of all electrical and electronic devices, systems, equipment and controls, such as electrical wiring, motors, generators, PLCs and other electronic controls, instruments, refrigeration, telecommunications, radio and television, and communication and information processing.
- (b) mechanical stream** which includes the design, assembly, manufacture, installation, modification, testing, fault finding, commissioning, maintenance and service of all mechanical equipment, machinery, fluid power systems, automotive mechanics, instruments and refrigeration, and the use of related computer controlled equipment, such as Computer Numeric Controlled machine tools.
- (c) fabrication stream** which includes fabrication in all materials, forging, carpentry, plumbing, founding, structural steel erection, electroplating, metal spinning, metal polishing and sheet metal work and the use of related computer controlled equipment.

**3.1.7 “Grade”** means the identification of a group or groups of work function/s as required by operational requirements. Employee skills and competencies will be assessed in terms of a Grade recognising the Employee’s ability to perform those functions. Employees will be assigned to a Grade, as determined by the Employer. A Grade may include any one or more functions designed in any lower Grade at any time if required.

**3.1.8 “Individual Flexibility Arrangement”** means an arrangement agreed in writing between the Employer and an individual Employee in accordance with clause 9 of this Agreement headed “Individual Flexibility Arrangements”.

**3.1.9 “Loaded Rate plus Specified Penalties”** means the Employer may pay an Employee a loaded rate which includes ordinary time and applicable allowances and annual leave loading in satisfaction of the following provisions of this Agreement:

Clause 3.3.3 or clause 3.3.4 or clause 3.3.5 or clause 3.3.6 or clause 3.3.7–  
Remuneration

Clause 3.6.1 or clause 3.6.2 or clause 3.6.3 or clause 3.6.4 or clause 3.6.5 –  
Allowances (where applicable)

Part 4 or Part 5 or Part 6 or Part 7 or Part 8 – Ordinary time only

Clause 9.1.3 – Annual Leave Loading (where applicable)

The Specified Penalties being Overtime and/or Saturday Penalties and/or Sunday Penalties and/or Public Holiday Penalties will be paid in accordance with the Roster in satisfaction of the following provisions of this Agreement within Part 4 or Part 5 or Part 6 or Part 7 or Part 8 – Overtime and Penalty Rates. As prescribed that would

normally be incurred over a specified period. No additional payments will be made for the aforementioned provisions.

**3.1.10 “National Employment Standards or NES”** means the National Employment Standards as contained in sections 59 to 131 (inclusive) of the *Fair Work Act 2009*.

**3.1.11 “Reasonable Additional Hours”** means those reasonable additional hours, worked in excess of an average of thirty-eight (38) ordinary hours per week, as required by the Employer to be worked to meet operational requirements, provided that those hours are worked in accordance with the *Fair Work Act 2009 (section 62(3))*. In determining whether additional hours are reasonable or unreasonable, the parties agree to refer to the factors listed in section 62(3) of the *Fair Work Act 2009*.

**3.1.12 “Shiftworker”** means an Employee for the time being engaged to work in a system of shifts over seven (7) days, being afternoon shifts, night shifts or both, or a continuous shift worker.

**3.1.13 “Standard Rate”** means the minimum weekly wage for a DMC Engineering Gd C10 Employee in clause 3.3.3 (\$18.95 per hour being \$720.20 per week -)

**3.1.14 “Work Cycle”** means a roster cycle made up of working and non-working days.

### **3.2 GRADE DESCRIPTORS AND CLASSIFICATION STRUCTURE DESCRIPTORS**

- 3.2.1 Employees will be classified and paid accordingly to the Grade Descriptors as referenced in this Agreement. The descriptors identify the broad distinguishing outcomes required to be evident in the application of the Employees' Skills and Competencies within each Grade.
- 3.2.2 The Employer at its discretion may assign job titles or functions to a Grade based on the descriptors, such titles or functions are not necessarily complete and are indicative only.
- 3.2.3 As the business/es of the Employer grow/s or develop further, job titles may be classified and added provided that the competency levels required to carry out the functions are commensurate the descriptors within each Grade.
- 3.2.4 In each of the classifications under this Agreement it is a requirement that an Employee must:
- (a) perform work in a fully flexible manner as reasonably required by the Employer and in accordance with the Employee's ability and competence;
  - (b) acquire any skills as reasonably requested by the Employer and, where necessary, undertake required training and assist with the training of others; and
  - (c) use such tools and equipment as may be required, subject to the limit of the Employee's skills and competence and provided that the Employee has been properly trained in the use of such tools and equipment.
- 3.2.5 An Employee will progress through the classification levels subject to:
- (a) possessing the applicable skills for the level; and
  - (b) a vacant position being available and being required by the Employer to perform work at that level.
  - (c) progression will be subject to assessment and availability of a position in all cases and the Employee being appointed by the Employer.

### 3.2.6 Classification Groups

#### (a) Engineering, Manufacturing and Fabrication Stream

##### (i) Engineering, Manufacturing and Fabrication Services Employees

(A) An Engineering, Manufacturing and Fabrication Services Employee is designated as such by the Employer and performs all tasks as directed by the Employer which include but are not limited to:

- apprentice Boilermaker;
- apprentice Fitter;
- apprentice Diesel Fitter;
- labourer;
- dogman;
- rigger;
- boilermaker;
- fitter and turner;
- diesel fitter;
- instrument fitter;
- motor mechanic;
- re Fridgeration mechanic;
- blaster painter;
- painter;
- draughtsperson;
- estimator;
- crane driver;
- crane operator;
- electrician;
- scaffolder;
- pipe welder (including poly);
- safety advisor / work health and safety officer;
- Truck Driver.

#### (b) Mining Industry (Functional Areas) Stream

##### (i) Mining Industry Services Employees

(A) A Mining Industry Services Employee is designated as such by the Employer and performs all tasks as directed by the Employer which include but are not limited to:

- labouring;
- gardening;
- assisting work crews and tradespersons;
- scaffolding;

- operation of plant and equipment (including mobile plant), cranes (driving & operating) and gantries;
- dogman and rigger;
- maintenance work on plant, equipment or buildings;
- performance of general plant, stores, workshop, warehouse, packaging;
- marine interface tasks;
- resource assessment (including prospecting, drilling and exploration);
- preparing and cleaning equipment and materials;
- on site catering, cleaning, laundry and security;
- work health and safety;
- supervision.

(B) This classification group also encompasses work performed by Laboratory Assistants, who do not hold tertiary qualifications.

(ii) Mining Industry Surface Mining and Haulage Employees

- (A) A Mining Industry Surface Mining and Haulage Employee is designated as such by their Employer and performs all tasks as directed by their Employer which include but are not limited to:
- open cut mining activities (including labouring, sampling, spotting);
  - operating all forms of mining industry plant and equipment (including mobile plant);
  - operating equipment used in the transportation handling and loading (or discharge) of ores, metals, minerals and/or product (including rail activities);
  - all tasks associated with drilling and blasting.

(iii) Mining Industry Processing Employees

- (A) A Mining Industry Processing Employee is designated as such by the Employer and performs all tasks as directed by the Employer which include but are not limited to:
- operating and adjusting all plant equipment (and associated control panels) utilised in mining industry production, processing, smelting and refining operations;
  - issuing clearances and permits as required;
  - work health and safety;
  - supervision.

(iv) Mining Industry Underground Mine Employees

- (A) A Mining Industry Underground Mine Employee is designated as such by their Employer and performs all tasks as directed by their Employer which include but are not limited to:
- underground mining activities (including labouring, sampling, drilling, blasting, mine ventilation, ground control and shaft activities);
  - and operation and maintenance of underground mining plant and equipment (including mobile plant);
  - confined space sentry.

(v) Mining Industry Maintenance Trades Employees

- (A) A Mining Industry Maintenance Trades Employee is designated as such by the Employer, performs all tasks on the surface or underground as directed by the Employer and is trade qualified which include but are not limited to:
- building services – electrical, plumbing, roofing, bricklaying, concreting, carpentry and painting;
  - mechanical services;
  - maintenance of plant and vehicles;
  - fabrication – fitter and turner, boilermaker;
  - projects coordination;
  - supervision.

**(c) Building and Construction Stream**

(i) Building and Construction Services Employees

- (A) A Building and Construction Services Employee is designated as such by the Employer and performs all tasks as directed by the Employer which include but are not limited to:
- apprentice carpenter;
  - labourer;
  - bricklayer;
  - carpenter;
  - concreter;
  - painter;
  - plumber;
  - roofer;
  - construction Supervisor/Manager;
  - vinyl layer.

**(d) Professional Stream**

(i) Professional Services Employees



(A) A Professional Services Employee is designated as such by the Employer and performs all tasks as directed by the Employer which include but are not limited to:

- laboratory assistant who holds tertiary qualifications;
- professional engineer;
- professional Employee;
- project manager;
- manager.

**(e) Support and Site Stream**

(i) Support and Site Services Employees

(A) A Support and Site Services Employee is designated as such by the Employer and performs all tasks as directed by the Employer which include but are not limited to:

- undertaking clerical and administration work (primarily clerical / administration stream);
- cultural awareness;
- site representation;
- Financial Controller;
- designing, leading and conducting training;
- supervision / manager.

**3.2.7 Classification Descriptors**

**(a) Engineering, Manufacturing and Fabrication Stream**

<b>Agreement Classification</b>	<b>Classification Descriptor</b>
<b>DMC Engineering C14</b>	Refer to the Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.3.3.
<b>DMC Engineering C13</b>	Refer to the Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.3.4.
<b>DMC Engineering C12</b>	Refer to the Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.3.5.
<b>DMC Engineering C11</b>	Refer to the Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.3.6.
<b>DMC Engineering C10</b>	Refer to the Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.3.7.
<b>DMC Engineering C 9</b>	Refer to the Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.3.8.
<b>DMC Engineering C 8</b>	Refer to the Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.3.9.
<b>DMC Engineering C 7</b>	Refer to the Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.3.10.
<b>DMC Engineering C 6</b>	Refer to the Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.3.11.
<b>DMC Engineering C 5</b>	Refer to the Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.3.12.
<b>DMC Engineering C 4</b>	Refer to the Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.3.13.
<b>DMC Engineering C 3</b>	Refer to the Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.3.14.
<b>DMC Engineering C 2(a)</b>	Refer to the Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.3.15.

<b>DMC Engineering C 2(b)</b>	Refer to the Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.3.16.
<b>DMC Engineering C 1</b>	Professional Engineers and Professional Scientists are covered by the Professional Employees Stream as contained in this Agreement

**(b) Mining Stream**

<b>Agreement Classification</b>	<b>Classification Descriptor</b>
<b>DMC Mining - Intro</b>	Refer to the Mining Industry Award 2010 [MA000011], Schedule B - Classification and Structure, clause B.3.1 - Introductory.
<b>DMC Mining Gd 1</b>	Refer to the Mining Industry Award 2010 [MA000011], Schedule B - Classification and Structure, clause B.3.2 - Basic.
<b>DMC Mining Gd 2</b>	Refer to the Mining Industry Award 2010 [MA000011], Schedule B - Classification and Structure, clause B.3.3 - Intermediate.
<b>DMC Mining Gd 3</b>	Refer to the Mining Industry Award 2010 [MA000011], Schedule B - Classification and Structure, clause B.3.4 - Competent.
<b>DMC Mining Gd 4</b>	Refer to the Mining Industry Award 2010 [MA000011], Schedule B - Classification and Structure, clause B.3.5 - Advanced.
<b>DMC Mining Gd 5</b>	Refer to the Mining Industry Award 2010 [MA000011], Schedule B - Classification and Structure, clause B.3.6 - Advanced Specialist.
<b>DMC Mining Gd 6</b>	Refer to the Mining Industry Award 2010 [MA000011], Schedule B - Classification and Structure, clause B.3.7 - Dual Trade.
<b>DMC Mining Gd 7</b>	Refer to the Mining Industry Award 2010 [MA000011], Schedule B - Classification and Structure, clause B.3.8 - Dual Trade Instrument Technician.

**(c) Building and Construction Stream**

<b>Agreement Classification</b>	<b>Classification Descriptor</b>
<b>DMC CW/EWC 1 LEVEL a</b>	Refer to the Building and Construction General On-site Award 2010 [MA000020], Schedule B - Classifications and related issues, clause B.2.1 - Commencement.
<b>DMC CW/EWC 1 LEVEL b</b>	Refer to the Building and Construction General On-site Award 2010 [MA000020], Schedule B - Classifications and related issues, clause B.2.1 - After 3 months.
<b>DMC CW/EWC 1 LEVEL c</b>	Refer to the Building and Construction General On-site Award 2010 [MA000020], Schedule B - Classifications and related issues, clause B.2.1 - After 12 months.
<b>DMC CW/EWC 1 LEVEL d</b>	Refer to the Building and Construction General On-site Award 2010 [MA000020], Schedule B - Classifications and related issues, clause B.2.1 - Fulfilling requirements.
<b>DMC CW/EWC 2</b>	Refer to the Building and Construction General On-site Award 2010 [MA000020], Schedule B - Classifications and related issues, clause B.2.2.
<b>DMC CW/EWC 3</b>	Refer to the Building and Construction General On-site Award 2010 [MA000020], Schedule B - Classifications and related issues, clause B.2.3.
<b>DMC CW/EWC 4</b>	Refer to the Building and Construction General On-site Award 2010 [MA000020], Schedule B - Classifications and related issues, clause B.2.4.
<b>DMC CW/EWC 5</b>	Refer to the Building and Construction General On-site Award 2010 [MA000020], Schedule B - Classifications and related issues, clause B.2.5.
<b>DMC CW/EWC 6</b>	Refer to the Building and Construction General On-site Award 2010 [MA000020], Schedule B - Classifications and related issues, clause B.2.6.
<b>DMC CW/EWC 7</b>	Refer to the Building and Construction General On-site Award 2010 [MA000020], Schedule B - Classifications and related issues, clause B.2.7.
<b>DMC CW/EWC 8</b>	Refer to the Building and Construction General On-site Award 2010 [MA000020], Schedule B - Classifications and related issues, clause B.2.8.
<b>DMC CW/EWC 9</b>	Refer to the Building and Construction General On-site Award 2010 [MA000020], Schedule B - Classifications and related issues, clause B.2.9.

**(e) Professional Employees Stream**

<b>Agreement Classification</b>	<b>Classification Descriptor</b>
<b>DMC Professional Gd 1</b>	Refer to the Professional Employees Award 2010 [MA000065], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.1.1 and B.1.2, Pay Point 1.1, 3 year.
<b>DMC Professional Gd 2</b>	Refer to the Professional Employees Award 2010 [MA000065], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.1.1 & B.1.2, Pay Point 1.1, 4/5 year.
<b>DMC Professional Gd 3</b>	Refer to the Professional Employees Award 2010 [MA000065], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.1.2, Pay Point 1.2.
<b>DMC Professional Gd 4</b>	Refer to the Professional Employees Award 2010 [MA000065], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.1.2, Pay Point 1.3.
<b>DMC Professional Gd 5</b>	Refer to the Professional Employees Award 2010 [MA000065], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.1.2, Pay Point 1.4
<b>DMC Professional Gd 6</b>	Refer to the Professional Employees Award 2010 [MA000065], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.1.7, Level 2 Experienced Professional
<b>DMC Professional Gd 7</b>	Refer to the Professional Employees Award 2010 [MA000065], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.1.9, Level 3, Professional.
<b>DMC Professional Gd 8</b>	Refer to the Professional Employees Award 2010 [MA000065], Schedule B - Classification Structure and Definitions, clause B.1.11, Level 4, Professional.

**(f) Support and Site Stream**

<b>Agreement Classification</b>	<b>Classification Descriptor</b>
<b>DMC Support GD 1(a)</b>	Refer to the Clerks - Private Sector Award 2010 [MA000002], Schedule B - Classifications B.1, Level 1 - Year 1.
<b>DMC Support GD 1(b)</b>	Refer to the Clerks - Private Sector Award 2010 [MA000002], Schedule B - Classifications B.1, Level 1 - Year 2.
<b>DMC Support GD 1(c)</b>	Refer to the Clerks - Private Sector Award 2010 [MA000002], Schedule B - Classifications B.1, Level 1 - Year 3.
<b>DMC Support GD 2(a)</b>	Refer to the Clerks - Private Sector Award 2010 [MA000002], Schedule B - Classifications B.2, Level 2 - Year 1.
<b>DMC Support GD 2(b)</b>	Refer to the Clerks - Private Sector Award 2010 [MA000002], Schedule B - Classifications B.2, Level 2 - Year 2.
<b>DMC Support GD 3</b>	Refer to the Clerks - Private Sector Award 2010 [MA000002], Schedule B - Classifications B.3, Level 3.
<b>DMC Support GD 4</b>	Refer to the Clerks - Private Sector Award 2010 [MA000002], Schedule B - Classifications B.4, Level 4.
<b>DMC Support GD 5</b>	Refer to the Clerks - Private Sector Award 2010 [MA000002], Schedule B - Classifications B.5, Level 5.

### **3.3 REMUNERATION**

#### **3.3.1 Base Hourly Rate**

The Base Hourly rate guarantees the Federal Minimum Wage \$606.50 as applies to Full Time or Part Time Employees and to Casual Employees plus the casual default loading of 25% in lieu of paid annual leave, paid personal leave , redundancy and period of notice.

#### **3.3.2 Remuneration – Rates of Pay**

- (a) The rate of pay that the Employee will be paid for the job (project) to be undertaken will be stated in either the Employee's Letter of Offer of Employment or the Employee's Employee Assignment Form or the Workplace Arrangement or an Individual Flexibility Agreement as applies to the Employee.

### 3.3.3 ENGINEERING, MANUFACTURING AND FABRICATION STREAM - Agreement Minimum Rates

(a) Prescribed Minimum Rates for an Adult Employee:

<b>Classification Engineering, Manufacturing &amp; Fab</b>	<b>Award Level MA000010</b>	<b>Award Weekly MA000010</b>	<b>DMC Full Time &amp; Part Time Company Ordinary Rate</b>	<b>DMC Casual Company Ordinary Rate</b>
<b>DMC Engineering Gd C14</b>	\$15.96	\$606.40	\$16.28	\$20.35
<b>DMC Engineering Gd C13</b>	\$16.42	\$624.00	\$16.75	\$20.94
<b>DMC Engineering Gd C12</b>	\$17.05	\$648.00	\$17.39	\$21.74
<b>DMC Engineering Gd C11</b>	\$17.64	\$670.20	\$17.99	\$22.49
<b>DMC Engineering Gd C10</b>	\$18.58	\$706.10	\$18.95	\$23.70
<b>DMC Engineering Gd C 9</b>	\$19.17	\$728.30	\$19.55	\$24.44
<b>DMC Engineering Gd C 8</b>	\$19.75	\$750.40	\$23.70	\$29.63
<b>DMC Engineering Gd C 7</b>	\$20.28	\$770.50	\$20.69	\$25.86
<b>DMC Engineering Gd C 6</b>	\$21.31	\$809.60	\$21.74	\$27.17
<b>DMC Engineering Gd C 5</b>	\$21.74	\$826.10	\$22.17	\$27.72
<b>DMC Engineering Gd C 4</b>	\$22.32	\$848.20	\$22.77	\$28.46
<b>DMC Engineering Gd C 3</b>	\$23.49	\$892.60	\$23.96	\$29.95
<b>DMC Engineering Gd C 2(a)</b>	\$24.07	\$914.80	\$24.55	\$30.69
<b>DMC Engineering Gd C 2(b)</b>	\$25.13	\$954.90	\$25.63	\$32.04

### 3.3.4 MINING INDUSTRY STREAM - Agreement Minimum Rates

(a) Prescribed Minimum Rates for an Adult Employee:

<b>Classification Mining Industry</b>	<b>Award Level MA000011</b>	<b>Award Weekly MA000011</b>	<b>DMC Full Time &amp; Part Time Company Ordinary Rate</b>	<b>DMC Casual Company Ordinary Rate</b>
<b>DMC Mining - Intro</b>	Entry Level	\$628.80	\$16.88	\$21.10
<b>DMC Mining Gd 1</b>	Level 1	\$659.70	\$17.71	\$22.13
<b>DMC Mining Gd 2</b>	Level 2	\$685.20	\$18.39	\$22.99
<b>DMC Mining Gd 3</b>	Level 3	\$706.10	\$18.95	\$23.69
<b>DMC Mining Gd 4</b>	Level 4	\$753.30	\$20.22	\$25.28
<b>DMC Mining Gd 5</b>	Level 5	\$802.20	\$21.53	\$26.92
<b>DMC Mining Gd 6</b>	Level 6	\$841.60	\$22.59	\$28.24
<b>DMC Mining Gd 7</b>	Level 7	\$875.70	\$23.51	\$29.38

### 3.3.5 Building and Construction Stream

(a) Prescribed Minimum Rates for an Adult Employee:

<b>Classification Building and Construction</b>	<b>Award Level MA000020</b>	<b>Award Weekly MA000020</b>	<b>DMC Full Time &amp; Part Time Company Ordinary Rate</b>	<b>DMC Casual Company Ordinary Rate</b>
<b>DMC CW GD 1 LEV a</b>	\$16.77	\$637.40	\$17.11	\$21.38
<b>DMC CW GD 1 LEV b</b>	\$17.12	\$650.60	\$17.46	\$21.83
<b>DMC CW GD 1 LEV c</b>	\$17.36	\$659.70	\$17.71	\$22.13
<b>DMC CW GD 1 LEV d</b>	\$17.68	\$672.00	\$18.03	\$22.54
<b>DMC CW GD 2</b>	\$18.06	\$686.20	\$18.42	\$23.03
<b>DMC CW GD 3</b>	\$18.58	\$706.10	\$18.95	\$23.69
<b>DMC CW GD 4</b>	\$19.17	\$728.40	\$19.55	\$24.44
<b>DMC CW GD 5</b>	\$19.75	\$750.60	\$20.15	\$25.18
<b>DMC CW GD 6</b>	\$20.28	\$770.60	\$20.69	\$25.86
<b>DMC CW GD 7</b>	\$20.86	\$792.70	\$21.28	\$26.60
<b>DMC CW GD 8</b>	\$21.36	\$811.80	\$21.79	\$27.23
<b>DMC CW GD 9</b>	\$22.74	\$826.10	\$23.19	\$28.99

(b) The rates in clause 3.3.5(a) prescribe minimum classification rates only. The payment of additional allowances is required by other clauses of this Agreement in respect of both weekly and hourly payments. For the hourly rate calculations, see clause 3.3.5(d) of this Agreement.

(c) CW refers to construction workers in the general building and construction and civil construction summarised in this Agreement as the Building and Construction Stream. Engineering construction workers in the metal and engineering construction are provided for in this Agreement under the Engineering, Manufacturing and Fabrication Stream.



(d) Hourly Rate Calculations

(i) Weekly Hire Building and Construction Employees (including Casual Employees)

- clause 3.3.5(a) – Minimum Wages;
  - clause 3.6.3(b)(i) – Special Allowance;
  - clause 3.6.3(b)(ii) – Industry Allowance;
- and where applicable
- clause 3.6.3(a)(i) – Tool and Employee Protection allowance;
  - clause 3.6.3(b)(iii) – Underground Allowance;
  - clause 3.6.3(b)(xi) – Air Conditioning industry and Refrigeration Industry Allowances;
  - clause 3.6.3(b)(xii) – Electrician’s Licence Allowance; and
  - clause 3.6.3(b)(xiii) – In Charge of Plant Allowance

and dividing the total by 38.

(e) Presenting for Work but not Required

- (i) A new Employee, if engaged and presenting for work to commence employment and not being required, will be entitled to at least eight hours’ work or payment therefore at ordinary rates, plus the appropriate allowance prescribed by clause 3.6.3(f) – Fares and Travel Patterns Allowance.

(f) Mobile Cranes Capacity Adjustment Formula

- (i) For each additional 40 tonnes over a maximum lifting capacity of 100 tonnes, an amount of 2.4% of the weekly standard rate must be added to the base rate for DMC CW Gd 5 and above.

(g) Piece Rates

- (i) The Employer and an Employee may agree to remunerate the Employee in whole or in part by piece rates, instead of (in whole or in part) the rates and allowances provided for in this Agreement.
- (ii) The agreement must be made without coercion or duress.
- (iii) The Employer must record a piece rate agreement made under this clause in writing and provide a copy to the Employee and must keep the agreement as a time and wages record.
- (iv) The piece rate agreement must set out the following information:
- (A) the parties to the agreement;
  - (B) the date the agreement commences to operate; and

- (c) the basis on which the piece rate payment is made and how piecework will be measured.
  
- (v) An Employee working under a piece rate agreement must:
  - (A) be paid no less than the amount to which the Employee would have been entitled to receive under the rates and allowances prescribed by this Agreement if the piece rate agreement had not been made; and
  - (B) not disadvantage the Employee in relation to their terms and conditions of employment.
  
- (vi) For the purpose of the NES, the base rate of pay for a pieceworker is the base rate of pay as defined in the NES
  
- (vii) For the purpose of the NES, the full rate of pay for a pieceworker is the full rate of pay as defined in the NES
  
- (viii) An agreement made under this clause may be terminated by written agreement between the Employer and the Employee or by either party giving four weeks' notice in writing to the other party and the agreement will cease to operate at the end of the notice period.

### 3.3.6 PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEE STREAM – Agreement minimum rates

(a) Prescribed Minimum Rates for an Adult Employee:

<b>Classification Professional Employees</b>	<b>Award Level MA000065</b>	<b>Award Annual Wages MA000065</b>	<b>DMC Professional Full Time &amp; Part Time Company Ordinary Rate</b>	<b>DMC Professional Casual Company Ordinary Rate</b>
<b>DMC Professional Gd 1</b>	Level 1 Pay Pt 1.1 3 yr Degree	\$42,160	\$21.76	\$27.20
<b>DMC Professional Gd 2</b>	Level 1 Pay Pt 1.1 3-4 yr Degree	\$43,241	\$22.32	\$27.90
<b>DMC Professional Gd 3</b>	Level 1 Pay Pt 1.2	\$43,967	\$22.70	\$28.37
<b>DMC Professional Gd 4</b>	Level 1 Pay Pt 1.3	\$45,796	\$23.64	\$29.55
<b>DMC Professional Gd 5</b>	Level 1 Pay Pt 1.4	\$48,116	\$24.84	\$31.05
<b>DMC Professional Gd 6</b>	Level 2 Exper Prof	\$49,737	\$25.67	\$32.09
<b>DMC Professional Gd 7</b>	Level 3 Exper Prof	\$54,357	\$28.06	\$35.07
<b>DMC Professional Gd 8</b>	Level 4 Professional	\$61,306	\$31.65	\$39.56

### 3.3.7 SUPPORT AND SITE EMPLOYEES (Clerical and Administration Stream)

(a) Prescribed Minimum Rates for an Adult Employee:

<b>Classification Support and Site Employees (Includes Clerical/Administration)</b>	<b>Award Level MA000002</b>	<b>Award Weekly MA000002</b>	<b>DMC Full Time &amp; Part Time Company Ordinary Rate</b>	<b>DMC Casual Company Ordinary Rate</b>
<b>DMC Support Gd 1(a)</b>	Level 1 Yr1	\$644.80	\$17.31	\$21.63
<b>DMC Support Gd 1(b)</b>	Level 1 Yr 2	\$676.70	\$18.23	\$23.16
<b>DMC Support Gd 1(c)</b>	Level 1 Yr 3	\$698.00	\$18.74	\$23.42
<b>DMC Support Gd 2(a)</b>	Level 2 yr 1	\$706.10	\$18.95	\$23.69
<b>DMC Support Gd 2(b)</b>	Level 2 Yr 2	\$719.30	\$19.31	\$24.13
<b>DMC Support Gd 3</b>	Level 3	\$745.80	\$20.02	\$25.02
<b>DMC Support Gd 4</b>	Level 4	\$783.10	\$21.02	\$26.28
<b>DMC Support Gd 5</b>	Level 5	\$815.00	\$21.88	\$27.35

### **3.4 APPRENTICESHIP/S**

3.4.1 Apprentices and Trainees in Queensland shall be employed in accordance with the Order Apprentices' and Trainees' Wages and Conditions (excluding Certain Queensland Government Entities) 2003, Queensland Government Industrial Gazette, 11 July 2003, Vol 173, No11, pages 878-927. Apprentices and Trainees engaged outside of Queensland will be engaged in accordance with the applicable industrial instrument governing their employment conditions applicable to their employment.

### **3.5 SUPERANNUATION**

#### **3.5.1 Superannuation legislation**

- (a) Superannuation legislation, including the *Superannuation Guarantee (Administration) Act 1992* (Cth), the *Superannuation Guarantee Charge Act 1992* (Cth), the *Superannuation Industry (Supervision) Act 1993* (Cth) and the *Superannuation (Resolution of Complaints) Act 1993* (Cth), deals with the superannuation rights and obligations of Employers and Employees. Under superannuation legislation individual Employees generally have the opportunity to choose their own superannuation fund. If an Employee does not choose a superannuation fund, the superannuation fund nominated in the Agreement covering the Employee applies.
- (b) The rights and obligations in these clauses supplement those in superannuation legislation.

#### **3.5.2 Employer contributions**

- (a) The Employer must make such superannuation contributions to a superannuation fund for the benefit of an Employee as will avoid the Employer being required to pay the superannuation guarantee charge under superannuation legislation with respect to that Employee.

#### **3.5.3 Voluntary Employee contributions**

- (a) Subject to the governing rules of the relevant superannuation fund, an Employee may, in writing, authorise their Employer to pay on behalf of the Employee a specified amount from the post-taxation wages of the Employee into the same superannuation fund as the Employer makes the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 3.5.2.
- (b) An Employee may adjust the amount the Employee has authorised their Employer to pay from the wages of the Employee from the first of the month following the giving of three months' written notice to their Employer.
- (c) The Employer must pay the amount authorised under clauses 3.5.3(a) or (b) no later than 28 days after the end of the month in which the deduction authorised under clauses 3.5.3(a) or (b) was made.

#### **3.5.4 Superannuation fund**

(a) Unless, to comply with superannuation legislation, the Employer is required to make the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 3.5.2 to another superannuation fund that is chosen by the Employee, the Employer must make the superannuation contributions provided for in clause 3.5.2 and pay the amount authorised under clauses 3.5.3(a) or (b) to a default superannuation funds or its successor:

- Suncorp

3.5.5 On an individual basis where an Employee nominates a complying fund, such as BUSS(Q), the Employer contribution will not be greater than 9% of the Employee's Ordinary Time Earnings (OTE) provided that the nominated Employee is older than 18 years and/or whose OTE per month is \$450 or greater.

### 3.6 ALLOWANCES

#### 3.6.1 Engineering, Manufacturing and Fabrication Stream Allowances

(a) The following allowances apply for all purposes of the Engineering, Manufacturing and Fabrication Stream of this Agreement:

(i) Leading Hands

A leading hand in charge of three or more people must be paid:

<b>In charge of</b>	<b>Amount of the Standard Rate</b>
3–10 Employees	166.3% per week extra
11–20 Employees	248.4% per week extra
more than 20 Employees	316.2% per week extra

(ii) Tool allowance—tradespersons and apprentices

- (A) Except as provided elsewhere in clause 3.6.1(a)(ii), a tradesperson must be paid \$14.69 per week extra for supplying and maintaining tools ordinarily required in the performance of their work as a tradesperson.
- (B) The allowance in clause 3.6.1(a)(A) does not apply to an Employer who had a practice as at 5 November 1979 of providing all tools required by a tradesperson or an apprentice in the performance of their work. Such an Employer is entitled to continue this practice.
- (C) In relation to the Employer not referred to in clause 3.6.1(a)(B), such the Employer may reach agreement with an individual tradesperson or apprentice to provide all of the tools required in the performance of their work. In such circumstances, the tool allowance is not payable.
- (D) The allowance in clause 3.6.1(a)(A) applies to an apprentice on the same percentage basis as set out in Column 1 of clause 25.5 of the Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010 [MA000010].
- (E) The Employer is to provide for the use of a tradesperson or an apprentice all necessary power tools, special purpose tools, precision measuring instruments and, for a sheet metal worker, snips used in the cutting of stainless steel, monel metal and similar hard metals.
- (F) A tradesperson or apprentice is to replace or pay for any tools supplied by their Employer which are lost as a result of negligence on the part of the Employee.
- (G) The provision of tools under the Federal government tools for the relevant trade scheme does not constitute the provision of

all tools by the Employer for the purposes of clauses 3.6.1(a)(ii)(B) and (C).

(ii) Tool allowance—carpenter or joiner (in the Engineering, Manufacturing and Fabrication Stream):

(A) carpenter or joiner in engineering, manufacturing or fabrication must be paid a tool allowance of \$27.81 per week extra.

(iii) Application of technical computing equipment

(A) An Employee in the technical field who is required to use technical computing equipment to perform work of a complex nature must be paid 196.5% of the standard rate per week extra provided that the allowance is not payable for routine or repetitive functions, or where the system is used merely as an aid.

(B) Technical computing equipment means computer hardware (including personal computers, micro computers, mini computers or mainframe computers) using software and/or engineering applications (including design, engineering, planning or data base programs) which are used for drafting, planning, quality control, machine programming, NC programming and engineering analysis.

**Work of a complex nature** includes:

- the application of new concepts in their field of work, including the use of three dimensional projections; or
- the development of specialised programs for technical computing applications; or
- system development, including the evaluation of existing and alternative systems ancillary software and/or hardware; or
- the provision of training on the system for users, including the development and evaluation of self-learn and/or teaching methods or software packages.

(iv) Supervisor/Trainer/Coordinator—Technical

(A) A Supervisor/Trainer/Coordinator—Technical, who is responsible primarily for the exercise of skills in the technical field up to the level of their skill and competence and who is additionally involved in the supervision/training of other technical Employees must be paid not less than 107% of the minimum wage applicable to the Employee's technical classification.

(b) Other Allowances



- (i) Vehicle Allowance
  - (A) An Employee who reaches agreement with the Employer to use their own motor vehicle on the Employer's business, must be paid \$0.75 per kilometre travelled.
- (ii) First Aid Allowance
  - (A) An Employee who has been trained to render first aid and who is the current holder of appropriate first aid qualifications such as a certificate from the St John Ambulance or similar body must be paid 75.6% of the standard rate per week extra if appointed by their Employer to perform first aid duty.
- (iii) Meal Allowance
  - (A) Refer to clause 4.4.11 of this Agreement.
- (iv) Damage to Clothing, Spectacles, Hearing Aids and Tools
  - (A) Compensation must be made by the Employer to an Employee to the extent of the damage sustained where, in the course of work, clothing, spectacles, hearing aids or tools of trade are damaged or destroyed by fire or molten metal or through the use of corrosive substances. The Employer's liability in respect of tools is limited to the tools of trade which are ordinarily required for the performance of the Employee's duties. Compensation is not payable if an Employee is entitled to workers compensation in respect of the damage.
  - (B) Where an Employee as a result of performing any duty required by the Employer, and as a result of negligence of the Employer, suffers any damage to or soiling of clothing or other personal equipment, including spectacles and hearing aids, the Employer is liable for the replacement, repair or cleaning of such clothing or personal equipment including spectacles and hearing aids.
- (v) Case Hardened Prescription Lenses
  - (A) The Employer who requires an Employee to have their prescription lenses case hardened must pay for the cost of such case hardening.
- (vi) Protective Clothing and Equipment Allowance
  - (A) Where an Employee is required to wear protective clothing and equipment as stipulated by the relevant law operating in a State or Territory, the Employer must reimburse the Employee

for the cost of purchasing such special clothing and equipment unless the clothing and equipment is paid for by the Employer.

(c) Special Rates

(i) Subject to clauses 3.6.1(c)(ii)(A) and (B), the following special rates must be paid to an Employee including an apprentice and a junior:

(ii) Special Rates Not Cumulative

(A) Where more than one of the disabilities set out in clause 3.6.1(c) entitles an Employee to extra rates, the Employer must pay only one rate, namely the highest rate for the applicable disabilities.

(B) Clause 3.6.1(c)(ii)(A) does not apply in relation to cold places, hot places, wet places, confined spaces, dirty work or height money, the rates for which are cumulative.

(iii) Special Rates Are Not Subject to Penalty Additions

(A) The special rates in clause 3.6.1(c) must be paid irrespective of the times at which the work is performed, and are not subject to any premium or penalty additions.

(iv) Cold Places

(A) An Employee who works for more than one hour in places where the temperature is reduced by artificial means below 0 degrees Celsius must be paid 2.8% of the standard rate per hour extra. In addition, where the work continues for more than two hours, the Employee is entitled to 20 minutes rest after every two hours work without loss of pay.

(v) Hot Places

(A) An Employee who works for more than one hour in the shade in places where the temperature is raised by artificial means must be paid:

<b>Temperature</b>	<b>Amount of the standard rate</b>
Between 46 and 54 degrees Celsius	2.9% per hour extra
In excess of 54 degrees Celsius	3.8% per hour extra

(B) In addition, where work continues for more than two hours in temperatures exceeding 54 degrees Celsius, the Employee is entitled to 20 minutes rest after every two hours work without loss of pay.

(C) The temperature is to be determined by the supervisor after consultation with the Employee who claims the extra rate.

(vi) Wet Places

- (A) An Employee working in any place where their clothing or boots become saturated by water, oil or another substance, must be paid 2.9% of the standard rate per hour extra. Any Employee who becomes entitled to this extra rate must be paid such rate only for the part of the day or shift that they are required to work in wet clothing or boots.
- (B) Clause 3.6.1(c)(vi)(A) does not apply to an Employee who is provided by the Employer with suitable and effective protective clothing and/or footwear.

(vii) Confined Spaces

- (A) An Employee working in a confined space must be paid 3.8% of the standard rate per hour extra.

(viii) Dirty Work

- (A) Where an Employee and their supervisor agree that work (other than ship repair work) is of an unusually dirty or offensive nature, the Employee must be paid 2.9% of the standard rate per hour extra.
- (B) Where an Employee and supervisor agree that certain ship repair work is of an unusually dirty or offensive nature, the Employee must be paid 3.8% of the standard rate per hour extra.

(ix) Height Money

- (A) An Employee other than a linesperson, linesperson's assistant, rigger and splicer, engaged in the construction, erection, repair and/or maintenance as the case may be, of ships, steel frame buildings, bridges, gasometers or other structures at a height in each case of 15 metres or more directly above the nearest horizontal plane is to be paid 2.1% of the standard rate per hour extra.

(x) Oil Tanks

- (A) An Employee working on repairs in oil tanks must be paid 2.9% of the standard rate per hour extra. An Employee engaged on such work for more than half of a day or shift must be paid the special rate for the whole day or shift.

- (xi) Sanitary Works
  - (A) An Employee working in a sanitary works must be paid 2.0% of the standard rate per hour extra.
- (xii) Boiler Repairs
  - (A) An Employee working on repairs to smoke-boxes, fire-boxes, furnaces or flues of boilers must be paid 2.1% of the standard rate per hour extra.
  - (B) An Employee engaged on repairs to oil fired boilers, including the castings, uptakes and funnels, or flues and smoke stacks must be paid 7.4% of the standard rate per hour extra while working inside such a boiler.
- (xiii) Underground Mine Work
  - (A) A Manufacturing or Fabrication Electrician working underground in a mine will be paid 12% extra. Generally, an Electrician working in a mine site will be Employed in accordance with the Mining Industry Stream under this Agreement.
- (xiv) Explosive Powered Tools
  - (A) An Employee required to use explosive powered tools must be paid 7.5% of the Standard rate per day extra. Where an hourly rate is required, it is calculated by dividing the rate by 7.6.
- (xv) Ships in Dock
  - (A) An Employee working under a ship in a dock or slipway must be paid 2.1% of the standard rate per hour extra when working on the removal and/or bolting up of plates or in burning-off on those portions of a ship where the height from the dock or shipway floor to the hull of the ship is less than 1.4 metres.
- (xvi) Installing or Repairing Belting Underground in Mines
  - (A) A Manufacturing or Fabrication Employee required to install or repair any type of belting underground in mines must be paid 1.5% of the standard rate per hour extra. Generally, an Employee working in a mine site will be Employed in accordance with the Mining Industry Stream under this Agreement.

(xvii) Loading and Unloading Away from Employer's Premises

- (A) An Employee who is engaged in loading and/or unloading operations at wharves or railway yards elsewhere than on the Employer's premises must be paid 37.6% of the standard rate per shift or part thereof extra.

(d) Transfers, Travelling and Working Away From Usual Place of Work

- (i) Excess travelling and Fares - An Employee required to start and/or finish work at a job away from the Employer's usual workplace must be paid:

(A) travelling time for all time reasonably spent by the Employee in reaching and/or returning from the job which is in excess of the time normally spent by the Employee in travelling between the Employee's usual residence and the Employee's usual workplace; and

(B) any fares reasonably incurred by the Employee or which would have been incurred by the Employee had the Employee not used their own means of transport, which are in excess of those normally incurred in travelling between the Employee's residence and the Employee's usual workplace, provided that if the Employee used their own means of transport then excess fares need not be paid where the Employee has an arrangement with their Employer for a regular allowance.

- (ii) Engagement of Labour Away From Workshops

(A) Subject to clause 3.6.1(d)(ii)(B), the Employer is free to engage labour on the site of a job carried on away from the workshop, without payment for any travelling time or fares, unless such Employee is sent from the workshop.

(B) If an Employee engaged for the erection of a job had previously been engaged by the same Employer in the fabrication of the job in a workshop they must be paid fares in excess of those incurred in travelling to and from the workshop.

- (iii) Distant Work

(A) An Employee required to remain temporarily away from the Employee's usual residence because the Employee is working temporarily in a locality away from the Employee's usual workplace must be paid travelling time for necessary travel between the locality and the Employee's usual workplace and expenses.

(B) After each four week period on distant work an Employee is entitled to be paid for a return fare reasonably incurred for personal travel between the locality and the Employee's usual residence, unless such distant work is inherent in the normal work of the Employee.

(iv) Transfer Involving Change of Residence

(A) An Employee:

- engaged in one locality to work in another; or
- sent other than at his or her own request, from his or her usual locality to another for employment which can reasonably be regarded as permanent;

involving a change in residence will be paid travelling time whilst necessarily travelling between such localities and expenses for a period not exceeding three months or in cases where the Employee is in the process of buying a place of residence in the new locality for a period not exceeding six months. Provided that such expenses will cease after the Employee has taken up permanent residence or abode at the new location.

(v) Travel Time Payment

(A) The rate of pay for travelling time is ordinary time and on Sundays and public holidays is time and a half.

(B) The maximum travelling time to be paid for is 12 hours out of every 24 hours or, when a sleeping berth is provided by the Employer for all-night travel, eight hours out of every 24 hours.

(iv) Expenses - for the purposes of clause 3.6.1(d), means:

(A) all fares reasonably incurred;

(B) reasonable expenses incurred while travelling including \$12.58 for each meal taken; and

(C) a reasonable allowance to cover the cost incurred for board and lodging.

(e) Training Costs

(i) Any costs associated with standard fees for prescribed courses and prescribed textbooks (excluding those textbooks which are available in the Employer's technical library) incurred by an Employee in connection with training agreed to by the Employer must be reimbursed by the Employer on the production of evidence of such expenditure by the Employee, provided that reimbursement may be

on an annual basis subject to the presentation of reports of satisfactory progress.

- (ii) Travel costs incurred by an Employee undertaking training agreed to by the Employer, which exceed those normally incurred in travelling to and from work, must be reimbursed by the Employer.

### 3.6.2 Mining Industry Stream Allowances

- (a) Allowances are all purpose allowances only if expressly stated in this clause 3.6 2- Mining Industry Stream Allowances. Where an Employee is paid by the hour, the allowance will be 1/38th of the weekly allowance.

- (b) Allowances for responsibilities or skills that are not taken into account in rates of pay

- (i) Leading Hand

- (A) A Leading Hand as appointed by the Employer, must be paid a weekly allowance of:

<b>In Charge of:</b>	<b>% of Standard Rate</b>
3 to 10 Employees	4.40
11 to 20 Employees	5.60
More than 20 Employees	7.53

- (ii) First Aid Allowance

- (A) An Employee who holds first aid qualifications from St John Ambulance or an equivalent body, and who is appointed by the Employer to participate in the emergency response team or otherwise to perform first aid duty, will be paid a first aid payment of 2% of the standard rate per week.

- (iii) Licence Allowance - Electricians

- (A) An Employee who is required by their Employer to hold an Electrical Technicians licence (or equivalent) will be paid an all purpose allowance of 4.55% of the standard rate per week.

- (iv) Rail Allowance

- (A) Rail Allowance is not applicable to this Agreement.

- (c) Allowances for disabilities associated with the performance of particular tasks or work in particular conditions or locations

- (i) Industry allowance



- (A) Mining Employees will be paid an all purpose industry allowance of 3.7% of the standard rate per week.
  - (B) The industry allowance recognises and is in payment for all aspects of work in the industry, including but not limited to the location and nature of mining operations, clothing, dirt, wet, height, fumes, heat, cold, confined space, and all other disabilities not expressly dealt with under this clause.
- (ii) Blank
- (iii) Underground Allowance
  - (A) Employees, other than Employees classified as underground miners, whilst required by their Employer to work underground will be paid an allowance of 7% per hour calculated by reference to the standard rate.
- (iv) Drilling, Prospecting and Exploration Allowance
  - (A) The following allowances apply only to Employees who are required to perform drilling, prospecting and exploration duties.
  - (B) Drilling, prospecting and exploration duties are not part of this Agreement.
- (d) Reimbursement and Expense Related Allowances
  - (i) Meal Allowance for Overtime Work
    - (A) An Employee will be paid a meal allowance of \$14.49 on each occasion that the Employee is entitled to a rest break during overtime work, provided that an allowance is not required to be paid if the Employer provides a meal or meal-making facilities or if the Employee was notified no later than the previous day or shift that the Employee would be required to work the overtime.
  - (ii) Tool Allowance
    - (A) An Employee who is required by the Employer to supply and maintain tools ordinarily required in the performance of work will be paid an allowance of \$14.65 per week.

### 3.6.3 Building and Construction Stream Allowances

(a) Expense Related Allowance

(i) Tool and Employee Protection Allowance

(A) A tool allowance must be paid for all purposes of the Agreement in accordance with the following table:

<b>Classification</b>	<b>Tool allowance \$ per week</b>
Artificial stoneworker, carpenter and/or joiner, carpenter-diver, carver, bridge and wharf carpenter, floor sander, letter cutter, marble and slate worker, stonemason or tilelayer	28.13
Caster, fixer, floorlayer specialist or plasterer	23.23
Bricklayer	19.95
Roof tiler, slate-ridger or roof fixer, tradespersons in the metals and engineering construction	14.72
Signwriter, painter or glazier	6.76

(B) The above allowance does not include the provision of the following tools or protective equipment. Where the following tools or protective equipment are provided by the Employee then the Employee must be reimbursed for the cost of such tools or protective equipment by the Employer, or alternatively the Employer may elect to provide such tools or protective equipment (a tradesperson will replace or pay for any tools supplied by their Employer if lost through their negligence):

(AA) Bricklayers:

- scutch comb;
- hammers (excepting mash and brick hammers);
- rubber mallets; and/or
- T squares.

(BB) Carpenters and joiners:

- dogs and cramps of all descriptions;
- bars of all descriptions;
- augers of all sizes;
- star bits and bits not ordinarily used in a brace;
- hammers, except claw hammers;
- glue pots and glue brushes,
- dowell plates;
- trammels;
- hand and thumb screws;
- spanners; and/or
- soldering irons.

(CC) Stonemasons:

- all cutting tools, except mash hammers, squares, pitching tools and straight edges up to four feet (1.2 metres) in length. On completion of engagement the cost of having all cutting tools sharpened; and/or
- jet sprays or some other suitable device for keeping the stone wet when using pneumatic surfacing machines and lathes.

(DD) Plasterers:

- all floating rules, trammels, centres, buckets and sieves. Stands for plasterers' mortar boards not less than 76 centimetres from the ground or where practicable and safe from a scaffold level; and/or
- overalls and the approved brush and roller to perform the work when required to brush on to walls and ceilings, bondcrete, plasterweld or similar substances.

(EE) Civil construction Employees:

- waterproof protective clothing required by an Employee for particular tasks being performed;
- gloves, overalls, basil aprons and other appropriate protective clothing for Employees using toxic substances, bitumen, tar, green timber, second-hand timber or bricks;
- a light coat or jacket with high visibility red markings for Employees engaged on road work and/or railway work where traffic is not excluded by the use of continuous barriers or fences; and/or
- adequate detergents and solvents for the removal of excessive dirt, bitumen, emulsions, paint and similar substances from the Employee's person.

Mess personnel will be reimbursed for the cost of purchasing at least three sets of appropriate clothing which will be laundered and maintained by the Employer. These items will include shorts, shirts, trousers, aprons and caps. The provisions of this subclause do not apply where the items of clothing are provided free of charge by the Employer. The items will remain the property of the Employer.

(FF) All Building and Construction Employees:

- all power tools and steel tapes over six metres;
- gloves and hand protective paste for Employees engaged in handling hot bitumen, creosote, oiled formwork, refractory repair work and in washing down brickwork;

- protective clothing for Employees required to use muriatic acid;
- suitable material and/or coloured glass for the protection of Employees working on oxyacetylene or electric arc welding;
- suitable screens to protect Employees from flash where electric arc operators are working;
- gas masks for Employees engaged upon work where gas is present; and/or
- hand protective paste for any painter, signwriter, plasterer or glazier who requires its use.

(GG) All Employees other than refractory bricklayers

- Where Employees are required either by the Employer or by legislation to wear steel toe capped safety boots the Employer will reimburse Employees for the cost of purchasing such boots on commencement of work. Boots will be replaced subject to fair wear and tear and approved by the Employer.

(C) An Employee required to use toxic substances covered by clause 3.6.3(c)(ii)(I) – Toxic Substances(I) in surroundings where there is an absence of adequate natural ventilation must be provided with:

- (AA) an approved type of respirator and/or an approved type of hood with airline attached;
- (BB) protective clothing as approved by the relevant safety authority;
- (CC) soap and washing materials;
- (DD) pneumatic rubber tyred wheelbarrow for loads of bricks and materials;
- (EE) overalls where necessary, when bricklayers are engaged on work covered by clauses 3.6.3(c)(ii)(M) and 3.6.3(c)(ii)(N).

(D) This Agreement does not provide for Refractory Bricklayers

(ii) Meal Allowance

- (A) An Employee required to work overtime for at least one and a half hours after working ordinary hours inclusive of time worked for accrual purposes as prescribed in clauses 6.2 – Shift Work, or clause 9.1 – Annual Leave, must be paid by the Employer an amount of \$13.41 to meet the cost of a meal.
- (B) This subclause will not apply to an Employee who is provided with reasonable board and lodging or who is receiving a distant job allowance as provided for in clause 3.6.3(e) – Living Away From Home – Distant Work, and is provided with a suitable meal.

(C) An operator Employee will be entitled to be paid \$13.41 for each meal after the completion of each four hours from the commencement of overtime.

(iii) Compensation for Clothes and Tools

(A) An Employee whose clothes, spectacles, hearing aids or tools have been accidentally spoilt by acid, sulphur or other deleterious substances, fire, molten metal or corrosive substances, must be paid such amount to cover the loss suffered by the Employee as may be agreed upon between the Employee and the Employer.

(B) An Employee must be reimbursed by the Employer to a maximum of \$1630.00 for loss of tools or clothes by fire or breaking and entering whilst securely stored at the Employer's direction in a room or building on the Employer's premises, job or workshop or if the tools are lost or stolen while being transported by the Employee at the Employer's direction, or if the tools are accidentally lost over water or if tools are lost or stolen during an Employee's absence after leaving the job because of injury or illness, or where the Employee does not report for work because of illness or accident and has advised the Employer of such absence.

(C) An Employee transporting the Employee's own tools must take all reasonable care to protect those tools and prevent theft or loss.

(D) When the Employer requires an Employee to wear spectacles with toughened glass lenses the Employer must pay the cost of the toughening process.

(E) For the purposes of this clause:

(AA) only tools used by the Employee in the course of their employment will be covered by this clause;

(BB) the Employee will, if requested to do so, furnish the Employer with a list of tools so used;

(CC) reimbursement will be at the current replacement value of new tools of the same or comparable quality; and

(DD) the Employee will report any theft to the police prior to making a claim on the Employer for replacement of stolen tools.

(b) Site and general Wage Related Allowances

(i) Special Allowance

(A) Employees must be paid a special allowance (all purpose) of \$7.70 per week to compensate for the following matters:

(AA) excess travelling time incurred by Employees in the on-site building and construction industry; and

- (BB) the removal of loadings from the various building Awards in this industry.
- (B) This allowance will not be adjusted.

(ii) Industry Allowance

- (A) In addition to the rates prescribed in clause 3.3.5(a) – Prescribed Minimum Rates, a Building and Construction Employee must be paid an all purpose allowance at the rate of 3.7% of the weekly standard rate per week to compensate for the following disabilities associated with construction work:
- (AA) climatic conditions when working in the open on all types of work;
  - (BB) the physical disadvantage of having to climb stairs or ladders;
  - (CC) the disability of dust blowing in the wind, brick dust and drippings from newly poured concrete;
  - (DD) sloppy and muddy conditions associated with the initial stages of the erection of a building;
  - (EE) the disability of working on all types of scaffolds or ladders, other than a swing scaffold, suspended scaffold, or a bosun's chair;
  - (FF) the lack of the usual amenities associated with factory work, (e.g. meal rooms, change rooms, lockers).

(iii) Underground Allowance

- (A) An Employee, other than an Employee in an Operator classification, who is required to work underground must be paid an all purpose (additional allowance) of 1.8% of the weekly standard rate per week for all purposes of this Agreement in addition to the allowance prescribed in clause 3.6.3(b)(ii).
- (B) Provided that an Employee required to work underground for no more than four days or shifts in any ordinary week must be paid an additional 0.4% of the weekly standard rate per day or shift and in addition the allowance prescribed in clause 3.6.3(b)(ii).
- (C) Where a shaft is to be sunk to a depth greater than six metres, the payment of the underground allowance will commence from the surface.
- (D) These allowances will not be payable to Employees engaged upon pot and drive work at a depth of 3.5 metres or less.

(iv) Multistorey Allowance

- (A) For the purposes of this Agreement a multistorey building means a building which will, when complete, consists five or more storey levels.
- (B) Building and Construction Employees under this Agreement may not work on structures as defined in clause 3.6.3(b)(iv)(A).

- (C) Should the Employer require a Building and Construction Employee to work on a structure as defined in clause 3.6.3(b)(iv)(A), then the Employees who are working on the multistorey building will be paid the applicable Multistorey Allowance in accordance with clause 21.4 of the Building and Construction General On-site Award 2010 [MA000020].
  
- (v) Laser Operation Allowance
  - (A) Application
    - (AA) This subclause applies when laser equipment is utilised for work within the scope of this Agreement.
  - (B) Definitions
    - (AA) Laser means any device excepting a Class 1 device which can be made to produce or amplify electromagnetic radiation in the wave length range from 100 nanometres to one millimetre primarily by the process of controlled stimulation emission.
    - (BB) Laser safety officer or LSO is an Employee who in addition to the Employees ordinary work is qualified to perform duties associated with laser safety and is appointed as such.
  
- (vi) Laser safety officer allowance
  - (A) An Employee appointed by the Employer to carry out the duties of a laser safety officer must be paid an additional 13.4% of the hourly standard rate per day or part thereof whilst carrying out such duties, paid as a flat amount without attracting any premium or penalty.
  
- (vii) Carpenter-diver allowance
  - (A) Employees undertaking work normally performed by a carpenter-diver must be paid an additional 4.5% of the hourly standard rate per hour extra which will be regarded as part of the wage rates for all purposes of this Agreement.
  
- (viii) Refractory Bricklaying Allowance
  - (A) Refractory brick laying/work is not a feature of this Agreement.
  
- (ix) Cofferdam worker
  - (A) Not under air pressure—Employees must be paid an additional 1.7% of the weekly standard rate extra per week;
  - (B) Under air pressure—as agreed to between the Employer and Employees.



(x) First aid allowance

(A) An Employee who:

(AA) is appointed by the Employer to be responsible for carrying out first aid duties as they may arise;

(BB) holds a recognised first aid qualification (as set out hereunder) from the Australian Red Cross Society, St John Ambulance or similar body;

(CC) is required by their Employer to hold a qualification at that level;

(DD) the qualification satisfies the relevant statutory requirement pertaining to the provision of first aid services at the particular location where the Employee is engaged; and

(EE) those duties are in addition to the Employees normal duties, recognising what first aid duties encompass by definition;

will be paid at the following additional rates to compensate that person for the additional responsibilities, skill obtained, and time spent acquiring the relevant qualifications:

(FF) an Employee who holds the minimum qualifications recognised under the relevant State or Territory Occupational Health and Safety legislation (or, in Western Australia, a Senior First Aid certificate of Industrial First Aid certificate or equivalent qualification from the St John Ambulance Association or similar body)—0.36% of the weekly standard rate per day; or

(GG) an Employee who holds a higher first aid certificate recognised under the relevant State or Territory Occupational Health and Safety legislation (or, in Western Australia, a Senior First Aid certificate or Industrial First Aid certificate or equivalent qualification from the St John Ambulance Association or similar body)—0.57% of the weekly standard rate per day.

(B) An Employee will be paid only for the level of qualification required by their Employer to be held, and there will be no double counting for Employees who hold more than one qualification.

(xi) Air-conditioning industry and refrigeration industry allowances

(A) In addition to the appropriate minimum wage prescribed in clause 3.3.5(a), an air-conditioning tradesperson and a refrigeration mechanic must be paid a weekly all purpose allowance of 7.9% of the weekly standard rate as compensation for the various disabilities and peculiarities associated with on-site air-conditioning work or on-site refrigeration work.

- (B) An Employee in receipt of this allowance will not be entitled to special rates in:
- clause 3.6.3(c)(ii)(A) - Insulation;
  - clause 3.6.3(c)(ii)(B) – Hot Work;
  - clause 3.6.3(c)(ii)(C) – Cold Work;
  - clause 3.6.3(c)(ii)(D) – Confined Space;
  - clause 3.6.3(c)(ii)(G) – Wet Work;
  - clause 3.6.3(c)(ii)(H) – Dirty Work;
  - clause 3.6.3(c)(ii)(L) – Asbestos Eradication; and
  - clause 3.6.3(c)(ii)(Q) – Height Work.

(xii) Electrician's licence allowance

(A) An Employee engaged and working as an electrical tradesperson and who holds an appropriate electrician's licence must be paid a weekly allowance of 3.2% of the weekly standard rate for all purposes of this Agreement.

(B) An appropriate electrician's licence for the purpose of this subclause will be:

- New South Wales—a NSW Electrician's Licence;
- Victoria—an A Grade Electrician's Licence;
- South Australia—an A Grade Electrical Worker's Licence;
- Tasmania—an A Grade Electrician's Licence; and
- Queensland—an Electrical Mechanic's or Electrical Fitter/Mechanic's Licence.

(xiii) In charge of plant

(A) In charge of plant means:

(AA) when two or more Employees are Employed at the plant at the one time, the Employee who is invested with the superintendence and responsibility or who has to accept the superintendence and responsibility;

(BB) an Employee who is invested with the superintendence and responsibility or who has to accept the superintendence and responsibility over one or more other Employees;

(CC) when the Employee is the only person of that class Employed on the plant the Employee who does the general repair work of the plant in addition to the work of operating, but not when the Employee merely assists a fitter or engineer to do such work; or

(DD) where shifts are worked, the Employee who is directed to carry out the general repair work of the plant in addition to the work of operating, but not when the Employee merely assists a fitter or engineer to do such work.

(B) An Employee who is in charge of plant must be paid an additional 4.7% of the weekly standard rate per week.

- (c) Special Rates –Building and Construction Stream
  - (i) Conditions in respect of special rates
    - (A) To avoid doubt, the Special Rates are allowances for **the purpose of clause 1.12.1(a)(iv)**.
    - (B) The special rates prescribed in this Agreement must be paid irrespective of the times at which work is performed and will not, except where specified, be subject to any premium or penalty conditions.
    - (C) This limitation does not apply to the all purpose special rates prescribed in clause 3.6.3(c)(ii)(M) and clause 3.6.3(c)(ii)(N).
    - (D) Where more than one of the special rates provides payments for disabilities of substantially the same nature, then only the highest of such rates will be payable unless otherwise provided.
    - (E) The special rates must be paid to Employees in addition to the other rates in this Agreement.
  - (ii) Special Rates Applicable to all Buildings and Construction Employees
    - (A) Insulation
      - (AA) An Employee handling charcoal, pumice, granulated cork, silicate of cotton, insulwool, slag wool, limpet fibre, vermiculite, or other recognised insulating material of a like nature, associated with similar disabilities in its use, must be paid an additional 4.0% of the hourly standard rate per hour or part thereof. This extra rate will also apply to an Employee working in the immediate vicinity who is affected by the use of such materials.
    - (B) Hot work
      - (AA) An Employee who works in a place where the temperature has been raised by artificial means to between 46 degrees and 54 degrees Celsius must be paid an additional 3.2% of the hourly standard rate per hour or part thereof. In temperatures exceeding 54 degrees Celsius, an Employee must be paid an additional 4.0% of the hourly standard rate per hour or part thereof.
      - (BB) Where such work continues for more than two hours, the Employee will be entitled to 20 minutes rest after every two hours work without loss of pay, not including the special rate provided by this subclause.
    - (C) Cold work
      - (AA) An Employee who works in a place where the temperature is lowered by artificial means to less than 0 degrees Celsius must be paid an additional 3.2% of the hourly standard rate per hour. Where such work continues for more than two hours, the Employee will be entitled to 20 minutes rest after every two hours work without loss of pay, not including the special rate provided by this subclause.

- (D) Confined space
- (AA) An Employee required to work in a confined space must be paid an additional 4.0% of the hourly standard rate per hour or part thereof.
- (BB) Confined space means a place the dimensions or nature of which necessitate working in a cramped position or without sufficient ventilation.

- (E) Swing scaffold
- (AA) An Employee required to work from any type of swing scaffold or any scaffold suspended by rope or cable, bosun's chair, or a suspended scaffold requiring the use of steel or iron hooks or angle irons must be paid the appropriate allowance set out below corresponding to the storey level at which the anchors or bracing, from which the stage is suspended, have been erected. The allowance must be paid for a minimum of four hours' work or part thereof until construction work has been completed.

Height of bracing	First four hours % of the hourly standard rate	Each additional hour % of the hourly standard rate
0–15 storeys	23.3	4.8
16–30 storeys	30.1	6.3
31–45 storeys	35.6	7.2
46–60 storeys	58.3	12.0
greater than 60 storeys	74.3	15.4

- (BB) An apprentice with less than two years' experience must not use a swing scaffold or bosun's chair, and further provided that solid plasterers when working off a swing scaffold must receive an additional 0.7% of the hourly standard rate per hour.
- (CC) Payments contained in this subclause are in recognition of the disabilities associated with the use of swing scaffolds.
- (DD) For the purposes of this clause:
- **completed** means the building is fully functional and all work which is part of the principal contract is complete;
  - **storeys** will be given the same meaning as a storey level in clause 3.6.3(b)(iv) – Multistorey Allowance.
- (F) Explosive powered tools
- (AA) An operator of explosive powered tools, who is required to use an explosive powered tool, must be paid an additional 7.6% of the hourly standard rate for each day on which the Employee uses such a tool.

- (G) Wet work  
(AA) An Employee working in any place where water is continually dripping such that clothing and boots become wet, or where there is water underfoot, must be paid an additional 3.2% of the hourly standard rate per hour whilst so engaged.
- (H) Dirty work  
(AA) An Employee engaged on unusually dirty work must be paid an additional 3.2% of the hourly standard rate per hour.
- (I) Toxic substances  
(AA) Employees using toxic substances or materials of a like nature must be paid an additional 4.0% of the hourly standard rate per hour. Employees working in close proximity to Employees so engaged must be paid an additional 3.2% of the hourly standard rate per hour.  
(BB) Toxic substances include epoxy based materials and all materials which include or require the addition of a catalyst hardener and reactive additives and include a two pack catalyst system.
- (J) Fumes  
(AA) An Employee required to work in a place where fumes of sulphur or other acid or other offensive fumes are present must be paid an allowance which will be such rates as are agreed upon between the Employee or the majority of Employees and the Employer.
- (K) Asbestos  
(AA) Employees required to wear protective equipment (i.e. combination overalls and breathing equipment or similar apparatus) as part of the necessary safeguards as required by the appropriate occupational health authority for the use of materials containing asbestos or to work in close proximity to Employees using such materials, must be paid an additional 4.0% of the hourly standard rate per hour whilst wearing such equipment.
- (L) Asbestos eradication  
(AA) Employees engaged in the process of asbestos eradication (defined as work on or about buildings involving the removal or any other method of neutralisation of any materials which consist of or contain asbestos) on the performance of work within the scope of this Agreement, must receive an additional 10.8% of the hourly standard rate per hour worked, but will not be paid special rates prescribed in this clause with the exception of:
- Clause 3.6.3(c)(ii)(B) – Hot Work;
  - Clause 3.6.3(c)(ii)(C) – Cold Work;
  - Clause 3.6.3(c)(ii)(E) – Swing Scaffold;

- Clause 3.6.3(c)(iii)(D) – Plaster of Composition Spray;
  - Clause 3.6.3(c)(iii)(H) – Second Hand Timber; and
  - clause 3.6.3(c)(ii)(N) – Acid Work.
- (M) Furnace work
- (AA) An Employee engaged in the construction of, or alteration or repairs to, boilers, flues, furnaces, retorts, kilns, ovens, ladels, and similar refractory work must be paid an additional 8.5% of the hourly standard rate per hour. This additional rate will be regarded as part of the wage rate for all purposes.
- (N) Acid work
- (AA) An Employee required to work on the construction of or repairs to acid furnaces, acid stills, acid towers and all other acid resisting brickwork must be paid an additional 8.5% of the hourly standard rate per hour. This additional rate will be part of the wage rate for all purposes.
- (O) Heavy blocks—Employees laying other than standard bricks
- (AA) Employees Employed laying blocks (other than concrete blocks for plugging purposes) must be paid the following additional rates:
- where the blocks weigh over 5.5 kg and under 9 kg—3.2% of the hourly standard rate per hour;
  - where the blocks weigh 9 kg to 18 kg—5.8% of the hourly standard rate per hour;
  - where the blocks weigh over 18 kg—8.2% of the hourly standard rate per hour.
- (BB) This special rate will not apply to Employees being paid the extra rate for refractory work.
- (CC) Stonemasonry Employees not provided with mechanical means for the handling, lifting and placing of heaving blocks will be paid the rates prescribed in this clause.
- (P) Bitumen work
- (AA) An Employee handling hot bitumen or asphalt or dipping materials in creosote, must be paid an additional 4.0% of the hourly standard rate per hour.
- (Q) Height work
- (AA) An Employee, other than an Employee working on a bosun's chair or swinging stage, working on any structure at a height of more than nine metres where an adequate fixed support not less than 0.75 metres wide is not provided, must be paid an additional 2.9% of the hourly standard rate per hour. This provision does not apply in addition to the towers allowance prescribed in clause 3.6.3(c)(iii)(A) – Towers Allowance.

- (R) Suspended perimeter work platform
  - (AA) This allowance applies to Employees engaged on construction work (including renovation or refurbishment work) performed on a suspended perimeter work platform (other than a swinging stage or bosun's chair) which uses a mechanical, hydraulic or other form of propulsion (not being rope or cable suspended) to relocate the work platform at different levels on the perimeter of a building or structure. An example of this type of system includes the Lubeca Façade System.
  - (BB) The allowance payable is an additional 4.9% of the hourly standard rate per hour and is to be paid instead of swing scaffold and multistorey allowance for all Employees working on suspended perimeter work platform systems.
- (S) Employee carrying fuels, oils and greases
  - (AA) An Employee required by the Employer to carry any fuels, oils and/or greases in the Employees own vehicle for use in the Employer's plant must be paid an additional 1.4% of the weekly standard rate per day in addition to any amount payable under clause 3.6.3(f) – Fares and Travel pattern Allowance, for each day the Employee is so required by the Employer to carry such materials.
- (T) Pile driving
  - (AA) Where a mobile crane in excess of 15 tonnes is required to perform pile driving at any site or installation, or is required to be involved in the extraction process, the operator must receive an additional 2.0% of the weekly standard rate per day or part thereof.
- (U) Dual lift allowance
  - (AA) Where two or more forklifts or cranes are engaged on any lift the drivers thereof must be paid an additional 16.2% of the hourly standard rate for each day or part thereof so occupied.
- (V) Stonemasons—cutting tools
  - (AA) If cutting tools are not provided the Employer must pay an additional 0.2% of the hourly standard rate per hour.

(iii) Special Rates Applicable Only to the General Building and Construction Sector

(A) Towers allowance

(AA) An Employee working on a chimney stack, spire, tower, radio or television mast or tower, air shaft (other than above ground in a multistorey building), cooling tower, water tower or silo, where the construction exceeds 15 metres in height must be paid for all work above 15 metres, an additional 3.2% of the hourly standard rate per hour with 3.2% of the hourly standard rate per hour additional for work above each additional 15 metres.

(BB) Stonemasonry Employees not provided with mechanical means for the handling, lifting and placing of heaving blocks must be paid the rates prescribed in clause 0.

(B) Cleaning down brickwork

(AA) An Employee required to clean down bricks using acids or other corrosive substances must be paid an additional 2.9% of the hourly standard rate per hour.

(C) Bagging

(AA) Employees engaged upon bagging brick or concrete structures must be paid an additional 2.9% of the hourly standard rate per hour.

(D) Plaster or composition spray

(AA) An Employee using a plaster or composition spray must be paid an additional 3.2% of the hourly standard rate per hour whilst so engaged.

(E) Slushing

(AA) An Employee engaged in slushing must be paid an additional 3.2% of the hourly standard rate per hour.

(F) Dry polishing of tiles

(AA) Employees engaged on dry polishing of tiles where machines are used must be paid an additional 4.0% of the hourly standard rate per hour or part thereof.

(G) Cutting tiles

(AA) An Employee engaged at cutting tiles by electric saw must be paid an additional 4.0% of the hourly standard rate per hour whilst so engaged.

(H) Second-hand timber

(AA) Where, whilst working with second-hand timber, an Employee's tools are damaged by nails, dumps or other foreign matter on the timber the Employee will be entitled to an allowance of 12.6% of the hourly standard rate per day on each day upon which the Employee's tools are so damaged. No allowance will be payable under this clause unless it is reported immediately to the Employer's representative on the job in order that they may prove the claim.



- (I) Roof repairs
- (AA) Employees engaged on repairs to roofs must be paid an additional 4.0% of the hourly standard rate per hour, provided that instead of this rate roof slaters and tilers must be paid in accordance with the following:
- An Employee who works on a roof at a height of over 15 metres measured at the loading point of the tiles at ground level to the eaves, must be paid an additional 2.9% of the hourly standard rate per hour.
  - An Employee who works on a roof at a height of over 15 metres measured at the loading point of the tiles at ground level to the eaves and the pitch of which is over 35 degrees or over 40 degrees must be paid the sum of 4.0% and 5.8% of the hourly standard rate respectively, rather than the allowance in clause 3.6.3(c)(iii)(I)(AA) – Roof Repairs.
- (J) Computing quantities
- (AA) Employees who are regularly required to compute or estimate quantities of materials in respect of the work performed by other Employees must be paid an additional 23.3% of the hourly standard rate per day or part thereof. This allowance will not apply to an Employee classified as a leading hand and receiving an allowance prescribed in clause 3.6.3(g) – Leading Hands.
- (K) Grindstone allowance
- (AA) An allowance of 0.9% of the weekly standard rate per week must be paid to each carpenter or joiner where a grindstone or wheel is not made available.
- (L) Certificate allowance
- (AA) A tradesperson who is the holder of a scaffolding certificate or rigging certificate issued by the appropriate certifying authority and is required to act on that certificate whilst engaged on work requiring a certificated person must be paid an additional 3.2% of the hourly standard rate per hour.
- (BB) This allowance is not cumulative on the allowance for swing scaffolds.
- (M) Spray application—painters
- (AA) An Employee engaged on all spray applications carried out in other than a properly constructed booth, approved by the appropriate certifying authority, must be paid an additional 3.2% of the hourly standard rate per hour.
- (N) Pneumatic tool operation
- (AA) A stonemason using pneumatic tools of 2.75 kilograms or over in weight must be paid an additional 17.6% of

the hourly standard rate each day on which the Employee uses such a tool.

- (O) Bricklayer operating cutting machine  
(AA) One bricklayer on each site is to operate the cutting machine and must be paid an additional 4.0% of the hourly standard rate per hour or part thereof while so engaged.
- (P) Hydraulic hammer  
An operator of a hydraulic hammer attached to an excavator must be paid an additional 5.4% of the hourly standard rate per hour for all purposes.
- (Q) Waste Disposal  
(AA) Plant operators working in landfill and garbage tips must be paid an additional 6.7% of the hourly standard rate per hour for each hour worked with a minimum payment of three hours each day. This allowance compensates for the special disabilities associated with the offensive and obnoxious nature of the duties of solid and liquid waste and garbage disposal. The allowance will be paid for each hour the Employees are suffering the disabilities and will not form part of the ordinary wage for all purposes of this Agreement.

(iv) Special Rates Applicable Only to the Civil Construction Employees

- (A) Pipe enamelling  
(AA) An Employee engaged on the enamelling of pipe joints by hand, on-site, must be paid an additional 0.9% of the weekly standard rate per day or part thereof.
- (B) Powdered lime dust  
(AA) Employees exposed for any period greater than one hour in any shift to powdered lime dust from the spreading or mixing of powdered lime used in the stabilisation of road making material must be reimbursed the cost of purchasing the following protective clothing:
- overalls;
  - wide vision goggles;
  - respirator;
  - boots; and
  - gloves.
- (BB) The provisions of this subclause do not apply where the protective clothing is supplied by the Employer.
- (CC) In addition, the Employer must maintain at or near the work site or other place where such lime is being used, adequate facilities to enable any Employee whose skin is contaminated with lime either directly or through their ordinary clothing to wash the affected area. A supply of

barrier cream and hand cleanser must be provided for the use of any Employee required to handle powdered lime.

- (DD) Employees engaged in carrying out lime work will be obliged to wear the protective clothing supplied by the Employer.
- (EE) Each Employee exposed to powdered lime dust whilst engaged in spreading or mixing powdered lime must, during the time they are so exposed, be paid an additional 3.5% of the hourly standard rate per hour in addition to all other rates payable in this Agreement.
- (C) Sand blasting
  - (AA) An Employee required to use a sand blasting machine must be paid an additional 0.4% of the hourly standard rate per hour or part of an hour whilst so engaged.
- (D) Live sewer work
  - (AA) An Employee who works in a situation where there is direct aerial connection with a sewer through which sewerage is flowing, must be paid an additional 2.9% of the hourly standard rate per hour.
- (E) Timbering
  - (AA) Any sinker required to timber any shaft, drive or trench must be paid an additional 3.6% of the hourly standard rate per hour or part thereof.
- (F) Special work
  - (AA) A driver operating a tractor fitted with a blade and using such blade in breaking trail in heavy sidling country must be paid an additional 0.4% of the hourly standard rate per hour for each day or part of a day when so occupied.
- (G) Compressed air work
  - (AA) Employees engaged in construction work in compressed air must be paid the following special rates:

<b>Gauge reading</b>	<b>Rate per hour worked and spent in compression and decompression</b>
	<b>% of the hourly standard rate</b>
0 to 35 kPa	6.9
Over 35 and up to 65 kPa	8.7
Over 65 and up to 100 kPa	17.6
Over 100 and up to 170 kPa	35.0
Over 170 and up to 225 kPa	58.3
Over 225 and up to 275 kPa	111.7

- (H) Cutting stone

(AA) An Employee engaged at cutting stone, blocks and bricks by power saw will be paid an additional 4.0% of the hourly standard rate per hour or part thereof.

(e) Living Away From Home — Distant Work

(i) Qualification

(A) This clause operates when an Employee is Employed on construction work at such a distance from the Employee's usual place of residence or any separately maintained residence that the Employee cannot reasonably return to that place each night, provided that:

(AA) the Employee is not in receipt of relocation benefits;

(BB) the Employee is maintaining a separate place of residence to which it is not reasonable to expect the Employee to return each night; and

(CC) the Employee has provided the details of the Employee's usual place of residence, or any separately maintained address to the Employer.

(B) The Employee is not entitled to payment under this clause if the Employee has knowingly made a false statement regarding the details required to qualify for Living Away From Home Allowances.

(ii) Should an Employee qualify for Living Away From Home Allowances, then such Employees who are working away from home as defined will be paid the applicable Allowance in accordance with clause 24 of the Building and Construction General On-site Award 2010 [MA000020].

(f) Fares and Travel Patterns Allowance

(i) Employees will start and cease work on the job at the usual commencing and finishing times within which ordinary hours may be worked, and will transfer from site to site as directed by the Employer. Other than in the case of an Employee directed by the Employer to pick up and/or return other Employees to their homes, time spent by an Employee travelling from the Employee's home to the job and return outside ordinary hours will not be regarded as time worked. No travelling time payment is required except as provided for in clauses 3.6.3(b)(i), 3.6.3(e) – Travelling Expenses, 3.6.3(f)(v) – Travel Outside Radial Areas, 3.6.3(f)(vii) – Travelling Between Radial Areas and clause 6.4.3 of this Agreement. The fares and travel patterns allowance recognises travel patterns and costs peculiar to the industry, which include mobility in employment and the nature of employment on construction work.

(ii) Metropolitan radial areas

An Employee, other than an Employee in the metal and engineering construction sector who is required to commence or cease work at the Employer's workshop, yard or depot other than on a construction site, must be paid an allowance of \$16.78 per day for each day worked when Employed on construction work, at a construction site located:

- (A) within a radius of 50 kilometres of the GPO in a capital city of a State or Territory; or
  - (B) within a radius of 50 kilometres of the principal post office in a regional city or town in a State or Territory.
- (iii) Distant work
- The allowance prescribed in clause 3.6.3(f)(ii) – Metropolitan Radial Areas must be paid to Employees Employed on distant work (as defined in clause 3.6.3(e)(i) - Qualification), when the work is carried out within a radius of 50 kilometres from the place where, with the Employer's approval, the Employee is accommodated.
- (iv) Country radial areas
- (A) The Employer with a business or branch or section thereof (for the purpose of engagement) that is established in any place (other than on a construction site) outside the areas mentioned in clause 3.6.3(f)(ii), must pay their Employees the allowances prescribed in clause 3.6.3(f)(ii) for work located within a radius of 50 kilometres from the post office nearest the Employer's establishment.
  - (B) Where the Employer has an establishment in more than one such place the establishment nearest the Employee's nominated address will be used for purposes of this clause and Employees are entitled to the provisions of clause 3.6.3(f)(v) – Travel Outside Radial Areas when travelling to a job outside such radial area.
- (v) Travelling outside radial areas
- (A) Where the Employer requires an Employee to travel daily from inside one radial area mentioned in clauses 3.6.3(f)(ii), 3.6.3(f)(iii) and 3.6.3(f)(iv) to work on a construction site outside that area, the Employee will be entitled to:
    - (AA) the allowance prescribed in clause 3.6.3(f)(ii) for each day worked; and
    - (BB) payment for the time reasonably spent in travelling from the designated radial boundary to the job and return to the radial boundary; and
    - (CC) any expenses necessarily and reasonably incurred in such travel, which will be \$0.45 per kilometre where the Employee uses their own vehicle.
  - (B) The time outside ordinary working hours reasonably spent in such travel will be calculated at the ordinary hourly on-site rates to the next quarter of an hour, with a minimum payment of one half hour per day for each return journey.

- (vi) Residing outside radial areas  
An Employee whose residence is outside the radial areas prescribed in clauses 3.6.3(f)(ii), 3.6.3(f)(iii) and 3.6.3(f)(iv) and who crosses a radial boundary to travel to a construction site, will be entitled to the allowance prescribed in clause 3.6.3(f)(ii) for each day worked but not payment for the time reasonably spent in travelling from the designated radial boundary to the job and return to the radial boundary.
- (vii) Travelling between radial areas  
The provisions of clause 3.6.3(f)(v) will apply to an Employee who is required by the Employer to travel daily from one of those areas mentioned in clauses 3.6.3(f)(ii), 3.6.3(f)(iii) and 3.6.3(f)(iv) to an area, or to another area, mentioned in clauses 3.6.3(f)(ii), 3.6.3(f)(iii) and 3.6.3(f)(iv).
- (viii) Provision of transport
  - (A) No allowances, other than those prescribed in clauses 3.6.3(f)(v) and 3.6.3(f)(vii) and in the circumstances described in clause 3.6.3(f)(viii)(B), will be payable on any day on which the Employer provides or offers to provide transport free of charge from the Employee's home to the place of work and return.
  - (B) The allowance prescribed in this clause will be payable on any day for which the Employer provides a vehicle free of charge to the Employee for a purpose related to their contract of employment, and the Employee is required by the Employer to drive this vehicle from the Employee's home to their place of work and return.
- (ix) Transfer during working hours
  - (A) An Employee transferred from one site to another during working hours will be paid for the time occupied in travelling and, unless transported by the Employer, must be paid reasonable cost of fares by the most convenient public transport between such sites.
  - (B) Provided that where an Employee agrees to their Employer's request to use the Employee's own car for such a transfer, the Employee must be paid an allowance at the rate of \$0.75 per kilometre.
- (x) Daily entitlement
  - (A) The travelling allowances prescribed in this clause will be payable for:
    - (AA) any day upon which the Employee performs or reports for duty, or allocation of work; and
    - (BB) any rostered day off taken as prescribed in clauses 6.1 – Ordinary Hours of Work, and clause 6.2 - Shiftwork.
  - (B) The allowances prescribed in this subclause will be taken into account when calculating the annual leave loading.

(C) The allowances prescribed by this subclause will not be taken into account for calculating overtime, penalty rates, annual or personal/carer's leave entitlements.

(xi) Work in fabricating yard

When an Employee is required to perform prefabricated work in an open yard and is then required to erect or fix on-site, the provisions of this clause will apply.

(xii) Apprentices

(A) Apprentices will be entitled to a proportion of the allowances prescribed in clauses 3.6.3(f)(ii), 3.6.3(f)(iii) and 3.6.3(f)(iv) in accordance with the following scale:

(AA) on the first year rate—75% of amount prescribed;

(BB) on second year rate—85% of amount prescribed;

(CC) on third year rate—90% of amount prescribed;

(DD) on fourth year rate—95% of amount prescribed.

(B) Apprentices will only receive the allowances prescribed in clause 3.6.3(f)(xii)(A) for days when they attend work. They will not be paid the allowance for days they attend school. When a school-based apprentice attends off-the-job training not at the school in which they are enrolled, they will receive 25% of the allowance as prescribed in clause 3.6.3(f)(xii)(A).

(Xiii) Adjustment of living away from home—distant work and fares and travel patterns allowance

The monetary allowances prescribed in clauses 3.6.3(e) – Living Away From Home – Distant Work, and clause 3.6.3(f) – Fares and Travel Patterns Allowance, will be adjusted in accordance with clause 3.6.3(a)(iv).

(g) Leading Hands Allowance – Building and Construction Stream

(i) A person specifically appointed to be a leading hand must be paid at the rate of the undermentioned percentages of the above weekly rates of the highest classification supervised, or the Employee's own rate, whichever is the higher in accordance with the number of persons in the Employee's charge.

<b>In charge of:</b>	<b>% of the appropriate weekly rate per week</b>
1 person	2.4
2 to 5 persons	5.3
6 to 10 persons	6.7
More than 10 persons	9.0

### **3.6.4 Professional Employees Stream Allowances**

- (a) Travelling expenses and travelling time
  - (i) An Employee will be reimbursed all reasonable expenses (including accommodation, meals and out-of-pocket expenses directly related to their employment) incurred while travelling on their Employer's business. Reasonable compensation for excess travel time will be agreed upon.
- (b) Vehicle allowance
  - (i) In cases where it is mutually agreed that an Employee will be required to use their private vehicle on the Employer's business, the Employee will be paid reasonable compensation, but in no case will the Employee receive payment at a rate less than \$0.75 cents per kilometre travelled.
- (c) Equipment and special clothing
  - (i) Except where an Employee elects to provide equipment and special clothing, the Employer will provide free of cost, all such equipment and special clothing reasonably required for the adequate discharge of duties. Such equipment or clothing will remain the property of the Employer.

### **3.6.5 Support and Site Stream (Clerical/Administration) Allowances**

- (a) Transport of Employees—shiftworkers
  - (i) When an Employee working shiftwork commences or finishes work at a time other than the Employee's normal time of commencing or finishing and when reasonable means of transport is not available, the Employer will reimburse the Employee an amount equal to the cost of any transport which allows the Employee to reach the Employee's home by other means of transport, unless the Employer provides suitable transport.
- (b) Clothing and footwear
  - (i) The Employer will reimburse Employees engaged in work damaging to clothing (for example, the use, maintenance or running repairs of office machines or in the receiving and/or despatch of goods) an amount equal to the cost of uniforms and/or protective clothing, except where uniforms and/or protective clothing are provided free of charge by the Employer.



- (ii) The Employer will reimburse Employees who are constantly required to work under conditions which are wet and damaging to footwear, (e.g. on surfaces periodically hosed down or in wet or muddy conditions) an amount equal to the cost of appropriate protective footwear, except where appropriate protective footwear is provided free of charge by the Employer.
  - (iii) When an Employee is required to wear and launder a uniform any cost of the uniform must be reimbursed and the Employee must be paid \$3.55 for laundry expenses per week.
- (c) Meal allowance
  - (i) An Employee required to work for more than one and a half hours of overtime without being given 24 hours' notice after the Employee's ordinary time of ending work will be either provided with a meal or paid a meal allowance of \$13.64. Where such overtime work exceeds four hours a further meal allowance of \$10.92 will be paid.
- (d) Vehicle allowance
  - (i) An Employee required by the Employer to use the Employee's motor vehicle in the performance of duties must be paid the following allowances:
    - (A) Motor cars  
\$0.75 per kilometre with a maximum payment as for 400 kilometres per week.
    - (B) Motorcycles  
\$0.25 per kilometre with a maximum payment as for 400 kilometres per week.
  - (ii) The Employer must pay all expenses including registration, running and maintenance where the Employer provides a motor vehicle which is used by an Employee in the performance of the Employee's duties.
- (e) Living away from home allowance
  - (i) An Employee, required by the Employer to work temporarily for the Employer away from the Employee's usual place of employment, and who is required thereby to sleep away from the Employee's usual place of residence, is entitled to the following:
    - (A) the payment of an allowance to cover all fares to and from the place at which the Employer requires the Employee to work; and
    - (B) the payment of an allowance to cover all reasonable expenses incurred for board and lodging.

- (ii) The allowances referred to in this clause are not payable where the fares and the board and lodging are provided by the Employer.
  - (iii) In addition to the above, the Employee must receive payment at ordinary rates of pay for all time spent in travelling between the Employee's usual place of employment and the temporary location, such paid time not to exceed eight hours in 24 hours.
- (f) First aid allowance
  - (i) An Employee who has been trained to render first aid, is the current holder of appropriate first aid qualifications such as a certificate from St John Ambulance Australia or a similar body and is appointed by the Employer to perform first aid duty must be paid a weekly allowance of 1.5% of the standard rate.
- (g) Higher duties allowance
  - (i) An Employee, when required to perform any of the duties in a classification higher than their usual classification for more than one day must be paid at least the rate which would be applicable if such duties were performed on a permanent basis.

**3.6.6 Method of Adjusting Expense Related Allowance**

- (a) At the time of any adjustment to the standard rate, each expense related allowance will be increased by the relevant adjustment factor. The relevant adjustment factor for this purpose is the percentage movement in the applicable index figure most recently published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics since the allowance was last adjusted.
- (b) The applicable index figure is the index figure published by the Australian Bureau of Statistics for the Eight Capitals Consumer Price Index (Cat No. 6401.0), as follows:

<b>Allowance</b>	<b>Applicable Consumer Price Index Figure</b>
Tool and Employee protection allowance	Eight Capitals Consumer Price Index
Compensation for Clothes and Tools	Eight Capitals Consumer Price Index
Weekend Return Home Transport and Transporting Tools	Transport Group
Camping	Transport Group
Living Away from Home – Distant Work	Average of Food and non-alcoholic beverages, housing and transport groups
Meal Allowance	Domestic Holiday Travel and Accommodation Sub-group
Tool Allowance	Meals Out and Take-away and fast foods sub-groups
Vehicle Allowance	Tools and equipment for house and garden component of the household appliances, utensils and tools sub-group
Laundry Allowance	Private motoring sub-group
	Clothing and footwear group

**3.6.7 Accident Pay**

- (a) Accident Pay is not applicable to this Agreement.

### **3.7 PAYMENT OF WAGES**

3.7.1 Wages will be paid in arrears and the frequency of the payment of wages will be as stated in either:

- (a) the Employee's Letter of Offer of Employment; or
- (b) the Employee's Employee Assignment Form; or
- (c) a Workplace Arrangement; or
- (d) an Individual Flexibility Arrangement;

Employees will be paid their wages by means of direct credit (Electronic Funds Transfer) into an account set up by the Employee/s.

### **3.8 WAGE INCREASES DURING LIFE OF AGREEMENT**

3.8.1 The rates of pay as stated in sub-clause 3.3.3 and sub-clause 3.3.4 and sub-clause 3.3.5 and sub-clause 3.3.6 and sub-clause 3.3.7, the Employer will ensure that the base rates of pay applicable to Employees will at all times exceed by two percent (2%), the rates of pay in *Manufacturing and Associated Industries and Occupations Award 2010*, the *Mining Industry Award 2010*, or the *Building and Construction General On-site Award 2010*, or the *Professional Employees Award 2010*, or the *Clerks - Private Sector Award 2010*, as relevant to the classification of the Employee.

## **PART 4 - ENGINEERING, MANUFACTURING AND FABRICATION STREAM - HOURS OF WORK AND RELATED MATTERS**

### **4.1 ORDINARY HOURS OF WORK AND ROSTERING**

4.1.1 Maximum weekly hours and requests for flexible working arrangements are provided for in the NES.

#### **4.1.2 Ordinary hours of work—day workers**

- (a) Subject to clause 4.1.5, the ordinary hours of work for day workers are an average of 38 per week but not exceeding 152 hours in 28 days.
- (b) The ordinary hours of work may be worked on any day or all of the days of the week, Monday to Friday. The days on which ordinary hours are worked may include Saturday and Sunday subject to agreement between the Employer and the majority of Employees concerned. Agreement in this respect may also be reached between the Employer and an individual Employee.
- (c) The ordinary hours of work are to be worked continuously, except for meal breaks, at the discretion of the Employer between 6.00 am and 6.00 pm. The spread of hours (6.00 am to 6.00 pm) may be altered by up to one hour at either end of the spread, by agreement between the Employer and the majority of Employees concerned or, in appropriate circumstances, between the Employer and an individual Employee.
- (d) Any work performed outside the spread of hours must be paid for at overtime rates. However, any work performed by an Employee prior to the spread of hours which is continuous with ordinary hours for the purpose, for example, of getting the plant in a state of readiness for production work is to be regarded as part of the 38 ordinary hours of work.
- (e) Where agreement is reached in accordance with clause 4.1.2(b), the rate to be paid to a day worker for ordinary time worked between midnight on Friday and midnight on Saturday is time and a half and/or the rate to be paid to a day worker for ordinary time worked between midnight on Saturday and midnight on Sunday is double time.
- (f) A day worker required to work on a public holiday must be paid for a minimum of three hours work at the rate of double time and a half. The double time and a half rate must be paid to the Employee until the Employee is relieved from duty.
- (g) This clause 4.1.2 does not apply to an employee engaged as a casual employee.

#### **4.1.3 Ordinary hours of work—continuous shiftworkers**

- (a) Continuous shiftwork means work carried on with consecutive shifts of Employees throughout the 24 hours of each of at least six consecutive days without interruption except for breakdowns or meal breaks or due to unavoidable causes beyond the control of the Employer.
- (b) Subject to clause 4.1.3(c), the ordinary hours of continuous shiftworkers are, at the discretion of the Employer, to average 38 hours per week inclusive of meal breaks and must not exceed 152 hours in 28 consecutive days. Continuous shiftworkers are entitled to a 20 minute meal break on each shift which must be counted as time worked.
- (c) By agreement between the Employer and the majority of Employees concerned, a roster system may operate on the basis that the weekly average of 38 ordinary hours is achieved over a period which exceeds 28 consecutive days but does not exceed 12 months.
- (d) Except at the regular changeover of shifts, an Employee must not be required to work more than one shift in each 24 hours.

#### **4.1.4 Ordinary hours of work—non-continuous shiftworkers**

- (a) Subject to clause 4.1.4(b), the ordinary hours of work for non-continuous shiftworkers are an average of 38 hours per week and must not exceed 152 hours in 28 consecutive days.
- (b) By agreement between the Employer and the majority of Employees concerned, a roster system may operate on the basis that the weekly average of 38 ordinary hours is allowed over a period which exceeds 28 consecutive days but does not exceed 12 months.
- (c) The ordinary hours of work must be worked continuously, except for meal breaks, at the discretion of the Employer.
- (d) Except at changeover of shifts an Employee must not be required to work more than one shift in each 24 hours.

#### **4.1.5 Methods of arranging ordinary working hours**

- (a) Subject to the Employer's right to fix the daily hours of work for day workers from time to time within the spread of hours referred to in clause 4.1.2(c) and the Employer's right to fix the commencing and finishing time of shifts from time to time, the arrangement of ordinary working hours must be by agreement between the Employer and the majority of Employees in the enterprise or part of the enterprise concerned. This does not preclude the Employer reaching agreement with individual Employees about how their working hours are to be arranged.
- (b) The matters on which agreement may be reached include:

- (i) how the hours are to be averaged within a work cycle established in accordance with clauses 4.1.2, 4.1.3 and 4.1.4;
  - (ii) the duration of the work cycle for day workers provided that such duration does not exceed three months;
  - (iii) rosters which specify the starting and finishing times of working hours;
  - (iv) a period of notice of a rostered day off which is less than four weeks;
  - (v) substitution of rostered days off;
  - (vi) accumulation of rostered days off;
  - (vii) arrangements which allow for flexibility in relation to the taking of rostered days off; and
  - (viii) any arrangements of ordinary hours which exceed eight hours in any day.
- (c) By agreement between the Employer and the majority of Employees in the enterprise or part of the enterprise concerned, 12 hour days or shifts may be introduced subject to:
- (i) proper health monitoring procedures being introduced;
  - (ii) suitable roster arrangements being made;
  - (iii) proper supervision being provided;
  - (iv) adequate breaks being provided; and
  - (v) a trial or review process being jointly implemented by the Employer and the Employees or their representatives.
- (d) Where an Employee works on a shift other than a rostered shift, the Employee must:
- (i) if Employed on continuous work, be paid at the rate of double time; or
  - (ii) if Employed on other shiftwork, be paid at the rate of time and a half for the first three hours and double time thereafter.
- (e) Clause 4.1.5(d) does not apply when the time is worked:
- (i) by arrangement between the Employees themselves;
  - (ii) for the purposes of effecting the customary rotation of shifts; or
  - (iii) on a shift to which the Employee is transferred on short notice as an alternative to standing the Employee off in circumstances which would entitle the Employer to deduct payment in accordance with Part 3-5 of the Act.

#### **4.1.6 Daylight saving**

- (a) Where by reason of State or Territory legislation summer time is prescribed as being in advance of the standard time in that state, the length of any shift commencing before the time prescribed by the relevant legislation for the commencement of a summer time period or commencing on or before the time prescribed by the relevant legislation for the termination of a summer time period, is deemed to be the number of hours represented by the difference between the time recorded by the clock at the beginning of the

shift and the time so recorded at the end of the shift. The time of the clock in each case is to be set to the time fixed by the relevant legislation.

- (b) The terms **standard time** and **summer time** have the same meaning as in the relevant State or Territory legislation.



#### 4.1.7 Make up time

- (a) An Employee may elect, with the consent of the Employer, to work make up time under which the Employee takes time off during ordinary hours, and works those hours at a later time, during the spread of ordinary hours provided in this Agreement.
- (b) An Employee on shiftwork may elect, with the consent of their Employer, to work make up time under which the Employee takes time off during ordinary hours and works those hours at a later time, at the rate which would have been applicable to the hours taken off.

#### 4.2 SPECIAL PROVISIONS FOR SHIFTWORKERS

##### 4.2.1 For the purposes of this Agreement:

- (a) **rostered shift** means any shift of which the Employee concerned has had at least 48 hours notice;
- (b) **afternoon shift** means any shift finishing after 6.00 p.m. and at or before midnight; and
- (c) **night shift** means any shift finishing after midnight and at or before 8.00 a.m.

4.2.2 By agreement between the Employer and the majority of Employees concerned or in appropriate cases an individual Employee, the span of hours over which shifts may be worked may be altered by up to one hour at either end of the span.

##### 4.2.3 Afternoon and night shift allowances

- (a) An Employee who works on afternoon or night shift must be paid 15% extra for such shift.
- (b) An Employee who works on an afternoon or night shift which does not continue:
  - (i) for at least five successive afternoon or night shifts or six successive afternoon or night shifts in a six day workshop (where no more than eight ordinary hours are worked on each shift); or
  - (ii) for at least 38 ordinary hours (where more than eight ordinary hours are worked on each shift and the shift arrangement is in accordance with clauses 4.1.3 or 4.1.4),

must be paid for each shift 50% extra for the first three hours and 100% extra for the remaining hours.

- (c) An Employee who:

- (i) during a period of engagement on shift, works night shift only; or
- (ii) remains on night shift for a longer period than four consecutive weeks;  
or
- (iii) works on a night shift which does not rotate or alternate with another shift or with day work so as to give the Employee at least one third of their working time off night shift in each shift cycle,

must, during such engagement, period or cycle, be paid 30% extra for all time worked during ordinary working hours on such night shift.

#### **4.2.4 Rate for working on Saturday shifts**

- (a) The rate at which a shiftworker must be paid for work performed between midnight on Friday and midnight on Saturday is time and a half. The extra rate is in substitution for and not cumulative upon the shift premiums prescribed in clause 4.2.3.

#### **4.2.5 Rate for working on Sunday and public holiday shifts**

- (a) The rate at which a continuous shiftworker must be paid for work on a rostered shift the major portion of which is performed on a Sunday or public holiday is double time.
- (b) The rate at which a shiftworker, on other than continuous shiftwork, must be paid for all time worked on a Sunday is double time and on a public holiday is double time and a half.
- (c) Where shifts commence between 11.00 p.m. and midnight on a Sunday or public holiday, the time so worked before midnight does not entitle the Employee to the Sunday or public holiday rate for the shift. However, the time worked by an Employee on a shift commencing before midnight on the day preceding a Sunday or public holiday and extending into the Sunday or public holiday must be regarded as time worked on the Sunday or public holiday.
- (d) Where shifts fall partly on a holiday, the shift which has the major portion falling on the public holiday must be regarded as the holiday shift. By agreement between the Employer and the majority of Employees concerned, the shift which has the minor portion falling on the public holiday may be regarded as the holiday shift instead.
- (e) The extra rates in clause 4.2.5 are in substitution for and not cumulative upon the shift premiums prescribed in clause 4.3.3.

### **4.3 MEAL BREAKS**

- 4.3.1 An Employee must not be required to work for more than five hours without a break for a meal except in the following circumstances:

- (a) in cases where canteen or other facilities are limited to the extent that meal breaks must be staggered and as a result it is not practicable for all Employees to take a meal break within five hours, an Employee must not be required to work for more than six hours without a break for a meal break; or
- (b) by agreement between the Employer and an individual Employee or the majority of Employees in an enterprise or part of an enterprise concerned, an Employee or Employees may be required to work in excess of five hours but not more than six hours at the ordinary time rate without a meal break.

4.3.2 The time of taking a scheduled meal break or rest break by one or more Employees may be altered by the Employer if it is necessary to do so in order to meet a requirement for continuity of operations.

4.3.3 The Employer may stagger the time of taking meal and rest breaks to meet operational requirements.

4.3.4 Subject to clause 4.3.1, an Employee must work during meal breaks at the ordinary time rate whenever instructed to do so for the purpose of making good any breakdown of plant or for routine maintenance of plant which can only be done while the plant is idle.

4.3.5 Except as otherwise provided in clause 4.3—Meal Breaks and except where any alternative arrangement is entered into by agreement between the Employer and the Employee concerned, time and a half rates must be paid for all work done during meal hours and thereafter until a meal break is taken.

4.3.6 Employees engaged in the technical field of work, technical workers, tracers and draughtspersons, production planners, trainee engineers and trainee scientists must be allowed a paid 10 minute morning tea rest period at a time fixed by the Employer.

## **4.4 OVERTIME**

### **4.4.1 Payment for working overtime**

- (a) Except as provided for in clauses 4.4.1(d), 4.4.1(e), 4.4.8 and 4.4.9, for all work done outside ordinary hours on any day or shift, as defined in clauses 4.1.2, 4.1.3 and 4.1.4, the overtime rate is time and a half for the first three hours and double time thereafter until the completion of the overtime work. For a continuous shiftworker the rate for working overtime is double time.
- (b) For the purposes of clause 4.4—Overtime, **ordinary hours** means the hours worked in an enterprise, fixed in accordance with clause 4.1—Ordinary Hours of Work and Rostering.
- (c) The hourly rate, when computing overtime, is determined by dividing the appropriate weekly rate by 38, even in cases when an Employee works more than 38 ordinary hours in a week.

- (d) An Employee may elect, with the consent of the Employer, to take time off instead of payment for overtime at a time or times agreed with the Employer, provided that:
  - (i) overtime taken as time off during ordinary hours must be taken at the ordinary time rate, that is an hour for each hour worked; and
  - (ii) the Employer must, if requested by an Employee, provide payment, at the rate provided for the payment of overtime in this Agreement, for any overtime worked which has not been taken as time off instead of payment for overtime within four weeks of accrual.
- (e) When not less than 7.6 hours notice has been given to the Employer by a relief shiftworker that the relief shiftworker will be absent from work and the shiftworker whom that person should relieve is not relieved and is required to continue work on their rostered day off the unrelieved shiftworker must be paid at the rate of double time.
- (f) In computing overtime each day's work stands alone.

#### **4.4.2 Requirement to work reasonable overtime**

- (a) Subject to clause 4.4.2(b), the Employer may require an Employee to work reasonable overtime at overtime rates.
- (b) An Employee may refuse to work overtime in circumstances where the working of such overtime would result in the Employee working hours which are unreasonable having regard to:
  - (i) any risk to Employee health and safety;
  - (ii) the Employee's personal circumstances including any family responsibilities;
  - (iii) the needs of the workplace or enterprise;
  - (iv) the notice, if any, given by the Employer of the overtime and by the Employee of their intention to refuse it; and
  - (v) any other relevant matter.

#### **4.4.3 One in, all in does not apply**

- (a) The assignment of overtime by the Employer to an Employee is to be based on specific work requirements and the practice of one in, all in overtime must not apply.

#### **4.4.4 Rest period after overtime**

- (a) When overtime work is necessary it must, wherever reasonably practicable, be arranged so that an Employee has at least 10 consecutive hours off duty between the work of successive working days.

- (b) An Employee, other than a casual Employee, who works so much overtime between the termination of their ordinary hours on one day and the commencement of their ordinary hours on the next day that the Employee has not had at least 10 consecutive hours off duty between those times must, subject to the other provisions of clause 4.4.4, be released after completion of the overtime until the Employee has had 10 consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary hours occurring during such absence.
- (c) If on the instructions of the Employer an Employee resumes or continues work without having had the 10 consecutive hours off duty the Employee must be paid at the rate of double time until the Employee is released from duty for such period. The Employee is then entitled to be absent until the Employee has had 10 consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary hours occurring during the absence.
- (d) By agreement between the Employer and individual Employee, the 10 hour break provided for in clause 4.4.4 may be reduced to a period of no less than eight hours.
- (e) The provisions of clause 4.4.4 will apply in the case of a shiftworker as if eight hours were substituted for 10 hours when overtime is worked:
  - (i) for the purpose of changing shift rosters; or
  - (ii) where a shiftworker does not report for duty and a day worker or a shiftworker is required to replace the shiftworker; or
  - (iii) where a shift is worked by arrangement between the Employees themselves.

#### **4.4.5 Call back**

- (a) An Employee recalled to work overtime after leaving the Employer's enterprise, whether notified before or after leaving the enterprise, must be paid for a minimum of four hours work at the rate of time and a half for the first three hours and double time thereafter or, if a continuous shiftworker, at the rate of double time for the full period provided that:
  - (i) Where an Employee is required to regularly hold themselves in readiness for a call back they must be paid for a minimum of three hours work at the appropriate overtime rate, subject to clause 4.4.6 which deals with the conditions for standing by.
  - (ii) If the Employee is recalled on more than one occasion between the termination of their ordinary hours on one day and the commencement of their ordinary hours on the next working day they are entitled to the three or four hour minimum overtime payment provided for in clause 4.4.5 for each call back. However, in such circumstances, it is only the time which is actually worked during the previous call or calls which is to be taken into account when determining the overtime rate for subsequent calls.

- (iii) Except in the case of unforeseen circumstances arising, an Employee must not be required to work the full three or four hours as the case may be if the job they were recalled to perform is completed within a shorter period.
- (iv) Clause 4.4.5 does not apply in cases where it is customary for an Employee to return to the enterprise to perform a specific job outside the Employee's ordinary hours or where the overtime is continuous, subject to a meal break, with the commencement or completion of ordinary hours.
- (v) Overtime worked in the circumstances specified in clause 4.4.5 is not to be regarded as overtime for the purposes of clause 4.4.4 concerning rest periods after overtime, when the actual time worked is less than three hours on the call back or on each call back.

#### **4.4.6 Standing by**

- (a) Subject to any custom prevailing at an enterprise, where an Employee is required regularly to hold themselves in readiness to work after ordinary hours, the Employee must be paid standing by time at the Employee's ordinary time rate for the time they are standing by.

#### **4.4.7 Saturday work**

- (a) A day worker required to work overtime on a Saturday must be afforded at least four hours work or be paid for four hours at the rate of time and a half for the first three hours and double time thereafter, except where the overtime is continuous with overtime commenced on the previous day.

#### **4.4.8 Sunday work**

- (a) An Employee required to work overtime on a Sunday must be paid for a minimum of three hours work at double time. The double time is to be paid until the Employee is relieved from duty.

#### **4.4.9 Public holiday work**

- (a) A day worker required to work overtime on a public holiday must be paid for a minimum of three hours work at the rate of double time and a half. The double time and a half is to be paid until the Employee is relieved from duty.
- (b) A continuous shiftworker required to work overtime on a public holiday must be paid for a minimum of three hours work at the rate of double time.
- (c) A non-continuous shiftworker required to work overtime on a public holiday must be paid for a minimum of three hours work at the rate of double time and a half. The double time and a half is to be paid until the Employee is relieved from duty.

#### **4.4.10 Rest break**

- (a) An Employee working overtime must be allowed a rest break of 20 minutes without deduction of pay after each four hours of overtime worked if the Employee is to continue work after the rest break.
- (b) Where a day worker is required to work overtime on a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday or on a rostered day off, the first rest break must be paid at the Employee's ordinary time rate.
- (c) Where overtime is to be worked immediately after the completion of ordinary hours on a day or shift and the period of overtime is to be more than one and a half hours, an Employee, before starting the overtime, is entitled to a rest break of 20 minutes to be paid at the Employee's ordinary time rate.
- (d) The Employer and Employee may agree to any variation of clause 4.4.10 to meet the circumstances of the work in hand provided that the Employer is not required to make any payment in excess of or less than what would otherwise be required under clause 4.4.10.

#### **4.4.11 Meal allowance**

- (a) An Employee must be paid a meal allowance of \$12.58 on each occasion the Employee is entitled to a rest break in accordance with clause 4.4.10, except in the following circumstances:
  - (i) if the Employee is a day worker and was notified no later than the previous day that they would be required to work such overtime; or
  - (ii) if the Employee is a shiftworker and was notified no later than the previous day or previous rostered shift that they would be required to work such overtime; or
  - (iii) if the Employee lives in the same locality as the enterprise and could reasonably return home for meals; or
  - (iv) if the Employee is provided with an adequate meal by the Employer.
- (b) If an Employee has provided a meal or meals on the basis that they have been given notice to work overtime and the Employee is not required to work overtime or is required to work less than the amount advised, they must be paid the prescribed meal allowance for the meal or meals which they have provided but which are surplus.

#### **4.4.12 Transport of Employees**

- (a) When an Employee, after having worked overtime or a shift for which they have not been regularly rostered, finishes work at a time when reasonable means of transport are not available, the Employer must provide the Employee with a conveyance home, or pay the Employee at the overtime rate for the time reasonably occupied in reaching home.

## 4.5 PUBLIC HOLIDAYS

4.5.1 Public holidays are provided for in the NES.

4.5.2 Substitution of certain public holidays by agreement at the enterprise

- (a) By agreement between the Employer and the majority of Employees in the enterprise or part of the enterprise concerned, an alternative day may be taken as the public holiday instead of any of the prescribed days.
- (b) An Employer and an individual Employee may agree to the Employee taking another day as the public holiday instead of the day which is being observed as the public holiday in the enterprise or part of the enterprise concerned.

4.5.3 Rostered day off falling on public holiday

- (a) Except as provided for in clauses 4.5.3(b) and 4.5.3(c) and except where the rostered day off falls on a Saturday or a Sunday, where a full-time Employee's ordinary hours of work are structured to include a day off and such day off falls on a public holiday, the Employee is entitled, at the discretion of the Employer, to either:
  - (i) 7.6 hours of pay at the ordinary time rate; or
  - (ii) 7.6 hours of extra annual leave; or
  - (iii) a substitute day off on an alternative week day.
- (b) Where an Employee has credited time accumulated by a day off coinciding with pay day, then such credited time should not be taken as a day off on a public holiday.
- (c) If an Employee is rostered to take credited time accumulated being absent from work under an averaging system, as a day off on a week day and such week day is prescribed as a public holiday after the Employee was given notice of the day off, then the Employer must allow the Employee to take the time off on an alternative week day.
- (d) Clauses 4.5.3(b) and 4.5.3(c) do not apply in relation to days off which are specified in an Employee's regular roster or pattern of ordinary hours as clause 4.5.3(a) applies to such days off.



## **PART 5 – MINING INDUSTRY STREAM - HOURS OF WORK AND RELATED MATTERS**

### **5.1 ORDINARY HOURS OF WORK**

4.1.1 A full-time Employee's ordinary hours of work will be an average of 38 hours per week. The ordinary hours of part-time will be in accordance with clause 2.1.4 and the ordinary hours of casual Employees will be in accordance with clause 2.1.6.

#### **5.1.2 Employees other than shiftworkers**

- (a) Subject to clause 5.1.2(c) Employees, other than shiftworkers, may be required to work up to 10 ordinary hours per day, between the hours of 6.00 am and 6.00 pm, Monday to Sunday.
- (b) The Employer may agree with a majority of affected Employees to alter the spread of hours in clause 5.1.2(a) and/or to increase the ordinary hours per day to a maximum of 12.
- (c) Where Employees were required to work 12 hour shifts under roster and working hours arrangements which were in place before 1 January 2010 those arrangements may continue to operate in respect to both existing Employees and new Employees.

#### **5.1.3 Shiftworkers**

- (a) Subject to clause 5.1.3(c) shiftworkers may be required to work a shift of up to 10 consecutive ordinary hours (including meal breaks). Shiftwork may be worked on any or all days of the week.
- (b) The Employer may agree with a majority of affected Employees to alter the spread of hours in clause 5.1.3(a) and/or to increase the ordinary hours per day to a maximum of 12.
- (c) Where Employees were required to work 12 hour shifts under roster and working hours arrangements which were in place before 1 January 2010 those arrangements may continue to operate in respect to both existing Employees and new Employees.

#### **5.1.4 Special arrangements for cycle work**

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of this Agreement, the following arrangements apply to Employees who are required to undertake a work cycle:
  - (i) Employees may be engaged to work on a work cycle made up of working and non-working days. The total ordinary hours of work during a work cycle must not exceed 38 hours multiplied by the total

number of working (on-duty period) and non-working (off-duty period) days in the cycle divided by seven.

- (ii) The on-duty period commences at the time the Employee reports to the point designated by the Employer for commencement of work at the workplace. The off-duty period commences at the conclusion of the Employee's last rostered shift.

## **5.2 MAXIMUM WEEKLY HOURS**

5.2.1 This clause of the Agreement provides industry specific detail and supplements the NES which deals with maximum weekly hours.

5.2.2 For the purposes of the NES an Employee's weekly hours may be averaged over a period of up to 26 weeks.

## **5.3 OVERTIME AND PENALTY RATES**

### **5.3.1 Overtime payments—Employees other than continuous shiftworkers**

- (a) Except where provided otherwise in this clause, an Employee (other than a continuous shiftworker) will be paid the following additional payments for all work done in addition to their ordinary hours:
  - (i) 50% of the ordinary hourly base rate of pay for the first three hours and 100% of ordinary hourly base rate of pay thereafter, for overtime worked from Monday until noon Saturday;
  - (ii) 100% of the ordinary hourly base rate of pay for overtime worked after noon on a Saturday or at any time on a Sunday; and
  - (iii) 150% of the ordinary hourly base rate of pay for overtime worked on a public holiday.
- (b) An Employee recalled to work overtime after leaving the Employer's premises (whether notified before or after leaving the premises) will be engaged to work for a minimum of four hours or will be paid for a minimum of four hours' work in circumstances where the Employee is engaged for a lesser period.

### **5.3.2 Overtime—continuous shiftworkers**

- (a) A continuous shiftworker will be paid an additional payment for all work done in addition to ordinary hours of 100% of the ordinary hourly base rate of pay.

### **5.3.3 Method of calculation**

- (a) When computing overtime payments, each day or shift worked will stand alone.
- (b) Any payments under this clause are in substitution of any other loadings or penalty rates.

#### **5.3.4 Time off instead of payment for overtime**

- (a) An Employee may elect, with the consent of the Employer, to take time off instead of payment for overtime at a time or times agreed with the Employer.
- (b) The Employee may take one hour of time off for each hour of overtime, paid at the Employee's ordinary hourly base rate of pay.

#### **5.3.5 Shiftwork penalties**

- (a) A shiftworker or continuous shiftworker whilst on afternoon shift or night shift must be paid a loading of 15% of the ordinary hourly base rate of pay.
- (b) A shiftworker or continuous shiftworker whilst on permanent night shift must be paid a loading of 30% of the ordinary hourly base rate of pay.

#### **5.3.6 Weekend work**

- (a) An Employee will be paid the following loadings for ordinary hours worked on a Saturday or Sunday:
  - (i) 50% of the ordinary hourly base rate of pay for the first three hours and 100% of ordinary hourly base rate of pay thereafter, for ordinary hours worked before noon on a Saturday; and
  - (ii) 100% of the ordinary hourly base rate of pay, for hours worked after noon on a Saturday or at any time on a Sunday.

#### **5.3.7 Public holidays**

- (a) An Employee will be paid a loading of 150% of the ordinary hourly base rate of pay, for any ordinary hours worked on a public holiday.

### **5.4 ROSTERING**

5.4.1 The Employer may vary an Employee's days of work or start and finish times to meet the needs of the business by giving at least 48 hours' notice, or such shorter period as is agreed between the Employer and an individual Employee.

5.4.2 Where an Employee is performing shiftwork, the Employer may change shift rosters or require an Employee to work a different shift roster upon 48 hours' notice. These time periods may be reduced where agreed by the Employer and the Employee or at the direction of the Employer where operational circumstances require.

5.4.3 The Employer must consult with directly affected Employees about any changes made under this clause.

#### 5.4.4 Emergency arrangements

- (a) Notwithstanding anything elsewhere contained in this clause, the Employer may vary or suspend any roster arrangement immediately in the case of an emergency.

### 5.5 BREAKS

#### 5.5.1 Meal breaks and rest breaks

- (a) An Employee, other than a shiftworker, is entitled to an unpaid meal break of not less than 30 minutes after every five hours worked.
- (b) A shiftworker working 10 hours or less will be entitled to a paid meal break of 20 minutes per shift.
- (c) A shiftworker working for longer than 10 hours will be entitled to paid meal breaks totalling 40 minutes per shift.
- (d) Breaks will be scheduled by the Employee's supervisor based upon operational requirements so as to ensure continuity of operations. The Employer will not require an Employee to work more than five hours before the first meal is taken or between subsequent meal breaks if any.

#### 5.5.2 Rest breaks during overtime

- (a) An Employee may take a paid rest break of 20 minutes after each four hours of overtime worked, if the Employee is required to continue work after the rest break.
- (b) The Employer and an Employee may agree to any variation of this clause to meet the circumstances of the workplace, provided that the Employer is not required to make any payment in excess of or less than what would otherwise be required under this clause.

#### 5.5.3 Minimum break between work on successive day or shifts

- (a) Employees other than shiftworkers
  - (i) When overtime work is necessary it must, wherever reasonably practicable, be arranged so that Employees have at least 10 consecutive hours off work between work on successive working days.
  - (ii) An Employee (other than a casual Employee) who works so much overtime between the termination of ordinary work on one day and the commencement of ordinary work on the next day that the Employee has not had at least 10 consecutive hours off work between those times must be released after completion of the overtime until

the Employee has had 10 consecutive hours off work without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence.

- (iii) If on the instructions of the Employer an Employee resumes or continues work without having had the 10 consecutive hours off work, the Employee must be paid at the relevant overtime rate until released from work for such period. The Employee is then entitled to be absent until they have had 10 consecutive hours off work without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during the absence.

(b) Shiftworkers

- (i) For shiftworkers, the required period of consecutive hours off work is eight hours. Other arrangements are as per clauses 5.5.3(a)(i) to clause 5.5.3(a)(iii) above.

## **5.6 SHIFTWORK**

5.6.1 Shiftworkers will be entitled to five weeks' annual leave in accordance with the National Employment Standards.

## **5.7 STATUTORY HOLIDAYS – (Public Holidays)**

5.7.1 Employees are entitled to public holidays in accordance with the NES.

5.7.2 Substitution of Public Holidays

- (a) The Employer and a majority of affected Employees or an individual Employee may reach agreement in writing to substitute a day or part-day for a day or part-day that would otherwise be a public holiday under terms of the NES.

## **PART 6 - BUILDING AND CONSTRUCTION STREAM - HOURS OF WORK AND RELATED MATTERS**

### **6.1 ORDINARY HOURS OF WORK**

6.1.1 Except as provided in clause 6.2 - Shiftwork, the ordinary working hours will be 38 per week, worked between 7.00 am and 6.00 pm, Monday to Friday, in accordance with the following procedure.

(a) Hours of Work

- (i) The ordinary working hours will be worked in a 20 day four week cycle, Monday to Friday inclusive, with seven point six (7.6) hours worked for each of 20 days – by mutual agreement between the Employee and Employer ordinary hours may be agreed to be worked up to ten (10) hours in a day provided that 152 hours in the four (4) weeks cycle is not exceeded.

(b) Hours of Work Part Time Employees

- (i) Notwithstanding the provisions of this clause and clause 6.2 - Shiftwork, an Employee working on a part-time basis may be paid for actual hours worked and in such instances the Employee will not be entitled to accrue time towards a rostered day off, and further provided that such Employee will not work on the rostered day off.
- (ii) The Employer and Employee may agree that the part-time Employee accrues time towards a rostered day off as provided by this clause and clause 6.2 - Shiftwork.

(c) Washing Time

- (i) The Employer will provide sufficient facilities for washing and five minutes will be allowed before lunch and before finishing time to enable Employees to wash and put away gear.

(d) Work in Compressed Air

The working hours and conditions of Employees working in compressed air will be those as from time to time prescribed in the code of the *Standards Association of Australia for work in compressed air, Part 1 Airlock Operations*.

- (e) Hours Underground - That is not Mining (Mining is provided for in Part 5 of this Agreement)
- (i) **Underground** means in any trench, shaft, drive or tunnel more than 6.1 metres (20 feet) below the surface of the ground or any drive or tunnel over 4.6 metres (15 feet) in length or where the drive or tunnel is timbered irrespective of the depth, or any live sewer more than 2.4 metres (8 feet) below the surface of the ground. Nothing in this clause will entitle a person working in a trench by pot and shot method or otherwise at a depth less than 6.1 metres (20 feet) below the surface of the ground to be paid as a miner.
- (ii) The hours of work of Employees working underground and all dependent work above the ground will begin at the whistle and end at the surface. The hours of work for underground work will be 38 per week worked in accordance with the provisions of clause 6.1(a)(i). Each day's work will include half an hour crib break and if two shifts are worked they will be worked between the hours of 6.00 am and midnight.
- (iii) A week's work will be 30 hours per week, exclusive of crib time, except in the following cases:
- miners driving tunnels with a superficial area not exceeding 12.2 metres (40 feet);
  - miners sinking shafts over 15.2 metres (50 feet) in depth; and
  - persons packing and/or scabbling in dead ends and/or boodler working.

## 6.2 SHIFTWORK

### 6.2.1 General Building and Construction (Metal and Engineering Construction is provided for in Part 4 of this Agreement)

- (a) Definitions
- (i) For the purposes of this clause:
- (A) **afternoon shift** means a shift finishing at or after 9.00 pm and at or before 11.00 pm
- (B) **night shift** means a shift finishing after 11.00 pm and at or before 7.00 am
- (C) **morning shift** means a shift finishing after 12.30 pm and at or before 2.00 pm
- (D) **early afternoon shift** means a shift finishing after 7.00 pm and before 9.00 pm.

- (b) When an Employee is Employed continuously (inclusive of public holidays) for five shifts Monday to Friday, the following rates will apply:
  - (i) afternoon and night shift—ordinary time plus 50%;
  - (ii) morning and early afternoon shifts—ordinary time plus 25%.
- (c) Where a job finishes after proceeding on shiftwork for more than five consecutive days or the Employer terminates the Employee's services during the week, the Employee must be paid at the rate specified in clause 6.2.1(b) for the time actually worked.
- (d) In the case of broken shifts (i.e. less than 38 ordinary hours worked over five consecutive shifts Monday to Friday) the rates prescribed will be ordinary time and a half for the first two hours and double ordinary time rates thereafter.
- (e) The ordinary hours of both afternoon and night shift will be eight hours daily inclusive of meal breaks. Provided that where shiftwork comprises three continuous and consecutive shifts of eight hours each per day, a crib time of 20 minutes duration will be allowed on each shift, and will be paid for as though worked. Such crib time will be instead of any other rest period or cessation of work elsewhere prescribed by this Agreement.
- (f) An Employee must be given at least 48 hours' notice of the requirement to work shiftwork.
- (g) The hours for shiftworkers, when fixed, must not be altered except for breakdowns or other causes beyond the control of the Employer, provided that notice of such alteration must be given to the Employee not later than ceasing time of the previous day shift.
- (h) For all work performed on a Saturday or Sunday, the normal rates of pay applicable to weekend overtime must apply. Provided that an ordinary night shift commencing before and extending beyond midnight Friday, will be regarded as a Friday shift.
- (i) All work in excess of shift hours, Monday to Friday, other than holidays must be paid for at double time based on the ordinary rates of pay (excluding shift rates).
- (j) The provisions of this Agreement relating to hours of work and leave will apply to Employees working shiftwork.



## 6.2.2 Civil Construction Sector

### (a) Definitions

#### (i) For the purpose of this clause:

- (A) **shiftwork** means any system of work in which operations are being continued by the employment of a group of Employees upon work on which another group had been engaged previously
- (B) **day shift** means any shift starting on or after 6.00 am and before 10.00 am
- (C) **afternoon shift** means any shift starting at or after 10.00 am and before 8.00 pm
- (D) **night shift** means any shift starting at or after 8.00 pm and before 6.00 am
- (E) **rostered shift** means a shift of which the Employee concerned has had at least 48 hours notice.

### (b) Roster

#### (i) Shifts must be worked according to a roster which will:

- (A) provide for rotation of shifts unless all the Employees concerned agree otherwise;
- (B) provide for not more than eight shifts to be worked in any nine consecutive days; and
- (C) specify the commencing and finishing times of each shift.

### (c) Ordinary Hours

- (i) The ordinary hours of work for shiftworkers will not exceed an average of 38 per week over a cycle of two, three or four weeks.
- (ii) A shift will consist of not more than eight consecutive hours inclusive of a crib time of 30 minutes which will be counted as time worked.

### (d) Paid leave

- (i) Each day of paid leave taken and any public holiday occurring during any shift cycle will be regarded as a shift worked for accrual purposes.

(d) Overtime

- (i) All time worked by a shiftworker in excess of or outside the ordinary hours (inclusive of time worked for accrual purposes), or on a shift other than a rostered shift, must be paid for at the rate of double time. Provided that this will not apply when the overtime is worked by arrangements between the Employees themselves or for the purpose of effecting the customary rotation of shifts.

(e) Shift allowances

- (i) A shiftworker whilst on afternoon or night shift other than on a Saturday, Sunday or holiday must be paid their ordinary rate plus 15%.

(k) Saturdays

- (i) Employees working shifts between midnight on Friday and midnight on Saturday must be paid at the minimum rate of time and a half for ordinary hours of work inclusive of time worked for accrual purposes as prescribed in clause 6.2.2(d).

(l) Sundays and holidays

- (i) Subject to this clause, the provisions of clause 6.6 – Public Holidays, will apply to shiftworkers. Where shifts commence between 11.00 pm and midnight on a Sunday or holiday, the time so worked before midnight will not entitle the Employee to the Sunday or holiday rate; provided that the time worked by an Employee on a shift commencing before midnight on the day preceding a Sunday or holiday and extending into a Sunday or holiday will be regarded as time worked on such Sunday or holiday. Where shifts fall partly on a Sunday or a holiday that shift, the major portion of which falls on a Sunday or a holiday, will be regarded as the Sunday or holiday shift.

(m) Five successive shifts

- (i) Shiftworkers who work on any afternoon or night shift which does not continue for at least five successive afternoons or nights will be paid at the rate of time and a half for all ordinary time occurring during such shift.

(n) Permanent night shift

- (i) An Employee who (except at their own request pursuant to clause 6.2.2(b)(i)):
- (A) during a period of engagement on shift, works night shift only; or
  - (B) remains on a night shift for a longer period than four successive weeks; or
  - (C) works on a night shift which does not rotate or alternate with another shift or with day work so as to give the Employee at least one third of their working time off night shift in each cycle;

must, during such engagement, period or cycle be paid their ordinary rate plus 30% for all time worked during ordinary working hours on such night shift.

(o) Call outs

- (i) A shiftworker called out to work after the expiration of their customary working time and after they have left work for the shift, or is called out to work on a day on which they are rostered off, must be paid for a minimum of three hours work calculated at double the ordinary prescribed rate for each time the shiftworker is called out. Provided that if called out on a public holiday, payment must be calculated at the rate prescribed in clause 6.5.9 of this Agreement.

- (p) Transport after overtime
  - (i) When a shiftworker, after having worked overtime or a shift for which they have not been regularly rostered, finishes work at a time when reasonable means of transport are not available, the Employer will provide the shiftworker with transport to their usual place of residence or to the nearest appropriate public transport.

## **6.3 MEAL BREAKS**

### **6.3.1 Meal Break – Day Workers**

- (a) There must be a cessation of work and of working time, for the purpose of a meal on each day, of no less than 30 minutes, to be taken between noon and 1.00 pm, or as otherwise agreed between the Employer and a majority of Employees, provided that an Employee must not be required to work more than five hours without a break for a meal.
- (b) Where, because of the area or location of a project, the majority of on-site Employees on the project request, and agreement is reached, the period of the meal break may be extended to not more than 45 minutes with a consequential adjustment to the daily time of finishing of work.

### **6.3.2 Meal break—shiftworkers**

- (a) At no later than five hours after the commencement of each shift there must be a cessation of work of 30 minutes duration to allow shiftworkers to take a meal break which will be counted as time worked.

### **6.3.3 Rest periods and crib time**

- (a) There must be allowed, without deduction of pay, a rest period of 10 minutes between 9.00 am and 11.00 am.
- (b) When an Employee is required to work overtime after the usual finishing time of the day or shift for two hours or more, the Employee must be allowed to take, without deduction of pay, a crib time of 20 minutes in duration immediately after such finishing time and thereafter, after each four hours of continuous work (also without deduction of pay), a crib time of 30 minutes in duration. In the event of an Employee remaining at work after the usual finishing time without taking the crib time of 20 minutes and continuing at work for a period of two hours or more, the Employee will be regarded as having worked 20 minutes more than the time worked and be paid accordingly.
- (c) For the purposes of this subclause, **usual finishing time** is at the end of ordinary hours inclusive of time worked for accrual purposes as prescribed in clauses 6.1 – Ordinary Hours of Work, and clause 6.2 - Shiftwork.

- (d) Where shiftwork comprises three continuous and consecutive shifts of eight hours per day inclusive of time worked for accrual purposes as prescribed in clauses 6.1 – Ordinary Hours of Work, and clause 6.2 - Shiftwork, a crib time of 20 minutes in duration must be allowed without deduction of pay in each shift. Such crib time in each shift will be instead of any other rest period or cessation of work elsewhere prescribed by this Agreement.
- (e) The provisions of clauses 6.7.3(b) and clause 6.7.3(d) will not be applicable to the case of an Employee who is allowed the rest periods prescribed in clauses 3.6.3(c)(ii)(B) – hot work and 3.6.3(c)(ii)(C) – cold work.

#### **6.3.4 Working with toxic materials**

- (a) Where an Employee is using toxic materials and such work continues to the Employee's meal break, the Employee will be entitled to take washing time of 10 minutes immediately prior to the meal break. Where this work continues to the finishing time of the day or is finalised at any time prior to the finishing time of the day, washing time of 10 minutes will be granted. The washing time break or breaks will be counted as time worked.

#### **6.3.4 Shaft or trench sinkers, etc.**

- (a) Where shaft or trench sinkers or timberpersons are working at a depth of over 1.8 metres and where Employees are driving at any depth in a tunnel or are engaged on similar work, the prescribed ordinary hours will include a daily crib time of 30 minutes which will be counted as time worked.

### **6.4 OVERTIME**

#### **6.4.1 Requirement to work reasonable overtime**

- (a) Except as provided in this clause, the Employer may require any Employee to work reasonable overtime.
- (b) An Employee may refuse to work overtime in circumstances where the working of such overtime would result in the Employee working hours which are unreasonable having regard to:
  - (i) any risk to Employee health and safety;
  - (ii) the Employee's personal circumstances including any family responsibilities;
  - (iii) the needs of the workplace or enterprise;
  - (iv) the notice (if any) given by the Employer of the overtime and by the Employee of their intention to refuse it; and
  - (v) any other relevant matter.

6.4.2 All time worked beyond an Employee's ordinary time of work (inclusive of time worked for accrual purposes as prescribed in clauses 6.1 – Ordinary Hours of Work,

and clause 6.2 - Shiftwork), Monday to Friday, must be paid for at the rate of time and a half for the first two hours and at double time thereafter.

- 6.4.3 An Employee recalled to work overtime after leaving the Employer's business premises (whether notified before or after leaving the premises) must be paid for a minimum of three hours' work at the appropriate rates for each time the Employee is so recalled. The Employee will not be required to work the full three hours if the job the Employee was recalled to perform is completed within a shorter period, unless unforeseen circumstances arise.
- 6.4.4 Clause 6.4.3 will not apply in cases where it is customary for an Employee to return to the Employer's premises to perform a specific job outside ordinary working hours or where the overtime is continuous (subject to a reasonable meal break) with the completion or commencement of ordinary working time.
- 6.4.5 If the Employer requires an Employee to work during the time prescribed by clause 6.3.1 for finishing of work, the Employee must be paid at the rate of double time for the period worked between the prescribed time of finishing and the beginning of the time allowed in substitution for the meal break. If the finishing time is shortened at the request of the Employee to the minimum of 30 minutes prescribed in clause 6.3.1 or to any other extent (not being less than 30 minutes) the Employer will not be required to pay more than the ordinary rates of pay for the time worked as a result of such shortening, but such time will form part of the ordinary working time of the day.
- 6.4.6 No Employee under the age of 18 years will be required to work overtime or shiftwork.
- 6.4.7 Except in an emergency, no trainee will work or be required to work overtime or shiftwork at times which would prevent the Employee's attendance at a training facility, as required by any statute, enterprise agreement, award or regulation.
- 6.4.8 When an Employee finishes work at a time when reasonable means of transport are not available, after having worked overtime and/or a shift for which the Employee has not been regularly rostered, the Employer must pay the cost of, or provide, transport to the Employee's home or to the nearest public transport.

**6.4.9 An Employee who works so much overtime:**

- (a) between the termination of the Employee's ordinary work day or shift, and the commencement of the Employee's ordinary work in the next day or shift that the Employee has not had at least 10 consecutive hours off duty between these times; or
- (b) on Saturdays, Sundays and holidays (not being ordinary working days) or on a rostered day off, without having had 10 consecutive hours off duty in the 24 hours preceding the Employee's ordinary commencing time on the next ordinary day or shift;

must be released after completion of such overtime until the Employee has had 10 hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence.

6.4.10 An Employee who has worked continuously (except for meal and crib times allowed by this Agreement) for 20 hours must not be required to continue at or commence work for at least 12 hours.

6.4.11 If, on the instructions of the Employer, an Employee resumes or continues to work without having had 10 consecutive hours off duty, the Employee must be paid at double time until the Employee is released from duty for such period and will then be entitled to be absent until the Employee has had 10 consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence.

6.4.12 The provisions of this subclause will apply in the case of shiftworkers as if eight hours were substituted for 10 hours when overtime is worked:

- (a) for the purpose of changing shift rosters; or
- (b) where a shiftworker does not report for duty and a day worker or a shiftworker is required to replace such shiftworker; or
- (c) where a shift is worked by arrangement between the Employees themselves.

6.4.13 All work performed on any of the holidays prescribed by the NES or substituted instead thereof, must be paid for at the rate of double time and a half.

6.4.14 The provisions of clauses 6.4.8 and 6.4.9 must apply in respect of work on a holiday.

6.4.15 An Employee required to work on a holiday must be afforded at least four hours' work or be paid for four hours at the appropriate rate.

6.4.16 All work performed on a Saturday or a Sunday will be paid in accordance with clause 6.5 – Penalty Rates.

## **6.5 PENALTY RATES**

6.5.1 Overtime worked on Saturday must be paid for at the rate of time and a half for the first two hours and double time thereafter, provided that all overtime worked after 12 noon on Saturday must be paid for at the rate of double time.

6.5.2 An Employee required to work overtime on a Saturday must be afforded at least three hours' work or be paid for three hours at the appropriate rate.

6.5.3 All work performed on the Saturday following Good Friday must be paid for at the rate of double time and a half.

6.5.4 An Employee required to work on the Saturday following Good Friday must be afforded at least four hours' work or be paid for four hours at the appropriate rate.

- 6.5.5 All time worked on Sundays must be paid for at the rate of double time. An Employee required to work overtime on a Sunday must be afforded at least four hours' work or be paid for four hours at the appropriate rate.
- 6.5.6 An Employee working overtime on Saturday or Sunday must be allowed a paid rest period of 10 minutes between 9.00 am and 11.00 am.
- 6.5.7 An Employee working overtime on a Saturday or working on a Sunday must be allowed a paid crib time of 20 minutes after four hours work, to be paid for at the ordinary rate of pay but this provision will not prevent any arrangements being made for the taking of a 30 minute meal period, the time in addition to the paid 20 minutes being without pay.
- 6.5.8 In the event of an Employee being required to work in excess of a further four hours, the Employee must be allowed to take a paid crib time of 30 minutes which will be paid at the ordinary rate of pay.
- 6.5.9 All work performed on public holidays, or substituted days, must be paid for at the rate of double time and a half, subject to a minimum payment for four hours' work.

## **6.6 PUBLIC HOLIDAYS**

- 6.6.1 Public holidays are provided for in the NES.
- 6.6.2 By agreement between the Employer and the majority of Employees in the relevant enterprise or section of the enterprise, an alternative day may be taken as the public holiday instead of any of days prescribed in the NES.



## **PART 7 – PROFESSIONAL EMPLOYEES STREAM - HOURS OF WORK AND RELATED MATTERS**

### **7.1 ORDINARY HOURS OF WORK AND ROSTERING**

7.1.1 For the purpose of the NES, ordinary hours of work under this Agreement are 38 per week. An Employee who by agreement with the Employer is working a regular cycle (including shorter or longer hours) must not have ordinary hours of duty which exceed an average of 38 hours per week over the cycle.

#### **7.1.2 Employers will compensate for:**

- (a) time worked regularly in excess of ordinary hours of duty;
- (b) time worked on call-backs;
- (c) time spent standing by in readiness for a call-back;
- (d) time spent carrying out professional engineering duties or professional scientific/information technology duties outside of the ordinary hours of duty over the telephone or via remote access arrangements; or
- (e) time worked on afternoon, night or weekend shifts.

#### **7.1.3 Compensation may include:**

- (a) granting special additional leave;
- (b) granting special additional remuneration;
- (c) taking this factor into account in the fixation of annual remuneration; or
- (d) granting a special allowance or loading.

Provided that, where relevant, such compensation or remuneration will include consideration of the penalty rate or equivalent and the conditions as applicable from time to time to the majority of Employees Employed in a particular establishment in which the Employee is Employed.

7.1.4 The compensation and/or remuneration will be reviewed annually to ensure that it is set at an appropriate level having regard to the factors listed in this clause.

#### **7.1.5 Transfers**

Where an Employee is transferred permanently from day work to shiftwork or from shiftwork to day work, such Employee should receive at least one month's notice. However, the Employer and the Employee may agree on a lesser period of notice.

## 7.2 PROFESSIONAL ENGINEERS UNDER THIS AGREEMENT

### 7.2.1 Qualified Engineer/s

- (a) **Experienced engineer** means a Professional engineer with the undermentioned qualifications engaged in any particular employment where the adequate discharge of any portion of the duties requires qualifications of the Employee as (or at least equal to those of) a member of Engineers Australia. The qualifications are as follows:
- (i) membership of Engineers Australia; or
  - (ii) having graduated in a four or five year course at a university recognised by Engineers Australia, four years' experience on professional engineering duties since becoming a Qualified engineer; or
  - (iii) not having so graduated, five years of such experience.
- (b) **Graduate engineer** means a person who is the holder of a university degree (four or five year course) recognised by Engineers Australia or is the holder of a degree, diploma or other testamur which:
- (i) has been issued by a technical university, an institute of technology, a European technical high school (technische hochschule) or polytechnic or other similar educational establishment; and
  - (ii) is recognised by Engineers Australia as attaining a standard similar to a university degree; and has been issued following:
    - (A) a course of not less than four years duration for a full-time course after a standard of secondary education not less than the standard of examination for matriculation to an Australian university; or
    - (B) a part-time course of sufficient duration to obtain a similar standard as a four year full-time course after a similar standard of secondary education.
- (c) **Professional engineer** means a person qualified to carry out professional engineering duties as defined. The term Professional engineer will embrace and include Graduate engineer and Experienced engineer as defined in this clause.
- (d) **Professional engineering duties** means duties carried out by a person in any particular employment, the adequate discharge of any portion of which duties requires qualifications of the Employee as (or at least equal to those of) a graduate member of Engineers Australia

### **7.3 NOTIFICATION OF CONDITIONS OF EMPLOYMENT AND RESPONSIBILITY LEVEL**

- (a) Employees engaged or Employed by the Employer covered by this Agreement must be advised in writing by the Employer of the conditions under which the Employee is to be Employed.
- (b) An Employee must on appointment and/or upon request be informed by their Employer of the responsibility level as described in clause 3.2.8 which the Employer considers relevant to the Employee's employment having regard to the duties performed by the Employee concerned.

### **7.4 EVIDENCE OF QUALIFICATIONS**

- (a) An Employee who is Employed under this Agreement or who is an applicant for employment covered by this Agreement, must if and when required to do so by the Employer, produce to the Employer written evidence that they possess or have acquired the qualifications of a Qualified engineer, Experienced engineer, Qualified scientist, Experienced scientist, Graduate information technology Employee or Experienced information technology Employee.
- (b) Where an Employee has failed to produce to the Employer written evidence that they possess or have acquired the relevant qualifications and the Employee subsequently claims to be entitled to payment at a rate prescribed by this Agreement, it will be a defence to the Employer if the Employer establishes that during the said period the Employer did not know and had no reason to believe that the Employee had acquired the qualifications of a Qualified engineer, Experienced engineer, Qualified scientist, Experienced scientist, Graduate information technology Employee or Experienced information technology Employee.

### **7.5 PROFESSIONAL DEVELOPMENT**

- (a) It is understood and accepted that it is the responsibility of the Employees to keep themselves informed of developments in their profession and to develop their professional knowledge and ability, and that it is appropriate for Employees to be encouraged to undertake self-development programs.
- (b) Where the Employee and the Employer agree that an activity be undertaken by the Employee as a component of a structured training program, the Employer will meet all costs associated with the training.

## **7.6 PUBLIC HOLIDAYS**

7.6.1 Public holidays are provided for in the NES.

7.6.2 Substitution of public holidays by agreement at the enterprise

- (a) Substitution of public holidays by majority agreement - The Employer and its Employees may agree to substitute another day for any of the prescribed days in this clause. For this purpose, the consent of the majority of the affected Employees will constitute agreement.
- (b) Substitution of public holidays by individual agreement - The Employer and individual Employee may agree to the Employee taking another day as the public holiday instead of the day which is being observed as the public holiday in the enterprise or relevant section or sections of it.

## **PART 8 – CLERICAL / ADMINISTRATION STREAM - HOURS OF WORK AND RELATED MATTERS**

### **8.1 ORDINARY HOURS OF WORK (OTHER THAN SHIFTWORKERS)**

#### **8.1.1 Weekly Hours of Work – day workers**

- (a) The ordinary hours of work for day workers are to be an average of 38 per week but not exceeding 152 hours in 28 days, or an average of 38 over the period of an agreed roster cycle.
- (b) The ordinary hours of work may be worked from 7.00 am to 7.00 pm Monday to Friday and from 7.00 am to 12.30 pm Saturday. Provided that where an Employee works in association with other classes of Employees who work ordinary hours outside the spread prescribed by this clause, the hours during which ordinary hours may be worked are as prescribed by this Enterprise Agreement applying to the majority of the Employees in the workplace.
- (c) Not more than 10 hours exclusive of meal breaks (except if paid for at overtime rates) are to be worked in any one day.

#### **8.1.2 Altering spread of hours**

- (a) The ordinary hours of work are to be worked continuously, except for meal breaks, at the discretion of the Employer. The spread of hours may be altered by up to one hour at either end of the spread, by agreement between the Employer and the majority of Employees concerned or in appropriate circumstances, between the Employer and an individual Employee.

#### **8.1.3 Notice of rostered days off**

- (a) Where an Employee is entitled to a rostered day off during the Employee's work cycle, the Employer must give the Employee four weeks' notice in advance of the weekday the Employee is to take off.

#### **8.1.4 Substitute days**

- (a) The Employer may substitute the day an Employee is to take off for another day in case of a break down in machinery or a failure or shortage of electric power or to meet the requirements of the business in the event of rush orders or some other emergency situation.
- (b) An individual Employee, with the agreement of the Employer, may substitute the day the Employee is to take off for another day.
- (c) Where the working of the 38 hour week is agreed to in accordance with this clause, an Employee and the Employer may agree to a banking system of up to a maximum of five rostered days off. An Employee would therefore work on what would normally have been the Employee's rostered day off and accrue an entitlement to bank a rostered day off to be taken at a mutually

convenient time for both the Employee and the Employer, provided not less than five days' notice is given before taking the banked rostered day(s) off.

- (d) No payments or penalty payments are to be made to Employees working under this substitute banked rostered day off. However the Employer will maintain a record of the number of rostered days banked and will apply the average pay system during the weeks when an Employee elects to take a banked rostered day off.
- (e) Employees terminating prior to taking any banked rostered day(s) off must receive one fifth of average weekly pay over the previous six months multiplied by the number of banked substitute days.
- (f) Employees who work on a rostered day off basis each 20 day cycle are entitled to 12 rostered days off in a 12 month period.

## **8.2 BREAKS**

### **8.2.1 Meal Breaks**

- (a) Subject to the provisions of clause 8.4 – Shiftwork of this Stream, a meal period of not less than 30 minutes and not more than 60 minutes must be allowed to each Employee. Such meal period must be taken not later than five hours after commencing work and after the resumption of work from a previous meal break. Employees required to work through meal breaks must be paid double time for all time so worked until a meal break is allowed.

### **8.2.2 Rest Break**

- (a) An Employee must be allowed two 10 minute rest intervals to be counted as time worked on each day that the Employee is required to work not less than eight ordinary hours. Each rest interval should be taken at a time suitable to the Employer taking into account the needs of the business. If suitable to business operations, the first rest interval should be allowed between the time of commencing work and the usual meal interval and the second rest interval should be allowed between the usual meal and the time of ceasing work for the day.
- (b) An Employee must be allowed one 10 minute rest interval to be counted as time worked on each day that the Employee is required to work more than three but less than eight ordinary hours. The rest interval should be taken at a time suitable to the Employer taking into account the needs of the business.
- (c) An Employee who works more than four hours overtime on a Saturday morning must be allowed a rest interval of 10 minutes without loss of pay between the time of commencing work and finishing work.

### **8.3 OVERTIME RATES AND PENALTIES (OTHER THAN SHIFTWORKERS)**

#### **8.3.1 Payment for working overtime**

- (a) Employees working overtime:
  - (i) within the hours fixed in clause 8.1 – Ordinary Hours of Work (other than shiftworkers), of this Agreement but in excess of the hours fixed for an ordinary week's work; or
  - (ii) outside the hours fixed in clause 8.1 of this Agreement;

must be paid time and a half for the first two hours and double time thereafter calculated on a daily basis.
- (b) For the purposes of this clause hours fixed for an ordinary week's work means the hours of work fixed in an establishment in accordance with clause 8.1 of this Agreement or varied in accordance with the relevant clauses of this Agreement.
- (c) For the purposes of administering the provisions contained in this clause, the minimum period for which an Employee must be paid overtime is one half hour per week.
- (d) An Employee who works 38 hours Monday to Friday must be paid a minimum of three hours at overtime rates for work performed on a Saturday, provided that such Employee is ready, willing and available to work such overtime.

#### **8.3.2 Payment for working Saturdays and Sundays**

- (a) Work within the spread of ordinary hours on Saturday will be paid at the rate of time and a quarter.
- (b) All work done on a Sunday must be paid for at the rate of double time.
- (c) An Employee required to work on a Sunday is entitled to not less than four hours' pay at penalty rates provided the Employee is available for work for four hours.

#### **8.3.3 Rest Period After Overtime**

- (a) When overtime work is necessary it must wherever reasonably practicable, be so arranged that Employees have at least 10 consecutive hours off duty between the work of successive days.

- (b) An Employee (other than a casual Employee) who works so much overtime between the termination of the Employee's ordinary work on one day and the commencement of the Employee's ordinary work on the next day that the Employee has not had at least 10 consecutive hours off duty between those times must, subject to this clause, be released after completion of such overtime until the Employee has had 10 consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence.
- (c) If on the instructions of the Employer such an Employee resumes or continues work without having had such 10 consecutive hours off duty the Employee must be paid at double the ordinary time rate of pay until the Employee is released from duty for such period and the Employee is then entitled to be absent until the Employee has had 10 consecutive hours off duty without loss of pay for ordinary working time occurring during such absence.
- (d) Overtime worked in the circumstances specified in clause 8.3.4 must not be regarded as overtime for the purpose of this clause.
- (e) The provisions of this clause apply in the case of shiftworkers as if eight hours were substituted for 10 hours when overtime is worked:
  - (i) for the purposes of changing shift rosters;
  - (ii) where a shiftworker does not report for duty and a day worker or a shiftworker is required to replace such shiftworker; or
  - (iii) where a shift is worked by arrangement between the Employees themselves.
- (f) When an Employee has not substituted nor banked the rostered day off and therefore works overtime on the rostered day off, the rate of pay must be calculated in accordance with the provisions of clause 8.3.1.

#### **8.3.4 Return to Duty**

- (a) Where an Employee is required to return to duty after the usual finishing hour of work for that day the Employee must be paid at the overtime rates prescribed in clause 8.3.1(a) but must receive a minimum payment as for three hours' work. Provided that this clause does not apply where the work is continuous (subject to a meal break of not more than one hour) with the completion or commencement of ordinary working time.

#### **8.3.5 Time Off Instead of Overtime**

- (a) An Employee may elect, with the consent of the Employer, to take time off instead of payment for overtime that would otherwise be payable under this clause at a time or times agreed with the Employer.
- (b) Overtime taken as time off during ordinary time hours must be taken at the ordinary time rate that is an hour for each hour worked.



- (c) The Employer must, if requested by an Employee, provide payment, at the rate provided for the payment of overtime in the Agreement, for any overtime worked under this clause where such time has not been taken within four weeks of accrual.

### **8.3.6 Make-up Time**

- (a) An Employee may elect, with the consent of the Employer, to work 'make-up time' under which the Employee takes time off during ordinary hours, and works those hours at a later time, during the spread of ordinary hours provided in the Agreement.

## **8.4 SHIFTWORK (CLERICAL/ADMIN)**

### **5.4.1 Definitions**

- (a) In this clause:
  - (i) **Afternoon shift** means any shift finishing after 6.00 pm and at or before midnight.
  - (ii) **Night shift** means any shift finishing after midnight, and at or before 8.00 am.
  - (iii) **Permanent night shift** means a night shift which does not rotate with another shift or shifts or day work and which continues for a period of not less than four consecutive weeks.

### **8.4.2 Altering span of hours**

- (a) By agreement between the Employer and the majority of Employees concerned or in appropriate cases an individual Employee, the span of hours over which shifts may be worked may be altered by up to one hour at either end of the span.

### **8.4.3 Ordinary hours of work**

- (a) The ordinary hours of work for shiftworkers are to be an average of 38 hours per week and must not exceed 152 hours in 28 consecutive days.
- (b) By agreement between the Employer and the majority of Employees concerned, a roster system may operate on the basis that the weekly average of 38 ordinary hours is allowed over a period which exceeds 28 consecutive days but does not exceed 12 months.
- (a) Not more than 10 ordinary hours are to be worked in any one day.

#### **8.4.4 Hours, shift allowances, special rates, meal interval**

- (a) Notwithstanding any other provisions of this Agreement an Employee may be Employed on shifts, in which case the ordinary hours for a week's work are to be 38, and must be performed in shifts not exceeding six shifts of 10 hours each. A Sunday may be included.
- (b) Times of beginning and ending the shift of an Employee may in any case be varied by agreement between the Employer and the Employee or in the absence of agreement may be varied by at least one week's notice given by the Employer to the Employee.
- (c) A shiftworker Employed on an afternoon shift or a night shift must, for work done during the ordinary hours of any such shift, be paid ordinary rates plus an additional 15% for afternoon or night shift, or an additional 30% for a permanent night shift.
- (b) A shiftworker whose ordinary working period includes a Saturday, a Sunday or a public holiday (as prescribed in Division 10 of the NES) as an ordinary working day must be paid at the rate of time and a half for such ordinary time as occurs on such Saturday, Sunday or public holiday.
- (e) Where ordinary shift hours commence between 11.00 pm and midnight on a Sunday or public holiday, the ordinary time so worked before midnight does not entitle the shiftworker to the Sunday or public holiday rate. Provided that the ordinary time worked by a shiftworker on a shift commencing before midnight on the day preceding a Sunday or public holiday and extending into a Sunday or public holiday is regarded as ordinary time worked on such Sunday or public holiday.
- (f) Twenty minutes must be allowed to a shiftworker for a meal during each shift before the expiration of five hours. Such meal break must be counted as time worked.

#### **8.4.5 Overtime**

- (a) A shiftworker for all time worked:
  - (i) in excess of the ordinary weekly hours fixed in this clause must be paid time and a half for the first three hours and double time thereafter; or
  - (ii) in excess of ordinary daily hours on an ordinary shift must be paid time and a half for the first two hours and double time thereafter.
- (b) Clause 8.3.5 – Time Off Instead of Overtime and clause 8.3.6 – Make-up Time, apply to shiftworkers as well as day workers.

#### **8.4.6 Work on Saturday, Sunday or Public Holiday**

- (a) A shiftworker whose ordinary working period does not include a Saturday, a Sunday or a public holiday (as prescribed in Division 10 of the NES) as an ordinary working day must, if required to work on any such day be paid double time for work done with a minimum payment of four hours at double time if the Employee is available for work during such four hours. This provision for minimum payment does not apply where the work on such day is continuous with the commencement or completion of the Employee's ordinary shift

#### **8.4.7 Special Rates Not Cumulative**

- (a) The special rates prescribed are in substitution for and not in addition to the shift allowances prescribed.

### **8.5 PUBLIC HOLIDAYS**

8.5.1 Public holidays are provided for in the NES.

8.5.2 The Employer and the Employees may by agreement substitute another day for a public holiday.

8.5.3 Work on a public holiday or a substituted day must be paid at double time and a half. Where both a public holiday and substitute day are worked public holiday penalties are payable on one of those days at the election of the Employee. An Employee required to work on a public holiday is entitled to not less than four hours pay at penalty rates provided the Employee is available to work for four hours.

## **PART 9 - LEAVE**

### **9.1 ANNUAL LEAVE**

9.1.1 Annual Leave is provided for in the NES

9.1.2 Arrangements for taking Annual Leave

- (a) Where an Employee works in a remote location or on cycle work made up of working days and non-working days, a period of paid annual leave includes working and non-working days during the period.
- (b) Where an Employee works in a remote location or on cycle work made up of working days (on-duty period) and non-working days (off-duty period), the Employer may reasonably require that:
  - (i) any period or periods of annual leave taken by the Employee must be a multiple of the on-duty period and/or off-duty period under the Employee's work cycle roster; or
  - (ii) the Employee take annual leave in accordance with the roster cycle.

9.1.3 Payment for Annual Leave and Annual Leave Loading

- (a) Engineering, Manufacturing and Fabrication stream
  - (i) Instead of the base rate of pay as referred to in s.90(1) of the Act, an Employee under this Agreement, before going on annual leave, must be paid the wages they would have received in respect of the ordinary hours the Employee would have worked had the Employee not been on leave during the relevant period.
  - (ii) Subject to clause 9.1.3(a)(iii), the wages to be paid must be worked out on the basis of what the Employee would have been paid under this Agreement for working ordinary hours during the period of annual leave, including allowances, loadings and penalties paid for all purposes of this Agreement, first aid allowance and any other wages payable under the Employee's contract of employment including any over Agreement payment.
  - (iii) The Employee is not entitled to payments in respect of overtime, special rates or any other payment which might have been payable to the Employee as a reimbursement for expenses incurred.
  - (iv) During a period of annual leave an Employee must also be paid a loading calculated on the wages prescribed in clause 9.1.3(a)(i) to (iii).
  - (v) The loading must be as follows:
    - (A) Day work  
An Employee who would have worked on day work only had they not been on leave must be paid a loading equal to 17.5% of the wages prescribed in clause 9.1.3(a)(i) to (iii) or the

relevant weekend penalty rates, whichever is the greater but not both.

(B) Shiftwork

An Employee who would have worked on shiftwork had they not been on leave must be paid a loading equal to 17.5% of the wages prescribed in clause 9.1.3(a)(i) to (iii) or the shift loading including relevant weekend penalty rates, whichever is the greater but not both.

(b) Mining Stream

(i) The amount to be paid to an Employee prior to going on leave must be worked out on the basis of the greater of:

(A) the amount the Employee would have been paid for working ordinary hours during the period of annual leave, including loadings, penalties and allowances paid for all purposes (but excluding payments in respect of overtime, or any other payment which might have been payable to the Employee as a reimbursement for expenses incurred); or

(B) the Employee's minimum rate of pay for ordinary hours under clause 3.3 – Remuneration of this Agreement plus an annual leave loading of 17.5%.

(c) Building and Construction Stream

(i) Instead of the base rate of pay as referred to in s.90(1) of the Act, an Employee under this Agreement, before going on annual leave, paid in advance where mutually agreed, the amount which the Employee would have received for working ordinary time hours if they had not been on leave.

(ii) In addition to the payment prescribed in clause 9.1.3(c)(i), the Employee must receive during a period of annual leave a loading of 17.5% calculated on the rates, loadings and allowances prescribed in Part 6 of this Agreement (minimum wages plus all purpose allowances and other allowances that are applicable to the Employee's position - industry allowance, underground allowance, tool & Employee protection allowance, living away from home - distant work, fares and patterns allowance and if applicable leading hand allowance)

(iii) Instead of the payment in respect of annual leave loading provided for in clause 9.1.3(c)(ii), an Employee who would have worked on shiftwork had they not been on leave and where the Employee would have received shift loadings prescribed by clause 6.2 - Shiftwork, had they not been on leave during the relevant period and such loadings would have entitled them to a greater amount than the loading of 17.5%, then the shift loading as prescribed in clause 6.2.2 will be included in the rate of wage prescribed by clause 9.1.3(c)(ii) instead of the 17.5% loading.

(d) Professional Employee Stream

(i) An Employee must be paid a loading calculated at the rate of 17.5% of their base rate of pay, provided that:

(A) In no case will there be an entitlement to an amount in excess of the ABS average weekly earnings for all males (Australia) for the preceding September quarter of the year preceding the year in which the date of the accrual of the annual leave falls.

(B) Where an Employee is in receipt of remuneration from their Employer which is related to their annual leave loading and which is established as being of equivalent value to or greater value than the loading provided by this clause, no further entitlement will accrue. Where the benefit is of a lesser value than equivalent value then the Employer must make up the benefit to that value.

(e) Clerical Administration Stream

(i) During a period of annual leave an Employee will receive a loading calculated on the rate of wage prescribed in clause 3.3.7 - Remuneration. Annual leave loading payment is payable on leave accrued.

(ii) The loading is as follows:

(A) Day Work - Employees who would have worked on day work only had they not been on leave—17.5% or the relevant weekend penalty rates, whichever is the greater but not both.

(B) Shiftwork - Employees who would have worked on shiftwork had they not been on leave—a loading of 17.5% or the shift loading (including relevant weekend penalty rates) whichever is the greater but not both.

9.1.4 Definition of a Shiftworker (for the purpose of the additional week provided for in the NES)

(a) Engineering, Manufacturing and Fabricating

(i) For the purpose of the additional week of annual leave provided for in s.87(1)(b) of the Act, a shiftworker is a seven day shiftworker who is regularly rostered to work on Sundays and public holidays.

(ii) Where an Employee with 12 months continuous service is engaged for part of the 12 month period as a seven day shiftworker, that Employee must have their annual leave increased by half a day for each month the Employee is continuously engaged as a seven day shiftworker.

- (b) Mining Stream
  - (i) For the purposes of the provisions of the NES which deal with annual leave, shiftworker means a continuous shiftworker.
- (c) Building and Construction
  - (i) For the purpose of the additional week of leave provided by the NES, a shiftworker means a continuous shiftworker as defined in Part 6 of this Agreement.
- (d) Professional Employee Stream
  - (i) For the purpose of the additional week of annual leave provided for in the NES, a shiftworker is a seven day shiftworker who is regularly rostered to work on Sundays and public holidays.
  - (ii) Where an Employee with 12 months' continuous service is engaged for part of the 12 monthly period as a seven day shiftworker, the Employee must have their annual leave increased by half a day for each month the Employee is continuously engaged as a seven day shiftworker.
- (e) Clerical Administration Stream
  - (i) For the purpose of the additional week of annual leave provided for in the NES, a shiftworker is a seven day shiftworker who is regularly rostered to work on Sundays and public holidays in a business in which shifts are continuously rostered 24 hours a day for seven days a week.

#### 9.1.5 Taking Annual Leave During Shut Downs

- (a) The Employer may direct an Employee to take paid annual leave during all or part of a period where the Employer shuts down the business or part of the business where the Employee works. If an Employee does not have sufficient accrued annual leave for the period of the shut down, then the Employee may be required to take leave without pay.
- (b) The Employer may allow an Employee to take annual leave either wholly or partly in advance before the leave has accrued. Where paid leave has been granted to an Employee in excess of the Employee's accrued entitlement, and the Employee subsequently leaves or is discharged from the service of the Employer before completing the required amount of service to account for the leave provided in advance, the Employer is entitled to deduct the amount of leave in advance still owing from any remuneration payable to the Employee upon termination of employment.

#### 9.1.6 Requirement to take annual Leave Not Withstanding the NES

- (a) The Employer may require an Employee to take annual leave by giving at least four weeks' notice in the following circumstances:
  - (i) as part of a close-down of its operations; or
  - (ii) where more than eight weeks' leave is accrued.

### **9.2 PERSONAL / CARERS LEAVE AND COMPASSIONATE LEAVE**

9.2.1 Personal/care's leave and compassionate leave are provided for in the NES

### **9.3 PARENTAL LEAVE**

9.3.1 Parental Leave is provided for in the NES.

### **9.4 COMMUNITY SERVICE LEAVE**

9.4.1 Community service Leave is provided for in the NES.

### **9.5 LONG SERVICE LEAVE**

9.5.1 All Employees will be entitled to Long Service Leave in accordance with the provisions of the National Employment Standards (NES).

9.5.2 Queensland Employees who receive Portable Long Service Leave entitlements in accordance with BCIP or QLeave provisions will not receive any payments from the Employer for the same period/s.

9.5.3 This Agreement allows the cashing-out of the Long Service Leave entitlement at the time when the Long Service Leave falls due, provided the Employer and Employee agree by a signed agreement and it is in accordance with the relevant State Legislation.



## **PART 10 - MISCELLANEOUS**

### **10.1 OBLIGATIONS TO THE EMPLOYER**

#### 10.1.1 Employees must not:-

- (a) engage or be engaged in any conduct or activity that may harm or adversely affect or potentially conflict with the Employer's operations, business or interests;
- (b) bring firearms or domestic animals onto any work sites. Except in the case of emergency, no hitchhikers are permitted to be carried in any Employer or any Client vehicle;
- (c) use, possess or be under the influence of alcoholic beverages or liquor, drugs or other intoxicating substances, other than for bona fide medical reasons, during work hours or when representing the Employer in the capacity as an Employee. Should the Employee be required to consume any of the above substances for bona fide medical reasons, the Employee must inform the relevant supervisor, so that an assessment can be made about the Employee's fitness to continue work;

### **10.2 DRUG AND ALCOHOL TESTING**

- 10.2.1 In accordance with Dawson & Zollner Pty Ltd Drug and Alcohol policies, the Employer reserves the right to require Employees to undertake a medical examination to test for substances which would/could affect the Employee's performance or cause the Employee to work in an unsafe manner.
- 10.2.2 Employees may be required to undertake, without limitation, random drug and alcohol testing in accordance with the Dawson & Zollner Pty Ltd Drug and Alcohol policies.
- 10.2.3 Such tests will be carried out by Dawson & Zollner Pty Ltd nominated Doctor at the Employer's expense.

PART 11 – DECLARATIONS AND SIGNATORIES

11.1 Approval of this Enterprise Agreement in accordance with s185 of the Fair Work Act 2009

**Employer Representative - Approved by and on behalf of the Employer:**

**Witness:**  
In the presence of

.....Manager.....  
[title]  
  
.....Gary Zollner.....  
[print name]  
  
.....  
[signature of Employer]  
  
323 BAYSWATER RD.  
[address]  
TOWNSVILLE QLD 4814  
[address]

Jenell Mills  
.....  
[print name of Witness]  
  
.....  
[signature of Witness]  
  
323 Bayswater road  
[address]  
TOWNSVILLE QLD 4814  
[address]

Date: 7.06.2013

Date: 7.06.2013

**Employee Representative - Approved by and on behalf of the Employees (this Employee has been duly elected to sign this Agreement on behalf of the Employees:**

**Witness:**  
In the presence of

MATHEN MULLER  
.....  
[print name of Employee]  
  
.....  
[signature of Employee]  
  
323 BAYSWATER RD  
[address]  
TOWNSVILLE QLD 4814  
[address]

Jenell Mills  
.....  
[print name of Witness]  
  
.....  
[signature of Witness]  
  
323 BAYSWATER ROAD  
[address]  
TOWNSVILLE QLD 4814  
[address]

Date: 7/6/2013

Date: 7.06.2013

Operational date. ....  
Woodfield Engineering Enterprise Agreement 2013